

**CAUTION**  
**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**  
**READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING**



# **LV ESTER 600**

*HERBICIDE*

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 600 g/L 2, 4-D present as the ethylhexyl ester

**GROUP**



**HERBICIDE**

A low volatile herbicide for selective control of various weeds in crops, pastures and non-agricultural areas as per the Directions for Use.  
This is a PHENOXY HERBICIDE that can cause severe damage to susceptible crops such as cotton, grapes, tomatoes, oilseed crops and ornamentals.

**IMPORTANT:** Please read the attached leaflet before using this product.



Label image proudly supplied by

  
**Infopest**  
infopest@dpi.qld.gov.au



SIPCAM PACIFIC AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED Suite 11, 23-31 Gheringhap Street, Geelong Vic 3220

**CONTENTS: 1000L**  
**APVMA APPROVAL NO:**  
**59687/1000L/0705**



# LV ESTER 600

HERBICIDE

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

### 20L, 110L container

Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

### 1000L container

Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply or designated collection point for refill or storage.

## SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Poisonous if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. When preparing spray wear PVC or rubber apron, elbow length PVC gloves and face shield. When using the prepared spray wear face shield. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with

soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves, face shield and contaminated clothing.

## FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26.

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information, refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) which is available from the supplier or from our web site, [www.sipcam.com.au](http://www.sipcam.com.au)

## NOTICE TO BUYER

Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty Limited (Sipcam) shall not be liable for any loss, injury, damage or death whether consequential or otherwise whatsoever or howsoever arising whether through negligence, use under abnormal conditions or otherwise in connection with the sale, supply, use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on Sipcam's skill or judgment in purchasing or using the product and every person dealing with this product does so at their own risk.

Batch No:

Date of Manufacture:

IN TRANSPORT  
EMERGENCY DIAL **000**  
Police or Fire Brigade

FOR SPECIALIST ADVICE IN AN  
EMERGENCY DIAL **1800 033 111**  
24 hours Australia wide

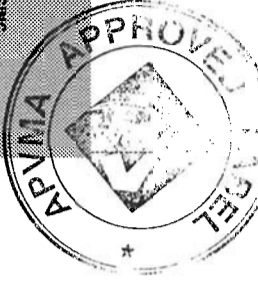
APVMA APPROVAL NO. 59887/0705  
 SIPCAM PACIFIC AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED  
 Suite 11 23-31 Glenfrith Road  
 Geelong Vic. 3220  
 ACN 073 176 888

This is a PHENOXY HERBICIDE that can cause severe damage to susceptible crops, such as cotton, grapes, tomatoes, oilseed crops and ornamentals. This label is part of the label.

A low volatile herbicide for selective control of various weeds in crops, pastures and non-agricultural areas as per the Directions for Use.

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NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

IN TASMANIA, THIS PRODUCT MAY ONLY BE USED FROM 15 APRIL TO 15 SEPTEMBER, UNLESS OTHERWISE PERMITTED BY THE REGISTRAR OF PESTICIDES.

**WITHOLDING PERIOD**  
 GRAZING: Pastures, Cereal Crops: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION  
 HARVEST: WITHOLDING PERIOD NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

**WEEDS TABLE**

Note: Where weeds are to be sprayed in a crop or pasture, use only the rates given for the crop in the table below. In most cases this will give control, however, some hard to kill weeds may only be suppressed, eg Rumex spp (Docks) and Polygonum spp (Wireweed, Climbing Buckwheat) are killed to ground level only.

Weeds	Application Rate/ha										Critical Comments		
	Crop						Pastures (non Legumes)						
	Vic	SA	Tas	NSW, ACT	Qld	WA	Vic	Qld, NSW, ACT, Tas, SA, WA only					
Amaranthus spp	-	-	-	900mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Angled Onion	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7 L	0.9-1.9 L	-	-	-	-	Spray when buds are forming or at early flowering.
Apple of Sodom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3-3.7 L	-	-	-	-	-
Bathurst Burr	-	-	-	900mL	-	-	1.9-3.7 L	1.9-3.7 L	-	-	-	-	Spray from seedling to pre-flowering. Use higher rate as plant matures.
Black Knapweed	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7 L	-	-	-	-	-	Spray before flowering. DO NOT cultivate these infestations.
Buffalo Burr	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	900mL-1.3 L	-	-	-	-	Spray from seedling to pre-flowering. Use higher rate as plant matures. Not Qld, WA.
California Burr	-	-	-	900mL	-	-	1.9-3.7 L	-	-	-	-	-	Spray from seedling to pre-flowering. Use higher rates as plants mature.
Caltrop	-	-	-	700-900mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cape Tulip	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3 L	3.7 L	1.9-3.7 L	-	-	-	Spray before flowering.
Capeweed	900mL	900mL	900mL	600-900mL	460mL	-	-	-	2.8-3.7 L	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.
Charlock	460mL	460mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	900mL	-	-	-	-
Clover	-	-	-	700-900mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colocynth	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7 L	-	-	-	-	-	Spray at seedling stage only.
Deadnettle	-	-	-	900 mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Devils Claw	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5 L	-	-	-	-	-	Spray prior to pods forming.
Dock	900mL	900mL	-	-	900mL	900mL	-	-	1.9-2.8 L	-	-	-	Spray at rosette stage to kill top growth only.
Fat Hen	-	-	-	460-900mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Flatweed	-	-	-	900mL	-	-	-	-	2.8-3.7 L	-	-	-	-
Fumitory, Red	-	-	-	900mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.
Fumitory, White	900mL	460mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Galvanised Burr	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.3 L	5.3 L	-	-	Spray from seedling to pre-flowering. Not Qld, WA.
Goosefoots	-	-	-	900mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hard Head, Russian Knapweed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7-5.9 L	-	-	-	Spray before flowering.
Hogweed / Wireweed	900mL	900mL	-	900mL	900mL	-	-	-	1.3-1.9 L	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage. Not SA.
Hoary Cress, Whiteweed	-	-	900mL	-	-	-	-	-	1.9-3.7 L	1.9-2.4 L	-	-	Spray from late rosette stage to pre-flowering.
Horehound seedlings	-	-	-	-	-	950mL	-	-	1.9-3.7 L	-	-	-	Spray late Autumn to early Spring.
Ironweed/ Corn Gromwell	-	-	-	900 mL	-	-	-	-	1.3-1.9 L	-	-	-	-
Khaki Weed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	900mL-1.3 L	-	-	-	Spray young seedlings only. Not SA.
Lincoln Weed	-	-	900mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Autumn spray before sowing improves control.
London Rocket	-	-	-	-	-	650mL	-	-	WA only: 1.8-2.8 L	-	-	-	-
Lupins	900mL	-	-	460-900 mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.
Melilotus/ Hexham Scent	-	-	900mL	-	900mL	-	-	-	1.3-1.9 L	-	-	-	-
Melons - Camel, Paddy	-	-	-	460-900 mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mustards	370mL	260-900mL	900mL	460-900mL	700mL	700mL	3.7 L	1.9-2.8 L	-	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.
Mexican Poppy	-	-	-	900mL	-	950mL	-	-	900mL-1.3 L	WA only: 1.3-1.7 L	-	-	Spray rosette stage and before flowering.
Mintweed	-	-	-	-	-	700mL	-	-	900mL-1.3 L	-	-	-	Spray active seedlings only.
Muskweed	900mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.
New Zealand Spinach	-	-	-	900mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Noogoora Burr	-	-	-	900mL	-	-	1.9-3.7 L	1.9-3.7 L	-	-	-	-	Spray seedling to pre-flowering.
Nut Grass	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7-5.9 L	-	-	-	-	-	Spray within 4 weeks of foliage emergence. Repeat spray if necessary.
Paterson's Curse	-	-	-	900mL	-	950mL	1.9-3.7 L	900mL-1.9 L	WA only: 1.3-1.7 L	-	-	-	Spray seedling to rosette stage.
Poppy, Wild	460mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.4-3.3 L	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.
Ragwort	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7 L	3.7 L	-	-	-	-	Spray at rosette to cabbage stage.
Rapeseed	900mL	-	-	460-900mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.
Rapistrum	-	-	-	-	-	650mL	-	-	WA only: 950 mL	-	-	-	-
Rough Poppy	-	460mL	-	460-900mL	-	-	-	-	900 mL	-	-	-	Spray young seedlings only.
St John's Wort	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7-5.9 L	3.7-5.3 L	-	-	-	-	Spray before flowering. Spray before plants are 40 cm high.
Safflower	-	-	-	460-900 mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sand Mustard/ Sand Rocket	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7 L	-	-	-	-	-	Spray before flowering.
Shepherd's Purse	-	-	-	900mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Silverleaf Nightshade	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7 L	-	-	-	-	-	Spray at flowering. Fallow land: controls top growth only.
Skeleton Weed	-	900mL	-	900mL	-	-	-	-	1.3-1.9 L	-	-	-	Spray rosettes before aerial growth commences.
Stinging Nettle	900mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.
Stingless Nettle/ Deadnettle	-	900mL	900mL	-	-	-	-	-	2.4-2.8 L	-	-	-	-

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

**RESTRAINTS**  
 AVOID spraying if rain is likely within 6 hours or if strong winds prevail.  
 DO NOT apply if crop or weeds are stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions.

**FIELD CROPS**

Crop / Situation	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate/ha	Critical Comments
Barley, Wheat	Refer to Weeds Table	Vic only	240-900 mL	<b>Crop Stages: All Cereals</b> <b>WA, Vic:</b> Apply at tillered to boot stages. <b>NSW, ACT:</b> Apply after the first node can be felt at the base of a tiller and before swelling of the head can be felt in a tiller. <b>Qld:</b> Apply from mid-tillering (5-6 fully emerged main stem leaves plus 1 or more tillers) to before boot stage (visible swelling of the head at the top of the main stem). <b>SA, Tas:</b> Apply from completion of tillering to early jointing stage.
		SA only	260-900 mL	
		Qld, NSW, ACT only	460-900 mL	
		Tas only	700-900 mL	
		WA only	900 mL	
Cereal Rye	Refer to Weeds Table	Vic only	240-900 mL	DO NOT sow within 2 weeks of spraying under wet soil conditions and 3 weeks under dry soil conditions as establishment may be impaired. Can be tank mixed with diquat, glyphosate and paraquat where grasses are present. <b>NSW:</b> For Skeleton Weed spraying should only be done 6-8 weeks before anticipated sowing date and subsequent cultivation limited to a minimum.
Qld, NSW, ACT only		460-900 mL		
Triticale	Refer to Weeds Table	Vic only	240-900 mL	DO NOT sow within 2 weeks of spraying under wet soil conditions and 3 weeks under dry soil conditions as establishment may be impaired. Can be tank mixed with diquat, glyphosate and paraquat where grasses are present. <b>NSW:</b> For Skeleton Weed spraying should only be done 6-8 weeks before anticipated sowing date and subsequent cultivation limited to a minimum.
Qld, NSW, ACT, SA only		460-900 mL		
Stubble/fallow spray prior to direct drilling or sowing Winter cereals	Refer to Weeds Table	Vic only	240-900 mL	DO NOT sow within 2 weeks of spraying under wet soil conditions and 3 weeks under dry soil conditions as establishment may be impaired. Can be tank mixed with diquat, glyphosate and paraquat where grasses are present. <b>NSW:</b> For Skeleton Weed spraying should only be done 6-8 weeks before anticipated sowing date and subsequent cultivation limited to a minimum.
NSW, ACT only		460-900 mL		
Maize, Peanuts, Sweetcorn, Winter Cereals	Refer to Weeds Table	Qld only	1.3-2.7 L	Post-emergence Apply after dough stage of crop. Interval between application and effectiveness is 17-20 days. For desiccation of green matter, estimate harvest date and apply spray approximately 14 days earlier. Rain between spraying and actual harvest can negate results. <b>Note:</b> Where Thistles are tall and branching above the crop, spraying can turn the branches down into the crop, presenting more stalks to cause header comb blockages. Spraying may increase seed contamination of harvest by accelerating maturity. DO NOT use with under sown Legumes that have not set seed.
NSW, ACT, Vic only		1.9 L		
Harvest aid or salvage spray	Refer to Weeds Table	NSW, ACT, Vic only	1.9 L	Post-emergence Apply after dough stage of crop. Interval between application and effectiveness is 17-20 days. For desiccation of green matter, estimate harvest date and apply spray approximately 14 days earlier. Rain between spraying and actual harvest can negate results. <b>Note:</b> Where Thistles are tall and branching above the crop, spraying can turn the branches down into the crop, presenting more stalks to cause header comb blockages. Spraying may increase seed contamination of harvest by accelerating maturity. DO NOT use with under sown Legumes that have not set seed.
Winter cereals		1.9 L		
Potatoes Pre-harvest preparation	Broadleaf weeds such as Clover, Cruciferous weeds, Variegated Thistle	Vic, Tas only	1.3-2.7 L	Apply approximately 4-5 weeks before harvest after the potato haulms have dried off. Use the highest rate where weeds are more than 30 cm in height. For boom spraying apply a minimum of 100 L spray mixture/ha. If grasses such as Rye Grass and Winter Grass are also present, add amitrole + ammonium thiocyanate (250 g/L + 220 g/L) at recommended rates.

**PASTURES, NON-AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIAL**

Crop / Situation	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate/ha	Critical Comments
Improved Pasture containing Clover	Refer to Weeds Table	Qld, NSW, ACT, Tas, SA only	460-900 mL	Clover must be well covered by the grass or extensive damage may result.
Pastures Non legumes, Rights of Way, Industrial		Qld, NSW, ACT, Tas, SA, WA only	900 mL-5.3 L	Control of most perennial weeds, but due to the rooting habits of most species, control may take a number of years. Damage may result to Legumes in pasture.
Pastures Direct drilling or surface sowing	Charlock, Clover, Medics, Paterson's Curse, Saffron, Slender, Variegated and Spear Thistles, Turnip Weed, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip	NSW, ACT only	900 mL-1.7 L	Apply to young, actively growing weeds. DO NOT sow pasture seed for at least 21 days after application. If soil is dry, delay sowing for at least 30 days.
			900 mL-1.3 L	Ground application
			3.7-5.3 L	Aerial or ground application
	All of the above weeds plus Grasses		As above plus 2.2-DPA or glyphosate	

**SPOT SPRAYING**

Crop / Situation	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate/ha	Critical Comments
Spot spraying All situations	Refer to Weeds Table	All States	1/100 <sup>th</sup> of rate on Weeds Table/10 L water/100 m <sup>2</sup>	Apply by knapsack. Thorough wetting of weeds is essential.

Weeds	Application Rate/ha							Pastures (non Legumes)		Critical Comments
	Crop									
	Vic	SA	Tas	NSW, ACT	Qld	WA	Vic	Qld, NSW, ACT, Tas, SA, WA only		
Stinkwort	-	-	-	900mL	-	-	-	1.9- 3.7 L	1.9- 3.7 L	Spray younger plants. Use higher rate as plants mature.
Storksbill/ Erodium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sunflower seedlings	900mL	-	-	460- 900mL	700mL	-	-	-	-	Spray multiple leaves.
Thistles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7 L	3.7 L	Spray at rosette stage.
Golden Nodding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3- 1.9 L	-	Spray at rosette to pre-flowering.
Saffron	700mL	900mL	-	460- 900mL	900mL	900mL	900mL	1.9 L	900mL- 2.8 L	Spray up to rosette stage.
Sheep	-	-	-	-	-	950mL	-	WA only: 950 mL- 3.7 L	-	-
Slender/ Shore Soldier Spear	-	-	900mL	900mL	-	-	1.9- 3.7 L	900 mL- 3.7 L	3.7 L	Spray at rosette stage.
Star	900mL	-	900mL	-	-	-	900mL- 2.8 L	1.3- 2.4 L	-	Spray at seedling to rosette stage. Use higher rate as plants mature (pastures).
St Barnaby's	-	-	-	900mL	-	-	1.9- 3.7 L	-	-	Spray at seedling to rosette stage. Use higher rate as plants mature.
Stemless	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3- 1.9 L	-	-
Variiegated	-	-	900mL	460- 900mL	700 mL	-	900mL- 2.8 L	2.8- 3.7 L	3.7 L	Spray rosette stage to flowering.
Thornapple	-	-	-	460- 900mL	-	-	3.7 L	900mL- 1.9 L	-	Spray at seedling stage.
Tree Hogweed	900mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.
Turnip Weed	-	460mL	-	460- 900mL	460mL	700mL	-	900mL	-	Spray seedlings only.
Vetches/ Tares	900mL	700mL	900 mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wards Weed	-	460mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Spray at seedling stage.
Wild Cabbage	900mL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Spray up to rosette stage.
Wild Garlic	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.5 L	-	-	Suppresses aerial growth only.
Wild Mignonette	-	-	-	-	-	950mL	3.7 L	-	-	Spray at rosette stage.
Wild Mustard	-	-	-	-	-	650mL	-	WA only: 1.8-2.8 L	-	-
Wild Radish	900mL	900mL	900mL	460- 900mL	900mL	650mL	-	900mL WA only: 950mL	-	Spray up to rosette stage.
Wild Sage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.8- 3.7 L	-	-
Wild Teasel	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.9- 3.7 L	-	-	Spray at rosette stage. Use the higher rates as plants mature.
Wild Turnip	240mL	260mL	900mL	460- 900 mL	-	450mL	-	900mL WA only: 950 mL	-	Spray up to rosette stage.

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

##### APPLICATION

SIPCAM LV ESTER 600 Herbicide can be used in either high or low volume sprays. Just pour into water and stir.

**Boom spray:** Use 30-100 L water/ha.

**Aerial spray:** Use 10-90 L water/ha.

**Note:** Refer to the Department of Agriculture /Primary Industries in your State for the current restricted spraying areas.

##### EQUIPMENT

Keep the spray unit for herbicides only if possible. Otherwise wash out the unit with hot soapy water followed by several clear water rinses. DO NOT use wooden spray vats as they cannot be cleaned. Hoses cannot be cleaned and new hoses should be fitted when the unit is to be used for any other purpose.

##### COMPATIBILITY

SIPCAM LV ESTER 600 Herbicide can be tank mixed with 2,2-DPA, atrazine, dicamba, chlorsulfuron, diquat, glyphosate and paraquat.

##### RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING **GROUP 1 HERBICIDE**

SIPCAM LV ESTER 600 Herbicide is a member of the phenoxy group of herbicides. SIPCAM LV ESTER 600 Herbicide has the disruptor of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management SIPCAM LV ESTER 600 Herbicide is a Group 1 herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to SIPCAM LV ESTER 600 Herbicide and other Group 1 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by SIPCAM LV ESTER 600 Herbicide or other Group 1 herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Sipcarn Pacific Australia Pty Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of SIPCAM LV ESTER 600 Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

##### PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT spray in high winds. DO NOT spray crops or weeds outside the stages indicated in the Critical Comments as damage, loss of yield or inadequate weed control may result.

**Legume tolerance:** If clovers are present, care should be taken to ensure that they have reached the 3-4 leaf stage before spraying. Rates above 460 mL of this product/ha will destroy most clovers, whilst lucerne and medics are susceptible at any strength.

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants, adjacent crops, crop lands or pastures. DO NOT allow spray drift and vapour movement onto susceptible crops such as cotton, flowers, fruit trees, legume crops, oilseed crops, pastures, tobacco, tomatoes, vegetables, vines, or other susceptible plants and trees (eg Belahs, Eucalypts and Kurrajongs).

##### Drift Warning

DO NOT use unless wind speed is more than 3 kilometres per hour and less than 15 kilometres per hour as measured at the application site.

DO NOT apply with smaller than coarse to very coarse spray droplets according to the BCPC/ASAE S572 definition of standard nozzles.

##### PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Low hazard to bees. May be applied at anytime as recommended in the Directions for Use.

##### PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

##### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

##### 20L, 110L container

Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

##### 1000L container

Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply or designated collection point for refill or storage.

##### SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Poisonous if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. When preparing spray wear PVC or rubber apron, elbow length PVC gloves and face shield. When using the prepared spray wear face shield. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves, face shield and contaminated clothing.

##### FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131 126.

##### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information, refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) which is available from the supplier or from our web site, www.sipcarn.com.au

##### NOTICE TO BUYER

Sipcarn Pacific Australia Pty Limited (Sipcarn) shall not be liable for any loss, injury, damage or death whether consequential or otherwise whatsoever or howsoever arising whether through negligence, use under abnormal conditions or otherwise in connection with the sale, supply, use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on Sipcarn's skill or judgment in purchasing or using the product and every person dealing with this product does so at their own risk.

IN TRANSPORT EMERGENCY

DIAL 000

Police or Fire Brigade

FOR SPECIALIST ADVICE IN AN

EMERGENCY DIAL 1800 033 111

24 hours Australia wide