



POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Nufarm Amicide® Advance 700 Selective Herbicide

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 700g/L 2,4-D present as the dimethylamine and monomethylamine salts

GROUP	HERBICIDE
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A non-volatile product for the control of broadleaved weeds in fallow before direct drilling or sowing of cereals and pastures; and in cereal crops, pastures, sugar cane and non-agricultural areas as per the Directions for Use.

Formulated for use with Weedmaster DST and other Nufarm glyphosate formulations

This is a PHENOXY HERBICIDE that can cause severe damage to susceptible crops such as cotton, grapes, tomatoes, oilseed crops, bananas and ornamentals.

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT

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Nufarm Australia Limited

nufarm.com.au

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Tel: (03) 9282 1000
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Contents: 5 Litres
Contents: 15 Litres
Contents: 20 Litres
Contents: 110 Litres
Contents: 200 Litres
Contents: 500 Litres
Contents: 1000 Litres

APVMA Approval No.: 66167/59290

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

QuikPour™ (15L only)

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well ventilated area out of direct sunlight. DO NOT separate inner bladder from outer carton. Single rinse or shake remainder into spray tank/water/dip/drench etc. Puncture outer carton and bladder. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available bury the empty packaging 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

(5L, 20L, 200L)

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available bury the empty packaging 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

Refillable containers: (500L, 1000L)

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

Envirodrum 110L Mini Bulk Returnable Container

Store the original sealed Envirodrum in a cool well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. DO NOT tamper with the Micro Matic valve or the security seal. DO NOT contaminate the Envirodrum with water or any foreign matter. After each use of the product, please ensure that the Micro Matic coupler, delivery system and hoses are disconnected, triple rinsed with clean water and drained accordingly. When the contents of the Envirodrum have been used, please return the empty Envirodrum to the point of purchase. The Envirodrum remains the property of Nufarm Australia Limited.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed. Will damage the eyes. Will irritate the skin. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container, mixing and loading and preparing spray, wear cotton overalls over normal clothing and a washable hat and elbow length chemical resistant gloves, goggles and a half face piece respirator. When using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls over normal clothing and a washable hat and elbow length chemical resistant gloves, and goggles. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use wash gloves, goggles, respirator and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone 13 11 26).

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), which can be obtained from your supplier or the Nufarm website – www.nufarm.com.au

In case of emergency: Phone 1800 033 498 Ask for shift supervisor. Toll free 24 hours.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

"Any provisions or rights under the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 or relevant state legislation which cannot be excluded by those statutes or by law are not intended to be excluded by these conditions of sale. Subject to the foregoing, all warranties, conditions, rights and remedies, expressed or implied under common law, statute or otherwise, in relation to the sale, supply, use or application of this product, are excluded. Nufarm Australia Limited and/or its affiliates ("Nufarm") shall not accept any liability whatsoever (including consequential loss), or howsoever arising (including negligence) for any damage, injury or death connected with the sale, supply, use or application of this product except for liability which cannot be excluded by statute."

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READ COMPLETE DIRECTIONS FOR USE BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT.

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRAINTS

DO NOT spray if rain seems likely within 6 hours.

DO NOT apply if crop or weeds are stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions.

SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS

DO NOT apply with spray droplets smaller than a **COARSE** spray droplet size category according to "APVMA Compliance Instructions for Mandatory COARSE or Larger Droplet Size Categories" located under this title in the GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS section of this label.

DO NOT apply when wind speed is less than 3 or more than 20 kilometres per hour (ground application) as measured at the application site.

DO NOT apply when wind speed is less than 3 or more than 15 kilometres per hour (aerial application) as measured at the application site.

DO NOT apply during surface temperature inversion conditions at the application site.

Users of this product **MUST make an accurate written record** of the details of each spray application within 24 hours following application and **KEEP** this record for a minimum of 2 years. The spray application details that must be recorded are: **1** date with start and finish times of application; **2** location address and paddock/s sprayed; **3** full name of this product; **4** amount of product used per hectare and number of hectares applied to; **5** crop/situation and weed/pest; **6** wind speed and direction during application; **7** air temperature and relative humidity during application; **8** nozzle brand, type, spray angle, nozzle capacity and spray system pressure measured during application; **9** name and address of person applying this product. (Additional record details may be required by the state or territory where this product is used.)

1. FIELD CROPS

REFER TO SECTION "SPRAY APPLICATIONS AND DRIFT RISK ASSESSMENT" BEFORE APPLICATION

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat Barley Cereal rye, Triticale	Refer to Weed Table	All States	500mL-1.5L/ha	Lower rate (500mL/ha); Apply from mid-tillering (Z15/Z22 crop growth stage). Higher rates (above 500mL/ha): Apply from first node (Z31) to booting (Z43) crop growth stage. DO NOT spray if Lucerne is present. DO NOT apply to undersown medics.
Oats			500mL-1.15L/ha	The wheat varieties Wyalkatchem and Ellison as well as the oat varieties Yallara, Brusher, and Mitika, have shown increased sensitivity (potential grain yield loss) to high use rates
Wheat, Barley Cereal rye, triticale	Flaxleaf fleabane (<i>Conyza bonariensis</i>)	All States	1.5 L/ha	Apply up to 6 leaf rosette stage. Apply in 70-100L water/ha.
Cereals: Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale, Cereal rye	Volunteer canola (<i>Brassica napus</i>) including Roundup Ready® varieties	All States	900mL/ha	WEED STAGE: Up to 4 leaf. CROP STAGE: 5 leaf to fully tillered.
			1.25L/ha (except oats) 1.15L/ha (oats only)	WEED STAGE: Up to 6 leaf. CROP STAGE: 5 leaf to fully tillered.
Sugar cane (Q80, Q96, & H56 varieties)	Bellvine	Qld, NSW only	250mL/100L water	Apply in Spring, using directed spray.
	Morning glory		500-980mL/ha	Apply in Summer using high clearance tractor.
	Pink Convolvulus Star of Bethlehem		980mL/ha	Apply in Autumn by aircraft.
Sugar cane	Bindy eye (Star burr), Blue top, Cobbler's pegs, Fleabanes, Jute, Leucas, Needle burr, Spear thistle, Water primrose, Ipomea vines, Convolvulus vines	Qld only	1.6-3.1L/ha	Add 60-120mL Nufarm Activator/100L of spray mixture. Agitate well. DO NOT use on Q63, Q67, Q80 or Q96 Varieties. Refer to local BSES representative for further information on local variety susceptibility.
	Chinese mint, Blue snakeweed		3.1L/ha	
Harvest Aid or Salvage Spray - Winter Cereals	Dessicate broadleaf weeds	All States	1.1-1.5L/ha	Apply after firm dough stage
Bananas	To destroy Banana suckers	Qld only	145mL/10L water	Inject at the rate of 15mL per fully grown plant, 10mL per medium sized plant and 5mL for small suckers.
			285mL/100L water	Allow suckers from corms of treated plants to form broad adult leaves, then spray. Isolated spots may require a second spray.

2. CONSERVATION TILLAGE

REFER TO SECTION "SPRAY APPLICATIONS AND DRIFT RISK ASSESSMENT" BEFORE APPLICATION

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
Preparatory spray for Fallows and Seedbeds or prior to sowing the following Crops: Balansa clover, Barley, Chickpeas, Cotton, Faba beans, Field peas, Lentils, Linseed, Lucerne, Lupins, Narbon beans, Navybeans, Oats, Perennial ryegrass, Persian clover, Phalaris, Rice, Safflower, Sorghum, Soybean, Subterranean clover, Sunflower, Triticale, Vetch, Wheat, White clover				Amicide Advance 700 has been formulated and recommended for use with § Weedmaster DST and Credit® Broadhectare Herbicide plus Bonus®. Please refer to Compatibility section for recommended water rates.	
	Fumitory (white), Ball mustard, Indian hedge mustard, Common sowthistle, Turnip weed, Wild turnip, Wild radish.	All States	280-815mL/ha plus Weedmaster DST§ at recommended label rates	RATE SELECTION: Use the lower rate for seedling broadleaf weeds and increase to the higher rate for broadleaf weeds more than 10cm diameter/high. Always add the mixture product at recommended label rates. Please refer to Compatibility section for recommended water rates. At the time of application, all weeds must be actively growing and not under stress from low moisture, frost, cold, disease or water-logging. If grazing has occurred allow regrowth to 6-8cm before spraying and use higher rate. Always add either a non-ionic surfactant (eg. Activator®) or LI 700® in accordance with label directions on the mixture product. Use LI 700 with the mixture product if insecticides will be included in the tank mixture or if faster brown out of weeds is required.	
	Seedlings of: Australian bindweed, Bellvine, Caltrop, New Zealand spinach, Raspweed	NSW, ACT, Qld only			
	Ageratum (Blue top), Dock, Volunteer lupins, Volunteer peas, Volunteer Sunflowers, Charlock, Fumitory (Red), Medic, Paterson's curse, Prickly lettuce (Wild lettuce), Saffron thistle, Spear thistle, Variegated thistle	All states	390-515mL/ha plus Weedmaster DST§ at recommended label rates		
		Bathurst burr, Blackberry nightshade, Californian burr, Horehound seedlings, Lincoln weed seedlings, Marshmallow seedlings, Sorrel seedlings, Thornapple, Volunteer vetch, Volunteer safflower, Common ice-plant, Storksbill/Erodium seedlings, Ivyleaf speedwell, Melilotus, Shepherd's purse, Skeleton weed (Suppression only), Ward's weed, Wireweed seedlings (Hogweed), White clover, Sub-Clover		515-745mL/ha plus Weedmaster DST§ at recommended label rates	
		Amaranth, Apple of Peru, Mexican poppy, Annual ground cherry, Bladder ketmia, Fat hen, Melons, Native Rosella, Noogoora burr, Potato weed, Cow vine, Yellow vine,	NSW, ACT, Qld only	745mL-1.15L/ha plus Weedmaster DST§ at recommended label rates	
		Volunteer canola (<i>Brassica napus</i>) including Roundup Ready® varieties	All States	880mL/ha or 1.2L/ha plus Weedmaster DST § at recommended rates	Use lower rate of Amicide Advance 700 up to the 4 leaf weed stage. Use higher rate of Amicide Advance 700 up to the 6 leaf weed stage. For adequate coverage use a minimum application water volume of 70L/ha. In situations where the PRAMOG model recommends no use of glyphosate in the year following Roundup Ready canola, alternative mode of action herbicides should be selected.
	Flaxleaf fleabane (<i>Conyza bonariensis</i>)	All States	650mL-1.1L/ha plus a minimum of 1.4L/ha Weedmaster DST	Apply to cotyledon to 12 leaf rosette prior to stem elongation. Use the low rate in Autumn/Winter. Use the highest rate for Spring/Summer applications. For adequate coverage use a minimum application water volume of 70L/ha. A sequential application of Nuquat (refer below) is also recommended for situations where incomplete control is achieved with the first application, or where there are spray misses/shadowing, failures due to resistance, or under periods of temperature and/or moisture stress. In these situations, the sequential application is to be applied 7-14 days after the first application.	
			As above followed by 1.6-2L/ha Nuquat®	Apply at stem elongation to flowering plants. Apply the sequential application 7-14 days after the first application. Use the low rate in Autumn/Winter. Use the highest rate for Spring/Summer applications. For adequate coverage use a minimum application water volume of 70L/ha. The sequential application of Nuquat is recommended for situations where incomplete control is achieved with the first application, or where there are spray misses/shadowing, failures due to resistance or under periods of temperature and/or moisture stress. In these situations, the sequential application is to be applied 7-14 days after the first application.	

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
PASTURES: Conservation Tillage - Direct Drilling, Surface Sowing or Fallow Maintenance	Charlock, Mustards, Shepherd's purse, Saffron, Slender, Spear & Variegated thistles, Turnip weed, Wild radish, Wild turnip	All States	470mL-1.4L/ha	Apply to actively growing young weeds before sowing. Observe plant back periods given in the table on this leaflet.
	Clover Sorrel		985mL/ha plus 280-400mL/ha Kamba® 500	Apply to actively growing plants in Autumn. DO NOT sow pasture seed for at least 30 days after application.
Fallow, Stubble Spray prior to direct drilling or sowing - Winter Cereals, Grain legumes (peanuts - Qld only) and Canola	Refer Weed Table		200mL-1.5L/ha	Observe plant back periods given in the table on this leaflet. Can be mixed with Glean*/Lusta®, Nuquat® 250 or Revolver /Spray*Seed* where grasses are present. Select appropriate rate from the Weed Table. For Skeleton weed, spraying should only be done 6-8 weeks before anticipated sowing date and subsequent cultivation limited to a minimum.
	Volunteer canola (<i>Brassica napus</i>) including Roundup Ready® varieties	900mL/ha 1.25L/ha	Apply at this rate up to 4 leaf canola stage. Apply at this rate up to 6 leaf canola stage.	

3. PASTURES, NON-AGRICULTURAL, RIGHTS OF WAY, INDUSTRIAL, LAWNS, REFER TO SECTION "SPRAY APPLICATIONS AND DRIFT RISK ASSESSMENT" BEFORE APPLICATION

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Fallow or Pastoral land	Lippia (<i>Phyla canescens</i>)	All States	1.8 – 3.6 L/ha plus Bonza adjuvant @ 1.0 % v/v	Apply when Lippia is in fresh conditions, mid-flower and has good soil moisture. A sequential application (applied twice over summer; 2-3 months apart) will provide the highest level of control. DO NOT apply in dry conditions. DO NOT apply more than two applications
Pastures and Non- Agricultural	Refer Weed Table	All States	500mL-1.5L/ha	Pasture legumes including lucerne, clovers and medics may be damaged unless well protected by grasses. Spot spraying is preferred.
	Galvanised burr		285mL/100L water	Apply to young actively growing weeds. Ensure thorough and even coverage of plants. Note: Treated plants need to be burnt to destroy seeds.
	Amsinckia, Docks, Bindweed, Caltrop, Flatweed, Spear thistle, Capeweed, Saffron thistle, Mustard, Wild radish, Wild turnip, Annual thistles, Paterson's curse, Heliotrope, Ragwort, Threecornered Jack (Doublegee, Spiny emex)		980mL-2.15L/ha	For pastures not containing legumes. Only seedling Docks, Spear thistle and Saffron thistle will be controlled. SUMMER WEEDS: Use low rate for seedlings, 1.45-2.15L/ha for larger plants. Stock poisoning may occur when grazed after spraying if large amounts present, particularly Heliotrope. WINTER WEEDS: Use low rate for seedlings, 1.45-2.15L/ha for larger plants. If stock present, use spray/grazing rates.
	Afghan (camel) melons, Paddy melons		1.45L/ha plus 1% Bonza Spray Adjuvant	Spray when plants are young and actively growing. Larger and older plants will need the addition of Invader 600 for adequate control.
	Prickly saltwort (Roly poly)		1.45L/ha	Spray when plants are small.
	Stinkwort		1.45-2.85L/ha plus surfactant	Best results are obtained when plants are small. Use high rate on larger plants.
	Dove weed		2.85L/ha	Spray after good emergence of seedlings.
	Capeweed		1.5-2.5L/ha	Spray seedlings to rosette stage.
	Horehound		2 - 2.85L/ha	Spray seedlings. Suppression only. Good coverage required.
	Paterson's curse		1.5-2.0L/ha	Spray rosettes or before plants have 10 leaves. Later stages harder to kill.
	Storkbill/Erodium		1.45-2.85L/ha	Spray seedlings to young rosettes.
	Thornapple		1.45-2.15L/ha	Spray seedlings only.
	Pastures, Rights of Way and Industrial		Boxthorn, Boneseed, Hawthorn	70mL/10L water
Groundsel		undiluted	Cut stump: Apply or paint undiluted AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 to freshly cut stumps	
		850mL/15L water	MISTING: Lightly wet plants.	
		215mL/15L water	CUT STUMP: Swab the cut stump immediately. Apply by a pouring can or Knapsack spray.	
Lantana		2.6-3.9L/ha	AERIAL APPLICATION: Spray when Groundsel is actively growing.	
		285mL/100L water	Use a coarse spray with sufficient pressure to penetrate canopy and wet stems as well as foliage. Spray at the end of a wet Summer (March to May). Defoliation should occur but respraying of new growth will be necessary in following Autumn. Broadcast grass seed and keep stock off following Summer to allow the pasture to establish. Damage may result to pasture legumes.	
Mother of millions		360mL/100L water	Hand gun and Knapsack only. A thorough coverage of leaves and plantlets is necessary. Use Nufarm Activator at the rate of 1mL of surfactant per 1L of mixture.	
Noogoora burr, Weir vine (Ipomea), Scarlet pimpernel (seedlings only), White eye (Mexican clover)		145mL/100L water	In all cases apply to young, actively growing weeds, ensuring thorough coverage.	

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Pastures, Rights of Way, Industrial	Annual and Perennial Pigweed, Artichoke thistle, Bathurst burr, Billygoat weed, Blue snakeweed, Burr medic, Clockweed [^] , Fleabanes, Galvanised burr, Hemlock, Hoary cress*, Kyalinga weed (Whisker grass), Knobweed, Milky cotton bushes, Parthenium weed, Paterson's curse, Saffron thistle, Star burr, Thomapple, Variegated thistle [^]	All States	285mL/100L water	In all cases apply to young, actively growing weeds, ensuring thorough coverage. [^] Spray rosette stage. + Repeat spraying necessary.
	Rubber vine		145mL/10L water	Apply to freshly cut stump.
	Sesbania pea		500-800mL/ha	
	Water Hyacinth		3.1-4.75L/ha	Apply to 2200-3300L water/ha
	Wild tobacco tree		215mL/15L water	Cut Stump Treatment: Swab cut stump within 1 hour of cutting. Apply by pouring can or knapsack sprayer.
Pastures – Spray Graze Techniques				[^] PRECAUTION. An increased quantity of poisonous plants may be eaten by stock using Spray-Graze eg. Caltrop, Capeweed, Paterson's curse, Variegated thistle and deaths could result from causes such as nitrate poisoning. With Paterson's curse, preferably graze stock soon destined for slaughter and avoid extended periods of grazing. Avoid grazing with young or breeding stock. DO NOT graze horses or pigs on Paterson's curse. Legume species (sub clovers, medics) may be damaged at the higher rate range. Refer to your local Nufarm representative for further information.
	Amsinckia, Annual Thistles, Caltrop Capeweed, Charlock, Doublegee, Erodium, Geranium, Mustards, Paterson's curse, Shepherd's purse, Slender, thistle, Turnip weed, Wild turnip, Wild radish, ,	All States	250mL-980mL/ha	Apply from 6 weeks after opening rains in Autumn until the end of August. Seven days after spraying stock paddock at 4-5 times normal rate, preferably with sheep (cattle are less effective). Maintain this level of grazing for 6 weeks or until pasture shows signs of over grazing, but before survival of desirable pasture species is threatened. Then return to normal stocking levels. Use high stocking rates in following spring to prevent weeds from flowering. Repeat treatments may be required for 2-3 years for complete control.
	Spear or Variegated thistle, Saffron thistle		535mL-1.1L/ha	Apply to Saffron thistle at the end of September when plants are running up to flower. Subclovers may be damaged at this rate and use is not recommended for all Medic pastures.
	Melons		1.45L/ha + 1% Bonza Spray Adjuvant	Heavy stocking on young plants sprayed with 715mL/ha provides effective control.
	Docks		980mL/ha	Apply in September only and follow other recommendations above.

4. SPOT SPRAYING

REFER TO SECTION "SPRAY APPLICATIONS AND DRIFT RISK ASSESSMENT" BEFORE APPLICATION

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	MIXING RATES / COMMENTS
High Volume Spraying	Refer to Weed Table for list of weeds controlled.	All States	500 mL / 100L Apply 1000L spray volume/ha
Knapsack Application			5 mL / L.

5. OPTICAL SPOT SPRAY TECHNOLOGIES

Note: Calibrate the sprayer to spray the equivalent of 100L/ha.

For weed cover between 0% and 30% only. If percentage weed cover exceeds 30% use approved boom spray rates.

SITUATION	WEEDS	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENT
Fallow	Fleabane, Sowthistle, Yellow vine (Caltrop)	4-8L/100L	Apply to rosette to flowering plants. Use higher rate on late flowering/mature plants or plants under moisture stress.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIOD

PASTURE, CEREAL CROPS

DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

HARVEST WITHHOLDING PERIOD

NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

IN TASMANIA, THIS PRODUCT MAY ONLY BE USED FROM 15 APRIL TO 15 SEPTEMBER UNLESS OTHERWISE PERMITTED BY THE REGISTRAR OF PESTICIDES.

WEEDS TABLE**NOTE: Listing of weeds and rates where weeds are to be sprayed in a crop or pasture.****Refer to the spot spraying section for rates where weeds only are present, or when spot-spraying in a crop or pasture**

Weeds	Application Rate	Critical Comments
Amaranthus spp.	500mL-980mL/ha	Spray young plants.
Amsinckia	980mL/ha	
Apple of Peru	500mL-980mL/ha	Spray young plants. Susceptible when young.
Bathurst burr	715mL-1.5L/ha	Spray seedlings only.
Bellvine	1.5L/ha	Spray before seeding. Advanced stages susceptible.
Bindweed	980mL/ha	
Blackberry nightshade	500mL-980mL/ha	
Blackeyed Susan	1.5L/ha	Apply at pre-flowering, preferably young stages.
Blue snakeweed	1.5L/ha	Spray seedlings at young stages only.
California burr	715-980mL/ha	Spray seedlings only.
Cape tulip	570mL-1.15L/ha	Low rate for corns only
Capeweed	980mL-1.5L/ha*	Spray seedlings to rosette stage. *Rate for use in crop only. Refer to pastures section for pasture use rate.
Caltrop	715mL – 1.5L/ha	Moderately susceptible.
Charlock	500mL-1.25L/ha	Spray at rosette stage.
Clover	1.1L/ha	
Cobbler's pegs	1.5L/ha	Apply at pre-flowering, preferably young stages.
Common ice plant	980mL/ha	
Common sida	1.5L/ha	Spray seedling or young stages only.
Common sowthistle	1.25- 1.5L/ha	Apply at pre-flowering, preferably young stages.
Docks	980mL-1.25L/ha	Spray at multiple leaf stage.-effective only on seedlings.
Doveweed	980mL/ha	
Fat hen	500mL-1.5L/ha	Spray pre-flowering.
Flannel weed	1.5L/ha	Spray seedling or young stages only.
Flat weed	980mL/ha	
Fumitory - red	1.5L/ha	
Fumitory - white	500-715mL/ha	Spray at multiple leaf stage.
Heliotrope	980mL/ha	
Hexham scent or Mellilotus	980mL-1.5L/ha	Spray multiple leaf stage before seeding
Hoary cress	800mL-1.5L/ha	Spray rosettes and pre-flowering.
Hogweed/Wireweed	1.25L/ha	Spray at multiple leaf stage (Vic). Spray at seedling and young plant stage (Qld).
Horehound	1.25-1.5L/ha*	Spray seedlings. Suppression only. Good coverage required. *Rate for use in crop only. Refer to pastures section for pasture use rate.
Indian hedge mustard	980mL-1.25L/ha	
Khaki weed	980mL-1.5L/ha	Spray seedlings only.
Lincoln weed	1.5L/ha	Spray early rosettes.
London rocket	980mL/ha	
Lupins	715mL-1.5L/ha	
Matricaria	715mL/ha	
Melons – Camel (Afghan), paddy,	500mL-1.5L/ha	Add 1% Bonza Spray Adjuvant. Seedlings only - add Invader in fallow situations only for reliable results on larger weeds.
Mexican poppy	1.25L/ha	Spray seedlings – plants become more resistant with age.
Mintweed	800-980mL/ha	Spray seedlings – resistant in later stages.
Morning glory	1.5L/ha	Spray at seedling to flowering stage.
Mustards	200mL-1.25L/ha	Spray at 2-4 leaf up to rosette stage.
Needle burr	1.5L/ha	Apply at pre-flowering, preferably young stages.
New Zealand spinach	980mL-1.5L/ha	
Noogoora burr	715mL-980mL/ha	Spray seedlings only.
Paterson's curse	980mL-1.5L/ha*	Spray rosettes or before plants have 10 leaves. Later stages harder to kill. *Rate for use in crop only. Refer to pastures section for pasture use rate.
Pinkburr (Pink flowered burr)	1.5L/ha	Spray seedling or young stages only.
Potato weed	500mL-980mL/ha	
Radish	980mL/ha	
Ragwort	980mL-1.5L/ha	Spray up to early rosette stage
Rapistrum	980mL/ha	
Rough poppy	980mL/ha	
Safflower	500mL-980mL/ha	
Shepherds purse	980mL-1.5L/ha	Spray young rosettes.
Siratro (Purple bean)	1.5L/ha	Spray seedling or young stages only.
Skeleton weed	980mL-1.5L/ha	Spray rosettes before aerial growth commences.
Sorrel	1.25-1.5L/ha	Only moderately susceptible.
Speedwell - Ivy leaf	980mL/ha	
Spinyhead sida	1.5L/ha	Spray seeding or young stages only

Weeds	Application Rate	Critical Comments
Starburr	1.5L/ha	Spray before seeding, advanced stages susceptible.
Spiny emex	1.25L/ha	Only young plants are susceptible.
Star of Bethlehem (Cupid's flower)	1.5L/ha	Spray before seeding, advanced stages susceptible
Stinkwort	715mL-1.25L/ha	
Storkbill/Erodium	1.25L/ha*	Spray seedlings to young rosettes. *Rate for use in crop only. Refer to pastures section for pasture use rate
Sunflower (seedlings)	500mL-1.25L/ha	
Thistles: -Annual	980mL/ha	
- Californian-spot spray only	-	Repeated applications may be necessary. Refer to spot spray section for rate
- Saffron	500mL-1.5L/ha	Low rate only sufficient to control weeds in crops at rosette stage when sprayed early.
- Slender/Shore	715mL-1.5L/ha	Suppression only.
- Soldier	1.45L/ha	Spray young rosette.
- Spear	500mL-1.45L/ha	Spray young rosettes.
- Star-spot spray only	-	Refer to spot spray section for rate
- Variegated	500mL-1.5L/ha	Spray at rosette stage.
Thornapple	715mL-1.5L/ha*	Spray seedlings only. *Rate for use in crop only. Refer to pastures section for pasture use rate.
Tridax (Tridax daisy)	1.5L/ha	Spray seedling or young stages only.
Turnip Weed/Rapistrum	500mL-980mL/ha	
Vetches/Tares	980mL-1.25L/ha	Spray at multiple stage.
Wards weed	980mL/ha	
Wild cabbage	1.25L/ha	Spray multiple leaves.
Wild poppy	500mL-1.5L/ha	Spray rosettes.
Wild radish	715mL-1.5L/ha	Spray up to young rosette stage.
Wild turnip	200mL-1.25L/ha	Spray 2-4 leaf up to rosette stage.

Plant Back Periods (days) for AMICIDE ADVANCE 700

CROP	RATES		
	Up to 500mL/ha	500-980mL/ha	980mL-1.5L/ha
Balansa clover	7	7	10
Barley %	1	1	3
Canola#	14	21	28
Chickpeas #	7	14	21
Cotton	10	14	21
Faba beans	7	7	10
Field peas	7	14	14
Lentils	7	7	10
Linseed	7	7	14
Lucerne	7	7	10
Lupins +	7	14	21
Medics	7	7	10
Narbon beans	7	7	10
Navybean	10	10	14
Oats	3	3	7
Perennial ryegrass	7	7	10
Persian clover	7	7	10
Phalaris	7	7	10
Rice	7	7	14
Safflower #	7	14	21
Sorghum @	3	7	10
Soybean	14	14	21
Sub-Clover	7	7	10
Sunflower @	7	10	14
Triticale %	1	3	7
Vetch	7	7	10
Wheat %	1	3	7
White clover	7	7	10

IMPORTANT:

WHEN APPLIED TO DRY SOILS AT LEAST 15mm (1/2 inch) OF RAIN MUST FALL PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE PLANT BACK PERIOD.

NOTES:

% In Queensland, no rainfall is required to fall prior to commencement of Plant Back Period for wheat, barley and triticale.

In Queensland, planting of canola, chickpeas and safflower must be delayed for at least 14 days following rainfall of at least 15mm.

@ In Central Queensland, when using 715mL/ha or less of AMICIDE ADVANCE 700, the Plant Back Period for sorghum and sunflower is 1 day irrespective of rainfall.

+ In WA the Plant Back Period for lupins at all rates is 28 days.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Before opening, carefully read Directions for Use, Precautionary Statements, Safety Directions and First Aid Instructions.

AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 is a water soluble liquid product with non-selective herbicidal activity against broadleaf weeds. AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 will control emerged weeds only, and provides no residual control although certain plant back periods should be observed. AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 is absorbed by plant foliage and accumulates to toxic levels in the regions of growth and reproduction, upsetting the ability of plants to balance the synthesis and use of nutrients. Visible effects are a gradual yellowing and wilting of the plants which advances to complete browning of above ground growth and deterioration of root systems. Effects may not be apparent for 7-10 days or even up to 21 days under cold or cloudy conditions. DO NOT treat weeds under poor growing or dormant conditions such as occur in drought, water-logging, disease, insect damage, following frost, weeds heavily covered with dust or silt. Reduced results may also occur if weeds are under stress from previous herbicide application. Rainfall occurring up to 6 hours after application may reduce effectiveness.

DO NOT spray if strong winds prevail

CROP ESTABLISHMENT

AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 is recommended as a herbicide additive to Weedmaster DST (## refer also to compatibility section for all compatible glyphosate formulations) for control of emerged weeds prior to crop establishment. When AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 is applied prior to crop establishment, certain Plant Back Periods should be observed to ensure that the herbicide has degraded sufficiently to allow safe sowing of the intended crop. This process is largely influenced by moisture, temperature and certain soil characteristics and may be delayed particularly when conditions are cold and dry. Refer to the Plant Back Period table for specific information. In seasons of heavy weed growth, or where the following conditions apply, it may be necessary to further delay sowing until a suitable seedbed can be formed. Conditions which can delay crop germination and seedling development include;

- Heavy green or decaying weed growth incorporated into the soil;
- Soil compaction or crusting;
- Cold and wet soils;
- Deep seeding;
- Prior use of residual or pre-emergent herbicides. To minimise these effects it is suggested that:
- Weed bulk be reduced by grazing and cultivating to leave trash on the surface to dry out;
- A friable seedbed be produced by cultivation, where necessary;
- The use of pre-emergent herbicides to be avoided if they might contribute to reduced germination;
- A correct seeding depth be used.

The preferred alternative is to spray early to control any weeds in their less advanced stages and ensure the seedbed is in a suitable condition for early sowing when soil temperatures are not excessively cold.

SPRAY APPLICATIONS AND DRIFT RISK ASSESSMENT

DO NOT apply when wind speed is less than 3 or more than 20 kilometres per hour (ground application) as measured at the application site.

DO NOT apply when wind speed is less than 3 or more than 15 kilometres per hour (aerial application) as measured at the application site.

USE ONLY COARSE or larger spray quality according to the ASAE S572 definition for standard nozzles.

For aerial application it is recommended where possible for this product to be applied by an aerial applicator business that holds current accreditation for the Aerial Improvement Management System – "AIMS", issued by the Aerial Agricultural Association of Australia Ltd.

Checklist:

- Have you cleaned/decontaminated your boom sprayer?
- Have you contacted your neighbour prior to spraying?
- Is your sprayer set-up correctly for the particular application?
- Check
 - boom calibration
 - at nozzle - nozzle choice
 - low drift/what spray quality
 - coarse or larger spray quality?
 - boom height - speed of intended application
 - water volume
- You must check, determine and record the weather conditions immediately prior to, and immediately after the spray application is made.
- Record
 - Temperatures
 - Relative Humidity
 - Delta T
 - Wind speed
 - Is there a temperature inversion?
- Night Spraying - Extra care is required to ensure that inversion conditions are not present. Use smoke generator to determine wind direction and presence of inversion conditions.

For further information refer to nufarm.com.au/spraywise



spraywisedecisions.com.au is an online weather forecasting program and is recommended for use when planning your pesticide application



When spraying in or near a cotton area, check online at cottonmap.com.au for the proximity of cotton fields

APPLICATION INFORMATION

In Crop Use:

GROUND SPRAYER APPLICATION - Use 50-250L/ha of water.

AERIAL APPLICATION - Use 40-90L/ha of water.

Fallow use:

GROUND SPRAYER APPLICATION -

Application of AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 plus Weedmaster DST (## refer also to compatibility section for all compatible glyphosate formulations) in a minimum spray volume of 50L/ha is recommended. Water rate will vary according to product rate. Refer to Compatibility section for recommended water rates. When simazine and/or atrazine is included in the mixture a minimum spray volume of 100L/ha is recommended. USE ONLY COARSE or larger spray quality according to the ASAE S572 definition for standard nozzles. Boom height must be set to ensure double overlap of nozzle patterns at the top of the weed canopy.

AERIAL EQUIPMENT-

Application of AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 and glyphosate mixtures using boom equipment should occur in a minimum spray volume of 50L/ha. Water rate will vary according to product rate. Refer to Compatibility section for recommended water rates.

USE ONLY when wind speed is more than 3km/h or less than 15km/h, as measured at the application site.

USE ONLY COARSE or larger spray quality according to the ASAE S572 definition for standard nozzles.

DO NOT apply by aircraft when temperature is above 35°C.

DO NOT use in intensive horticultural cropping areas. Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear after each day of spraying to remove herbicide residues.

EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND USAGE

Equipment that has been used for this chemical should not be used for the application of other materials to sensitive plants, unless it has been well washed out with hot soapy water or 1% solution of ammonia, followed by several clear water rinses or use Tank & Equipment Cleaner. If using a Sulfonylurea herbicides (Lusta®, Glean®, Ally® or Associate®), follow decontamination procedures detailed on those product labels.

A 50 mesh primary filter and 80 mesh secondary filter(s) are recommended.

The use of in-line nozzle filters is not recommended.

Mixtures with Weedmaster DST : Spray solutions of AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 and Weedmaster DST should be mixed, stored and applied only in stainless steel, aluminium, brass, copper, fibreglass, plastic-lined containers. DO NOT mix, store or apply spray solutions in galvanised steel or unlined steel (except stainless steel) containers or spray tanks. AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 / Weedmaster DST spray solutions may react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture that can flash or explode if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

APVMA Compliance Instructions for Mandatory COARSE or Larger Droplet Size Categories

Important Information

These instructions inform users of this chemical product how to lawfully comply with the requirement of a COARSE or larger spray droplet size category for spray application.

Spray droplet size categories are defined in the ASAE S572 Standard (newer name may also be shown as ASABE) or the BCPC guideline. Nozzle manufacturers may refer to one or both to identify droplet size categories, but for a nozzle to comply with this requirement, the manufacturer must refer to at least one.

In the following instructions, Section 1 is for ground application and Sections 2 and 3 are for aerial application.

Complying with the label requirement to use a specific droplet size category means using the correct nozzle that will deliver that droplet size category under the spray operation conditions being used. The APVMA has approved only the following specific methods for choosing the correct nozzle. Use one of the methods specified in these instructions to select a correct nozzle to deliver a COARSE or larger droplet size category.

SECTION 1 Instructions for Ground Application – for COARSE droplet size or larger categories

Mandatory Instructions for Ground Applications

USE ONLY nozzles that the nozzles' manufacturer has rated to deliver a COARSE, a VERY COARSE or an EXTREMELY COARSE droplet size category as referenced to ASAE S572 or BCPC. Choose a nozzle specified to provide the droplet size category required in the label Spray Drift Restraints.

DO NOT use a higher spray system pressure than the maximum the manufacturer specifies for the selected nozzle to deliver the droplet size category required in the label Spray Drift Restraint.

SECTION 2 Instructions for Fixed-Wing Aerial Application – for COARSE droplet size or larger categories

Instructions in this section apply to fixed-wing aerial application of products for which the label Spray Drift Restraint requires a COARSE or a VERY COARSE spray droplet category.

APVMA Compliance Instructions for Mandatory COARSE or Larger Droplet Size Categories

Nozzle choices must be made using Option 1, 2 or 3 below. Option 1 nozzles are limited to a maximum aircraft speed of 110 knots and are for COARSE droplets only. Option 2 nozzles are limited to a maximum aircraft speed of 120 knots and are also for COARSE droplets only. Option 3 nozzles have their use conditions (maximum airspeed, nozzle spray angle, product used, orifice size, spray system pressure) specified in the APVMA Approved AAAA Nozzle Calculator (described in Option 3). Depending on those use conditions, the calculator can identify a correct nozzle for either a COARSE or a VERY COARSE spray droplet category. (Note that to use Option 3, aerial applicators must contact the Aerial Agricultural Association of Australia for access to their approved nozzle calculator.)

Mandatory Instructions for Fixed-Wing Aerial Applications**Option 1**

For up to a maximum aircraft speed of 110 knots and a COARSE droplet size category, USE ONLY solid stream 0° nozzles with orifice diameter greater than or equal to 1.5 mm and oriented straight back to the flight direction. USE ONLY a spray system pressure greater than or equal to 3 bar.

OR

Mandatory Instructions for Fixed-Wing Aerial Applications (continued)**Option 2**

For up to a maximum aircraft speed of 120 knots and a COARSE droplet size category, USE ONLY narrow angle flat fan nozzles with spray angle less than or equal to 40° and oriented straight back to the flight direction. USE ONLY a spray system pressure greater than or equal to 4 bar.

OR

Mandatory Instructions for Fixed-Wing Aerial Applications (continued)**Option 3**

USE ONLY nozzles rated by the APVMA Approved AAAA Nozzle Calculator as COARSE or VERY COARSE to comply with a product label's requirement for a COARSE or a VERY COARSE spray droplet size category. When using the AAAA Nozzle Calculator, aerial applicators must also follow the additional instructions below in (a), (b) and (c).

(a) Aerial applicators must only use the droplet size category given in the nozzle calculator at the $D_{V(0.1)}$ position to identify a nozzle to comply with the required spray droplet category. The categories shown at the $D_{V(0.5)}$ and the $D_{V(0.9)}$ positions in the calculator must not be used for making a nozzle selection.

(b) Aerial applicators must not apply at airspeeds greater than that speed used to select the nozzle. If an application airspeed slower than 100 knots (the minimum speed specified in the nozzle calculator) is planned, a nozzle identified as COARSE or VERY COARSE at 100 knots can also be used at slower airspeeds provided that the nozzle angle and system pressure are kept the same.

(c) When a particular pesticide product is chosen within the nozzle calculator as one of the conditions set to select a nozzle, then aerial applicators must use that specific pesticide product with that nozzle. When a pesticide product is planned for use and is not available as a choice within the nozzle calculator, aerial applicators must use the category "Other Product" in the calculator to set the condition for selecting a nozzle.

Note – contact the Aerial Agricultural Association of Australia for information on how to obtain access to the APVMA Approved AAAA Nozzle Calculator – <http://www.aerialag.com.au/site/default.asp>

SECTION 3 Instructions for Helicopter Aerial Application – for COARSE droplet size or larger categories

Instructions in this section apply to helicopter application of products where the label Spray Drift Restraint requires a COARSE, a VERY COARSE or an EXTREMELY COARSE spray droplet category.

Nozzle choices must be made using Option 1, 2 or 3 below.

Mandatory Instructions for Helicopter Aerial Application**Option 1**

For helicopter applications requiring a COARSE or a VERY COARSE spray droplet size category, USE ONLY nozzles selected with the methods previously specified for fixed-wing aircraft in Section 2.

OR

Mandatory Instructions for Helicopter Aerial Application (continued)**Option 2**

When using Micronair controlled droplet applicators (Micron Sprayers Ltd), USE ONLY nozzles selected with the Micronair Droplet Size Prediction Models designed for Micronair products (and located on the company website) to choose a nozzle to satisfy the label requirement for a COARSE droplet size category. Important – to qualify for the COARSE category, the $D_{V(0.1)}$ value must be greater than 156 microns. Adjust parameters as necessary such as lowering the atomizer rotation rate in order to achieve a $D_{V(0.1)}$ value greater than 156 microns

OR

Mandatory Instructions for Helicopter Aerial Application (continued)**Option 3**

When using Accu-Flo nozzles (Bishop Equipment Mfg Inc), USE ONLY nozzles rated according to the manufacturer's instructions to select the correct nozzle to apply a COARSE, a VERY COARSE or an EXTREMELY COARSE droplet size category to satisfy the label requirement for one of those specific droplet size categories.

COMPATIBILITY

Amicide Advance 700 has been formulated and recommended for use with ## Weedmaster DST , Nufarm Glyphosate CT, Weedmaster® Argo®, Weedmaster Dry, Credit® Broadhectare Herbicide plus Bonus® and Weedmaster® Duo.

Recommended water rates (L/ha) for various ratios of Weedmaster Argo and Amicide Advance 700:

	Amicide Advance 700					
	L/ha	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.2
Weedmaster Argo	0.75	30+	30+	40+	40+	40+
	1.0	30+	30+	40+	40+	50+
	1.25	30+	30+	40+	50+	50+
	1.5	30+	40+	50+	50+	50+
	1.75	30+	50+	50+	60+	60+
	2	30+	50+	50+	60+	70+

This product may be tank mixed with the following products-

HERBICIDES: Kamba® 500, Ally*, Associate®, Flowable Simazine, Simazine 900DF, Simazine 600SC, Flowable Diuron or Diuron 900DF, Glean*/Lusta®, Nuquat® 250, Propon®, Nu-trazine 900DF or Flowable Nu-trazine, Revolver®/Spray•Seed*, Archer® 750, Comet® 400, Invader®, Trooper® 75-D, Striker®, Hammer®

INSECTICIDES: Chlorpyrifos 500EC, Dimethoate, LeMat*, Imidan*, Astound® Duo, Fastac® Duo

FUNGICIDES: Hornet 430®, Opera®, Opus®, Throttle® 500

PGRs: Cycocel® 750A

Trace elements: Oxide formulations of foliar fertilisers are generally physically compatible with Amicide Advance 700 but reductions in weed efficacy can occur. A minimum water volume of 70L/ha is recommended.

SURFACTANT ADDITION – CONSERVATION TILLAGE

DO NOT add surfactant except for Conservation Tillage where the product is to be tank-mixed with a glyphosate product. In this situation always add LI 700 in accordance with label directions on the glyphosate product or add Bonus® with Credit®. Use LI 700 if insecticides will be included in the tank mixture or if faster brownout of weeds is required or for assistance in droplet size management to partially reduce the number of fine droplets produced from hydraulic nozzles by air and ground.

To improve performance under adverse environmental conditions or when dealing with large weeds, the addition of Liase at 2L/100L is recommended. Addition of crystalline ammonium sulphate may take a significantly longer time to dissolve.

DO NOT mix with spraying oils, or any other materials or agricultural chemicals except as directed on this label.

TANK MIXTURES – CONSERVATION TILLAGE

A mixture of AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 and Weedmaster DST may be tank mixed with the following herbicides, insecticides and adjuvants where recommended in the Directions for Use tables. Read and follow all label directions, restraints and plant back periods, withholding periods and safety directions for the tank mix products.

Kamba® 500 - For improved control of Sowthistle. Observe any regional use restrictions.

Lusta® or Glean* - Will provide control for a wide range of broadleaf weeds and grasses.

Associate® or Ally* - For improved knockdown control of Yellow burrweed (Amsinckia), Volunteer chickpeas, Chickweed, Common sowthistle, Cut-leaf mignonette, Deadnettle, Faba beans, Mallee catchfly, Soursob, Stagger weed, Wild garlic. Ally* or Associate® DO NOT provide residual in-crop weed control.

INSECTICIDES

Chlorpyrifos 500EC, Dimethoate, Imidan*, Astound® Duo, Fastac® Duo and LeMat* can be introduced into the tank mix for specific control to prevent insect damage to emerging crops.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 mixes readily with water. Ensure the spray tank is free of any residue of previous spray materials. Flush chemical suction equipment with fresh water between products, and between fills, when adding to the spray solution.

1. Fill the spray tank with clean water to at least 70% of the required amount and start agitation. DO NOT use mechanical agitators as these may cause excessive foaming when herbicides are added.
2. Where either Bonus or Liase is recommended, add to tank through top mesh screen.
3. Add recommended herbicide additive/insecticide to the spray tank and mix thoroughly (mixing order water dispersable granules, then suspension concentrates, then emulsifiable concentrates, then soluble liquids).
4. Add AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 and mix thoroughly.
5. Top up tank to 95% of desired capacity then add any **glyphosate** product and the remaining water.
6. When Activator or LI 700 is used, add near the end of the filling process.
7. Always maintain adequate agitation during application and use the tank mix promptly.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP	I	HERBICIDE
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AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 Selective Herbicide is a member of the Phenoxys group of herbicides. AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 has the Disruptors of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 is a Group I herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 and other Group I herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 or other Group I herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Nufarm Australia Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of AMICIDE ADVANCE 700 to control resistant weeds.

PRECAUTION**Re-Entry Period**

DO NOT enter treated areas until the spray has dried, unless wearing cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and chemical resistant gloves. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON TARGET PLANTS**DRIFT WARNING**

DO NOT spray in high winds. DO NOT spray cereals if lucerne is present. DO NOT spray crops or weeds outside the stages indicated in "Critical Comments" as damage, loss of yield or inadequate weed control may result.

- **DO NOT** apply when wind speed is less than 3 or more than 20 kilometres per hour (ground application) as measured at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speed is less than 3 or more than 15 kilometres per hour (aerial application) as measured at the application site.
- DO NOT apply with smaller than COARSE or larger spray quality according to the ASAE S572 definition for standard nozzles.
- Direct spray contact or even slight drift may cause severe injury or destruction of any susceptible crop or other desirable plants including trees and native vegetation.
- DO NOT use when breeze is blowing towards nearby susceptible plants.
- DO NOT apply under meteorological conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants, adjacent crops, crop lands or pastures.
- "Still air" and hot dry days may contribute to drift.
- This is a phenoxy herbicide that can cause severe damage to susceptible crops such as cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, flowers, vegetables, vines, fruit trees, legume crops and pastures, oil seed crops or other susceptible crops and trees (eg Kurrajongs, Belahs, Eucalypts).

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Low hazard to bees. May be applied at any time as recommended in the Directions for Use.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEA AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used container.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**QuikPour™ (15L only)**

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well ventilated area out of direct sunlight. DO NOT separate inner bladder from outer carton. Single rinse or shake remainder into spray tank/water/dip/drench etc. Puncture outer carton and bladder. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available bury the empty packaging 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product

(5L, 20L, 200L)

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available bury the empty packaging 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product

Refillable containers (500L, 1000L)

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

Envirodrum 110L Mini Bulk Returnable Container

Store the original sealed Envirodrum in a cool well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. DO NOT tamper with the Micro Matic valve or the security seal. DO NOT contaminate the Envirodrum with water or any foreign matter. After each use of the product, please ensure that the Micro Matic coupler, delivery system and hoses are disconnected, triple rinsed with clean water and drained accordingly. When the contents of the Envirodrum have been used, please return the empty Envirodrum to the point of purchase. The Envirodrum remains the property of Nufarm Australia Limited.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed. Will damage the eyes. Will irritate the skin. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container, mixing and loading and preparing spray, wear cotton overalls over normal clothing and a washable hat and elbow length chemical resistant gloves, goggles and a half face piece respirator. When using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls over normal clothing and a washable hat and elbow length chemical resistant gloves, and goggles. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use wash gloves, goggles, respirator and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone 13 11 26).

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), which can be obtained from your supplier or the Nufarm website – www.nufarm.com.au

In case of emergency: Phone 1800 033 498 Ask for shift supervisor. Toll free 24 hours.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

"Any provisions or rights under the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 or relevant state legislation which cannot be excluded by those statutes or by law are not intended to be excluded by these conditions of sale. Subject to the foregoing, all warranties, conditions, rights and remedies, expressed or implied under common law, statute or otherwise, in relation to the sale, supply, use or application of this product, are excluded. Nufarm Australia Limited and/or its affiliates ("Nufarm") shall not accept any liability whatsoever (including consequential loss), or howsoever arising (including negligence) for any damage, injury or death connected with the sale, supply, use or application of this product except for liability which cannot be excluded by statute."

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