CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 750 g/kg CHLORSULFURON

GROUP B HERBICIDE

A selective herbicide for the control of Annual (Wimmera) Ryegrass and certain broadleaf weeds in Wheat, Barley, Oats, Cereal Rye and Triticale.

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USE

NET CONTENTS: 500g

Genfarm Crop Protection Pty Ltd

Suite 3, Level 1, 64 Talavera Road, Macquarie Park, NSW, 2113 Tel: (02) 9889 5400 Huron 750 WG Herbicide 7/09/2005

Page 2 of 12

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a well ventilated area, as cool as possible. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. Wash hands after use.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia: 131126).

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet which is available from the supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

The use of this product is beyond the control of Genfarm Crop Protection Pty Ltd. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability or efficiency for any purpose for which the buyer uses it. Genfarm Crop Protection Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility for any consequences resulting from the use of this product. Genfarm Crop Protection Pty Ltd will not be held liable for any loss, injury or damage arising from the sale, supply or use of this product, whether through negligence or otherwise. No responsibility will be accepted for any consequences whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.

Genfarm Crop Protection Pty Ltd

Suite 3, Level 1, 64 Talavera Road, Macquarie Park, NSW, 2113 Tel: (02) 9889 5400

APVMA Approval Number: 59513/500/0405

Batch No:

Date of Manufacture:

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ıron 750 WG Herbicide	Herbicide 7/09/2005	Page 4 of 12	
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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRAINTS:

DO NOT spray emerged crops if rain is expected within four hours.

After mixing in the tank, spray within 48 hours if this product is used by itself, or within 24 hours if mixed with another product.

DO NOT apply to plants suffering stress.

METHOD OF USE - PRE-SOWING INCORPORATED BY SOWING

Annual Ryegrass

			Rate g/ha Soil Type Light to Medium Heavy Soils Soils			
Crop/ Situation	Weeds Controlled	State(s)			Heavy	Critical Comments
			Soil pH			
			Less	7.0 - 8.5	8.5 or	
			than 7		less	
Wheat and	Annual (Wimmera)	NSW,	20	15 or	20	* Use the higher rate when paddock
Triticale only	Ryegrass	ACT,		20*		history suggests a high weed population
	Lolium rigidum	Vic, SA,				can be expected.
		WA only				NOTE: Refer to General Instructions for
						optimum application timing and
						conditions.

Crop/ Situation	Weeds Controlled	State(s)	Rate g/ha	Critical Comments	
Wheat and	African Turnip Weed	NSW, ACT	20		
Triticale only	Sisymbrium thellungii	and Qld only			
	Amsinckia/Yellow Burrweed	NSW, ACT,	15		
	Amsinckia spp.	Vic, SA, WA			
		only			
	Annual Phalaris	NSW, ACT	20 + 1	If possible, spray and incorporate into the soil	
	Phalaris paradoxa,	only	L/ha	in one operation. If this is not possible,	
	Phalaris minor		Trifluralin	incorporation should take place within four (4)	
	Barley grass	NSW, ACT		hours of spraying. Delay may cause inferior	
	Hordeum leporinum	and Tas only		weed control. Use only trifluralin products with	
	Silvergrass	Tas only		an active level of 400 g/L.	
	Vulpia spp.				
	Ball Mustard	SA only	15		
	Neslia puniculata	0			
	Black Bindweed/Climbing	Qld only	20	Apply to dry soil before the sowing rain.	
	Buckwheat			Mechanical incorporation before the sowing	
	Fallopia convolvulus	NOW ACT		rains is not necessary.	
	Brome grass	NSW, ACT,		Gives suppression only if populations are 20 plants/m² or less.	
	Bromus spp. (Suppression only)	Vic, SA, WA,		piants/m or less.	
	Cape Tulip	Tas only WA only	20		
	Homeria spp.	VVA Only	20		
	Capeweed	NSW, ACT,	-	On acid soils pH 5.5 or less, this product will	
	Arctotheca calendula	Vic, SA, WA,		give a shorter period of control in wet years.	
	Arctotrieca caleridala	Tas only		give a shorter period of control in wet years.	
	Charlock	Vic, SA, Tas	15		
	Sinapis arvensis	only	10		
	Common Iceplant	SA only			
	Mesembryanthemum crystallinum	<i>Gr</i> (<i>G</i> ,			
	Corn Gromwell/Sheepweed/	Qld, NSW,	20		
	White Ironweed	ACT, Vic, SA,			
	Buglossoides arvensis	WA only			
	Deadnettle	All States	15 or 20	Use the higher rate when paddock history	
	Lamium amplexicaule			suggests a high weed population can be	
	,			expected.	
	Docks	NSW, ACT,	20		
	Rumux spp.	Vic, SA, WA,			
		Tas only			
	Fat-hen	NSW, ACT,			
	Chenopodium album	Tas only			
	Fumitory	NSW, ACT,	15 or 20	Use the higher rate when paddock history	
	Fumaria spp.	Vic, SA, WA,		suggests a high weed population can be	
		Tas only		expected.	

Crop/ Situation	Weeds Controlled	State(s)	Rate g/ha	Critical Comments
Wheat and	Guildford grass/Onion grass	WA only	15	
Wheat and Triticale only	Romulea rosea	, in the second		
	Indian Hedge Mustard Sisymbrium orientale	All States		
	King Island Melilot Melilotus indicus	Vic, SA only		
	Lincoln weed	SA only		
	Diplotaxis tenuifolia			
	Loosestrife	Vic only		
	Mintweed Salvia reflexa	Qld and NSW, ACT only	20	
	Mouse-ear Chickweed	NSW, ACT,	15	
	Cerastium spp.	Vic, SA, WA, Tas only		
	New Zealand Spinach	Qld only	20	
	Tetragonia tetragonoides Paradoxa grass	Nth NSW,		Apply to dry soil before the sowing rain.
	Phalaris paradoxa	ACT		Mechanical incorporation before the sowing
	, maiane paradosia	(Soil pH >7.5) and Qld only		rains is not necessary.
	Paterson's Curse/Salvation Jane	NSW, ACT,	15	
	Echium plantagineum	Vic, SA, WA, Tas only		
	Pimpernels	NSW, ACT,	1	
	Anagallis arvensis	Vic, SA, Tas		
	Prickly Lettuce/Whip Thistle	only Vic, SA only	20	
	Lactuca serriola	•		
	Rough Poppy	NSW, ACT,	15 or 20	Use the higher rate when paddock history
	Papaver hybridum	SA, WA, Tas only		suggests a high weed population can be expected.
	Saffron Thistle	Qld, NSW,	20	
	Carthamus lanatus (Suppression	ACT, Vic, SA,		
	only)	Tas only		
	Saltbush Atriplex muelleri	Qld and NSW, ACT only		
	Shepherd's Purse	NSW, ACT,	15 or 20	Use the higher rate when paddock history
	Capsella bursa-pastoris	Vic, SA, WA, Tas only	10 01 20	suggests a high weed population can be expected.
	Slender Celery	Qld and NSW,	20	
	Apium leptophyllum	ACT only		
	Slender Thistle Carduus tenuiflorus	Tas only		
	Soursob	NSW, ACT,	15	Apply only to soils of pH 7.5 or above. Apply
	Oxalis pes-caprae	Vic, SA only	.0	after majority of Soursobs have emerged and leave soil undisturbed for 1-4 weeks prior to cultivation or sowing. The most effective and reliable control is achieved with early postemergence applications (EPE) after crop and weed emergence.
	Spear Thistle Cirsium vulgare	Tas only	20	
	Stemless Thistle Onopordum acaulon	SA only	15 or 20	Use the higher rate when paddock history suggests a high weed population can be expected.
	Storksbill/Wild Geranium	Vic, SA, WA,	15	
	Erodium spp. Three-Cornered	Tas only NSW, ACT,	20	
	Jack(s)/Doublegee/ Spiny Emex	Vic, SA, WA only	20	
	Emex australis			
	Tree Hogweed	Vic, SA only		
	Polygonum patulum Turnip weed	Qld and SA	15	
	Rapistrum rugosum	only		Harden bisk as a second
	Wireweed/Hogweed Polygonum aviculare	All States	15 or 20	Use the higher rate when paddock history suggests a high weed population can be expected.
	Wild Turnip	NSW, ACT,	15	
	Brassica tournefortii	Vic, SA, WA and Tas only		

Huron 750 WG Herbicide 7/09/2005 Page 6 of 12

METHOD OF USE - POST CROP AND WEED EMERGENCE

Annual Ryegrass

			Rate g/ha Soil Type Light to Medium Soils Heavy Soils				
Crop/ Situation	Weeds Controlled	State(s)			Light to Medium Soils		
			Soil pH				
			Less than	7.0 - 8.5	8.5 or		
			7		less		
Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale and Cereal Rye only	Annual (Wimmera) Ryegrass Lolium rigidum	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA only	20 or 25*	15 or 20*	20 or 25*	Use the higher rate under heavy weed pressure. Apply no later than the 3 leaf stage of Annual Ryegrass. Application of This product to Annual Ryegrass 2 leaf or greater with water volumes less than 50 L/ha may result in reduced efficacy.	

Crop/ Situation	Weeds Controlled	State(s)	Rate g/ha	Critical Comments
Wheat, Barley,	African Turnip weed	NSW, ACT	20	Apply at cotyledon to 4 leaf stage.
Oats, Triticale and Cereal Rye only	Sisymbrium thellungii Amsinckia/Yellow Burrweed Amsinckia spp.	and Qld only NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA	15	
	Ball Mustard	only SA only		
	Neslia puniculata Bifora/Carrot weed Cotula australis		25	
	Black Bindweed/Climbing Buckwheat Fallopia convolvulus	Qld and NSW, ACT only	20	Apply at cotyledon to 2 leaf stage of weed.
	Cape Tulip Homeria spp.	WA only		
	Charlock Sinapis arvensis	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, Tas only	15	
	Corn Gromwell/Sheepweed/ White Ironweed Buglossoides arvensis	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA only	20	Apply at cotyledon to 2 leaf stage. If applied at a later stage only suppression will occur.
	Deadnettle Lamium amplexicaule	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, Tas only	15 or 20	Use the higher rate under heavy weed pressure.
	Docks Rumux spp.	Vic, SA, WA, Tas only	15	
	Fat-hen Chenopodium album	NSW, ACT, Tas only	20	
	Fumitory, Denseflower Fumaria densiflora	NSW, AČT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only		Apply at cotyledon to 2 leaf stage.
	Guildford grass/Onion grass Romulea rosea	WA only	15	
	Hoary Cress Cardaria draba	Vic, SA, Tas only	20	Apply when plants are fully emerged.
	Lincoln weed Diplotaxis tenuifolia	SA only	20	
	Matricaria Matricaria matricoarioides	WA, Tas only		
	Mintweed Salvia reflexa	Qld and NSW, ACT only		Apply at cotyledon to 4 leaf stage.
	Mouse-ear Chickweed Cerastium spp.	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only	15	
	Mustards Sisymbrium spp.	All States		
	New Zealand Spinach Tetragonia tetragonoides	Qld only	20	
	Paterson's Curse/Salvation Jane Echium plantagineum	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only	15	
	Pimpernels Anagallis arvensis	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, Tas only		
	Prickly Lettuce/Whip Thistle Lactuca serriola Rough Poppy	Vic, Tas only NSW, ACT,	20	
	Papaver hybridum	SA, WA, Tas only		
	Saltbush Atriplex muelleri	Qld, NSW, and ACT only		Apply at cotyledon to 4 leaf stage.

Crop/Situation	Weeds Controlled	State(s)	Rate g/ha	Critical Comments
Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale and Cereal Rye only	Shepherd's Purse Capsella bursa-pastoris	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only		
	Slender Celery Apium leptophyllum	Qld, NSW and ACT only		Apply at cotyledon to 4 leaf stage.
	Soursob Oxalis pes-caprae	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA only		Apply when the majority of Soursobs have emerged.
	Spear Thistle Cirsium vulgare	Tas only		
	Stagger weed Stachys arvensis	Qld, NSW, ACT, WA, Tas only		
	Stemless Thistle Onopordum acaulon	Vic only	25	
	Storksbill/Wild Geranium Erodium spp.	Vic, SA, WA, Tas only	15	
	Tree Hogweed Polygonum patulum	Vic only	20	
	Turnip Weed Rapistrum rugosum	Qld, NSW, ACT, SA only	15	
	Wild Radish Raphanus raphanistrum	All States	15 or 20	Use the higher rate under heavy weed pressure. A follow-up spray with a suitable herbicide may be necessary to control subsequent germinations.
	Wild Turnip Brassica tournefortii	NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only	15	
	Wireweed/Hogweed Polygonum aviculare	All States	20	

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIOD: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

This product is a selective herbicide designed to control certain weeds in wheat, triticale, barley, oats and cereal rye.

This product is suitable as a pre-sowing treatment for wheat and triticale, and as a post-sowing treatment for wheat, triticale, barley, oats and cereal rye. When used on emerged weeds, the product is absorbed by foliage and green stems and moves into the root system.

Prior to using this product, careful consideration should be given to soil pH. As soil pH increases, rate of breakdown decreases. This product should not be used on soil pH 8.6 or higher as extended soil residual activity could adversely affect crop rotation options beyond normal intervals.

This product should not be used on soils with a pH of 8.6 or higher as soil residual activity could adversely affect following crops and crop rotation intervals may be extended beyond normal intervals.

Crops other than wheat, barley, oats, triticale and cereal rye can be extremely sensitive to low concentrations of this product in the soil. See Crop Rotation Recommendations.

Best weed control is obtained when rainfall or sprinkler irrigation wets the soil to a depth of 5 to 7.5 cm within 4 weeks of application.

Pre-sowing incorporated by sowing:

WA only - Avoid applying to dry sandy soils as rapid leaching may occur with early season rains.

SA only - Before using rates greater than 15 g/ha on light to medium soils pH 7 to 8.5, seek further advice.

Conventionally Sown Crops - on soils less than 7, apply a spray just before sowing or in conjunction with the sowing operation. On soils of pH of 7 or greater it is not critical to time the spray just before sowing. Spray onto a non-ridged surface free of large clods. Use low profile 10 cm combine points for sowing. Sow at speeds of 10 kph or greater. Use light covering harrows at sowing. If applied to dry soil and sowing is to be delayed, incorporate immediately after spraying to prevent loss by wind erosion.

Direct Drilled Crops - apply tank mixed with either Spray. Seed¹ or glyphosate in accordance with manufacturer's label recommendations.

Post Crop and Weed Emergence:

Where treatment is delayed or where weeds are not actively growing due to adverse conditions results may be slow to appear and weeds may be only stunted or suppressed.

Wheat, Triticale and Cereal Rye - apply after crop emergence when weeds are small and actively growing (Annual Ryegrass no more than 3 leaves, Broadleaved weeds no more than 5 cm in height or diameter (for Black Bindweed refer to specific recommendations).

Barley and Oats - apply between 2 leaf stage of crop (3 leaf stage - SA only) and early tillering when weeds are small and actively growing (Annual Ryegrass no more than 3 leaves, Broadleaved weeds no more than 5 cm in height or diameter (for Black Bindweed refer to specific recommendations).

Resistant Weeds Warning

GROUP B HERBICIDE

Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide is a member of the sulfonylurea group of herbicides. Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide has the inhibitor of the enzyme acetolactate synthase (ALS) mode of action. For weed resistance management, Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide is a Group B herbicide.

Naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide and other ALS inhibitor herbicides (Annual Ryegrass and some broadleaf weeds) are known to exist.

They can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These weeds will not be controlled by Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide or other ALS inhibitor herbicides.

Annual Ryegrass biotypes resistant to diclofop-methyl and other "grass specific" herbicides are often also resistant to Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide. Before using Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide on a population resistant to "grass specific" herbicides, have a resistance test conducted to ensure that it is still susceptible to Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Genfarm Crop Protection Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

To prevent, or at least minimise the risk of resistant weeds occurring, use Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide in tank mixes (if appropriate) and/or rotations with herbicides having different modes of action effective on the same weed species.

Large numbers of healthy surviving weeds can be an indication that resistance is developing. Efforts should be taken to prevent seed set of these survivors.

DO NOT make more than one application of an ALS inhibitor herbicide to a crop, either pre-sowing incorporated by sowing or post crop and weed emergence.

If the user suspects that an ALS inhibitor-resistant weed is present, Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide or other ALS inhibitor herbicides should not be used.

Strategies to minimise the risk of herbicide resistance are available. Consult your farm chemical supplier, consultant, local Department of Agriculture or Primary Industries.

Grazing Advice

Avoid grazing treated areas within 24 hours of application to optimize weed control.

A nil withholding period is applicable for grazing Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide treated areas (when used as directed on this label).

Crop Safety:

DO NOT use this product for:

- crops other than cereals.
- cereals irrigated by furrows or flooding.
- winter cereals undersown with legume pasture crops.
- weed control where crops are under stress. Damage can occur where crops are stressed due to conditions
 such as excessive soil alkalinity or acidity, poor nutrient status, disease, nematode or insect infestation, adverse
 weather conditions, drought or waterlogging. If crops become stressed after spraying, they may turn yellow or
 become retarded, but usually they will recover with no reduction in yield.

Huron 750 WG Herbicide	7/09/2005	Page 9 of 12	
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Wheat:

DO NOT use this product for:

- wheat varieties Cranbrook, or Miling.
- the wheat variety Vulcan if on acid soils and under stress conditions caused by waterlogging, frost, aluminium or manganese toxicity; reduced yields may result.
- pre-sowing treatment of weeds in wheat varieties Avocet and Durati (OK for post-emergent use).
- pre-sowing treatment of weeds in wheat variety Banks if soil pH is 5.5 or less (OK for post-emergent use).

Barley and Oats:

DO NOT use this product for:

- application before the crop has reached the 2-leaf stage (3-leaf stage in SA).
- Stirling barley.
- barley under waterlogged conditions (yield may be reduced).

The application of other sulfonylurea herbicides following this product is not recommended.

Crop Rotation Recommendations

Land previously treated with this product should not be rotated to other crops other than those listed in the following tables.

Tolerance of other crops (grown through to maturity) should be determined on a small scale before sowing into larger areas.

The treated areas may be replanted to any of the specified crops after the interval indicated in the following tables:-

NB - THE TABLE BELOW APPLIES TO ALL STATES

MINIM	MINIMUM RECROPPING INTERVAL (MONTHS AFTER APPLICATION)									
SOIL pH*	0	3	6	9	12	18				
6.5 or less	Triticale	Cereal Rye	Oats	Barley	Subterranean Clover**	Maize				
	Wheat				Faba Beans	Sorghum				
					Field Pea	Soybeans				
					Linseed	Sunflower				
					Lucerne					
					Lupins					
					Medics **					
					Rapeseed					
					Safflower					

NB - THE TABLES BELOW APPLY TO QId, SA, WA & Tas ONLY

MINIMUM RECROPPING INTERVAL (MONTHS AFTER APPLICATION)								
RAINFALL	0	3	9	15	18	22		
REQUIREMENT				Minimum 700 mm				
Soil pH* 6.6-7.5	Triticale Wheat	Cereal Rye	Barley Oats	Japanese Millet Maize Panicum Millet Sorghum Sunflower White French Millet	Cotton Soybean s	Faba Beans Field Pea Linseed Medics** Rapeseed Safflower Subterranean Clover**		

MINIMUM RECROPPING INTERVAL (MONTHS AFTER APPLICATION)								
RAINFALL	0	15	18	24 months or longer				
REQUIREMENT		N	Minimum of 70	00 mm				
Soil pH* 7.6-8.5	Triticale Wheat	Japanese Millet Maize Panicum Millet Sorghum Sunflowers White French Millet	Barley Oats Cereal Rye	Rotate to crops other than Cereals (such as listed above) only if field test strip of the planned rotational crop has been successfully grown through to maturity in the previous season.				
8.6 and above	This product is not recommended for use on soils of pH 8.6 and above.							

NB - THE TABLES BELOW APPLY TO NSW, ACT & Vic ONLY

	MINIMUM RECROPPING INTERVAL (MONTHS AFTER APPLICATION)								
SOIL pH*	0	3	9	22	26				
6.6 - 7.5	Triticale	Cereal Rye	Barley	Subterranean Clover**	Maize				
	Wheat		Oats	Faba Beans	Sorghum				
				Field Peas	Soybeans				
				Linseed	Sunflower				
				Lucerne					
				Lupins					
				Medics **					
				Rapeseed					
				Safflower					

MINIMUM RECROPPING INTERVAL (MONTHS AFTER APPLICATION)			
SOIL pH*	0	18	24 months or longer
7.6 - 8.5			Rotate to crops other than Cereals (such as listed above) only if field test strip of the planned rotational crop has been successfully grown through to maturity in the previous season.
8.6 and above	This product is not recommended for use on soils of pH 8.6 and above.		

- * Soil pH is to be determined by Laboratory analysis using the 1:5 soil:water suspension method.
- ** Includes natural regeneration of Subterranean clover and Medics.
- Land previously treated with this product should not be rotated to crops other than those listed in the above table.
- Tolerance of other crops (grown through to maturity) should be determined on a small scale before sowing into larger areas.

Spray Preparation

This product is a water dispersible granule.

- 1. Fill tank partially with water and engage full agitation.
- 2. Add the required amount. (N.B. The measuring flask provided is graduated in grams of Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide only. DO NOT use for measuring of other materials.)
- 3. Top up with water to the required volume.
- 4. Companion products: If applying this product with another product ensure this product has completely dissolved before adding the companion product.
- 5. Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide must be kept in suspension at all times by continuous agitation. Where prepared spray mixes have been allowed to stand, thoroughly re-agitate before using.

Use of Surfactant/Wetting Agent

For post-emergence application, always add a non-ionic surfactant (1000 gac/L) at 100 mL/100 L of final spray volume (0.1% volume/volume).

The use of spraying oils is not recommended.

NOTE: DO NOT add a surfactant/wetting agent when this product is tank mixed with another product which already has a surfactant/wetting agent in the formulation.

Ground Spraying Equipment

Use a boom spray properly calibrated to a constant speed and rate of delivery to ensure thorough coverage and a uniform spray pattern. Avoid overlapping and shut off spray booms while starting, turning, slowing or stopping as injury to the crop may result. Apply a minimum of 30 L prepared spray/ha.

Aerial Application

Apply a minimum of 20 L/ha water. Avoid spraying in still conditions and in winds likely to cause drift onto adjacent sensitive crops. Avoid spraying where drift can go onto areas likely to be sown to sensitive crops - see Crop Rotation Recommendations. Turn off spray boom whilst passing over creeks and dams.

Sprayer Cleanup

It is essential that the sprayer be properly cleaned after using this product prevent injury to crops other than wheat, triticale, barley, oats, or cereal rye. All traces of Genfarm Huron 750 WG Herbicide should be removed form equipment using the following procedure:

- 1. Drain tank, then flush tank, boom and hoses with clean water for a minimum of 10 minutes.
- 2. Fill the tank with clean water then add 300 mL household chlorine bleach (containing 4% chlorine) per 100 L of water. Flush through boom and hoses then allow to sit for 15 minutes with agitation engaged, then drain.
- 3. Repeat Step 2.
- 4. Nozzles and screens should be removed and cleaned separately. To remove traces of chlorine bleach, rinse the tank thoroughly with clean water and flush through hoses and boom.

CAUTION: DO NOT use chlorine bleach with ammonia. All traces of liquid fertiliser containing ammonia, ammonium nitrate or ammonium sulphate must be rinsed with water from the mixing and application equipment before adding chlorine bleach solution. Failure to do so will release a gas with a musty chlorine odour which can cause eye, nose, throat and lung irritation. DO NOT clean equipment in an enclosed area.

Compatibility

This product is compatible with glyphosate and paraquat. This product does not control Wild Oats, however it is compatible with Wild Oat herbicides Avadex BW¹, Mataven¹ and Puma¹ S. It is also compatible with Bromoxynil, MCPA (and Bromoxynil/MCPA mixtures), 2,4-D amine and 2,4-D ester, Lontrel ¹L, Tigrex ¹ and Jaguar ¹. This product is also compatible with trifluralin and the insecticides omethoate, dimethoate deltamethrin, fenvalerate and chlorpyrifos.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply or drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants or on areas where their roots may extend or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.

DO NOT apply under meteorological conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a well ventilated area, as cool as possible. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. Wash hands after use.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia: 131126).

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet which is available from the supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

The use of this product is beyond the control of Genfarm Crop Protection Pty Ltd. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability or efficiency for any purpose for which the buyer uses it. Genfarm Crop Protection Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility for any consequences resulting from the use of this product. Genfarm Crop Protection Pty Ltd will not be held liable for any loss, injury or damage arising from the sale, supply or use of this product, whether through negligence or otherwise. No responsibility will be accepted for any consequences whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.

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