

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

TITAN

Iprodione 250

Fungicide

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 250g/L IPRODIONE
SOLVENT: 332g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBONS

GROUP **2** FUNGICIDE

For control of certain fungal diseases in various crops, ornamentals and recreational turf and situations as specified in the Directions for Use table.

IMPORTANT: READ THOROUGHLY BEFORE OPENING OR USING THIS PRODUCT.

APVMA Approval No.: 65495/51048

Pack Size: 5L, 10L, 20L, 110L,
200L, 1000L



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IN A TRANSPORT EMERGENCY

DIAL 000

POLICE OR FIRE BRIGADE

UN NO. 3082
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS
SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(CONTAINS IPRODIONE)
MARINE POLLUTANT
PACKAGING GROUP III
HAZCHEM CODE 2X



**DIRECTIONS FOR USE:
TREE AND VINE CROPS**

| RATE | | | | | CRITICAL COMMENTS |
|---|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------|--|
| In the following table, all rates are given for dilute spraying. For concentrate spraying, refer to the Special Instructions for Tree Crops/Vines section. | | | | | |
| CROP | DISEASE | STATE | RATE | WHP | |
| Almonds | Blossom Blight, Brown Rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp., <i>Sclerotinia</i> spp.) | ALL STATES | 100mL/100L water | Nil | Apply first at full bloom and, if conditions are favourable for disease development, up to two subsequent applications can be made; at petal fall and up to four weeks after petal fall. |
| Boysenberries | Grey Mould (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) | ALL STATES | 200mL/100L water | 1 day (H) | |
| Grapes | | | | 7 days (H) | Good crop hygiene will aid in the control of disease. This use is subject to an Avcare fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. If three or fewer bunch rot sprays are applied in a season use only one spray per season containing TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide (or other Group 2 Fungicide). If four or more bunch rot sprays are applied in a season use no more than two sprays containing Group 2 fungicides, unless tank mixed with a registered multi-site (Group 2) fungicide. 2. Late season fungicide treatments should be applied before botrytis infection reaches unacceptably high levels in the vineyard. 3. DO NOT apply more than two consecutive sprays from the same fungicide group, including from the end of one season to the next. |
| Kiwifruit | Botrytis Blight (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.) | NSW, VIC, WA only | | | |
| Macadamias | Botrytis Blight (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.) | ALL STATES | 100mL/100L water | Nil | Apply as a thorough cover spray to flower racemes when they open. A follow up spray may be needed one week later if wet conditions persist during flowering. Remove nuts under trees prior to spraying. |
| Mandarins (non-bearing) | Alternaria Leaf Spot (Brown Spot) (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>) | QLD, WA, NT only | 200mL/100L water | | Apply to non-bearing trees of Murcott variety monthly from first flush in Spring until flushing ceases in the Autumn. Reduce intervals to fortnightly during periods of wet weather. |
| Passionfruit | Alternata Spot (Brown Spot) (<i>Alternaria</i> spp., <i>Alternaria passiflorae</i>) | QLD, NSW, WA, NT only | 200mL/100L water | 7 days (H) | This use is subject to an Avcare fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Maintain a protective cover with protectant fungicide such as mancozeb. 2. Limit the use of TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide to strategic periods, i.e. before, during and after extended wet periods. 3. Always tank mix TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide with a protectant such as mancozeb. 4. DO NOT apply more than four TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in a season. |
| Raspberries | Grey Mould (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) | ALL STATES | 200mL/100L water | 1 day (H) | Spray at 10% blossom and full bloom. For fruit protection, apply at 2 to 3 weeks pre-harvest. |
| Stone Fruit: Apricots, cherries, nectarines, peaches, plums | Orchard Spraying Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia fructicola</i> , <i>Monilinia laxa</i>) Brown Rot (<i>Monilinia fructicola</i> , <i>Monilinia laxa</i>) | ALL STATES | 100 to 150mL/100L water | Nil | For control of Blossom Blight, spray at 10% blossom, full bloom and petal/shuck fall. For control of subsequent Brown Rot in fruit, spray at 3 weeks and 1 week pre-harvest. Use the higher rate under severe conditions of challenge, or for single applications of Iprodione 250 in the spray program. This use is subject to an Avcare fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. DO NOT apply more than 2 consecutive sprays of TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide (or other Group 2 fungicides). 2. A post-harvest treatment should also be counted as an application. 3. The last blossom blight spray and the first pre-harvest Brown Rot spray should be regarded as consecutive applications. |
| Youngberries | Grey Mould (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) | ALL STATES | 200mL/100L water | 1 day (H) | Spray at 10% blossom and full bloom. For fruit protection, apply at 2 to 3 weeks pre-harvest. |

BERRIES

(See Tree Crops/Vines for boysenberries, raspberries and youngberries)

| CROP | DISEASE | STATE | RATE | WHP | CRITICAL COMMENTS |
|--------------|--|------------|--|-----------|--|
| Strawberries | Grey Mould (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) | ALL STATES | 2.0L/ha where spray volume is less than 1000L/ha OR 200mL/100L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000L/ha | 1 day (H) | This use is subject to an Avcare fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Apply a program of protectant fungicides during flowering. If conditions favour disease development during this period use TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide. 2. DO NOT apply more than two successive sprays of TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide (or other Group 2 Fungicide). |

VEGETABLES

| CROP | DISEASE | STATE | RATE | WHP | CRITICAL COMMENTS |
|----------|---|----------------------------|---|------------|--|
| Celery | Sclerotinia Rot (Pink Rot) (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>) | ALL STATES | 2.0L/ha where Spray volume is less than 1000L/ha OR 200mL/100L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000L/ha | 1 day (H) | Commence spraying 1 to 2 weeks post-transplanting and then every 2 to 3 weeks. Use only five sprays. |
| Lettuces | Sclerotinia Rot (Drop) (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i> , <i>Sclerotinia minor</i>) | | | 7 days (H) | Spray should be directed to the stems at ground level and to the underside of lower leaves. This use is subject to an Avcare fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Apply TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide as a seedling drench soon after emergence. 2. Apply a protectant fungicide as a high volume foliar spray before planting out, then TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide immediately after planting. 3. Maintain cover with protectant fungicide sprays at 7-10 day intervals. 4. If weather conditions favour Botrytis infection, tank mix the protectant with TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide. 5. DO NOT apply TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide (or other Group 2 Fungicides) more than four times per season, irrespective of the target disease. |
| Potatoes | Sclerotinia Rot (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>) | ALL STATES | 1.0L to 2.0L/ha where spray volume is less than 1000L/ha OR 100 to 200mL/100L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000L/ha | Nil | Apply 2 sprays, once immediately before and once immediately after hilling-up. For most effective treatment, concentrate the spray at the base of the stems and surrounding soil surface, where the fungus is active. Use the higher rate where disease is severe. |
| | Target Spot (Early Blight) (<i>Alternaria solani</i>) | | | | Ensure thorough coverage to the whole plant. Treatment is generally not required until after flowering. Use the higher rate where disease is severe. This use is subject to an Avcare fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Limit the use of TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide to periods when conditions favour disease development. 2. DO NOT apply more than four TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in one season. 3. Apply no more than two consecutive sprays of a Group 2 fungicide. |
| | Hypocotyl Rot (Black Scurf) (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) | | 800mL/tonne seed material | | TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide will protect emerging shoots from hypocotyl rot, improving overall germination. TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide may also reduce occurrence of black scurf on the harvested potatoes. Ensure good coverage of seed material and planting furrow. This can be achieved by applying TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide as a fine spray to the seed at the time of planting using spray equipment mounted on the planter, and nozzles located at three points on each planter row to ensure uniform coating of the seed. DO NOT plant into waterlogged soil. A minimum water volume of 80L/tonne seed should be used. |
| Tomatoes | Sclerotinia Rot (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>) | QLD, NSW, TAS, SA, WA only | 2.0L/ha where spray volume is less than 1000L/ha OR 200mL/100L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000L/ha | 7 days (H) | Spray at 14-day intervals from transplanting and throughout the period of disease pressure. |
| | Grey Mould (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) | ALL STATES | | | Commence spraying 3 to 4 weeks after transplanting or at the onset of disease. Repeat treatment at 14 day intervals or when conditions favour spread of the disease, i.e. at trimming or deleafing. This use is subject to an Avcare fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Alternate or tank mix TOTAM Iprodione 250 Fungicide with a protectant such as chlorothalonil. Avoid applying two TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in succession, unless tank mixed with a protectant. 2. DO NOT apply more than four TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in a season. |

VEGETABLES – continued

| CROP | DISEASE | STATE | RATE | WHP | CRITICAL COMMENTS |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|---------------|--|
| Tomatoes – continued | Target Spot (Early Blight) (<i>Alternaria solani</i>) | QLD, TAS, WA, NT only | 2.0L/ha where spray volume is less than 1000L/ha OR 200mL/100L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000L/ha | 7 days (H) | Commence spraying 1 week post-transplanting. Use adequate water to give thorough coverage of the plants. Use high volume spray equipment. This use is subject to an Avcare fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Limit the use of TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide to periods when conditions favour disease development. 2. DO NOT apply more than four TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in one season. Apply no more than two consecutive sprays of a Group 2 fungicide. |

FIELD CROPS

| CROP | DISEASE | STATE | RATE | WHP | CRITICAL COMMENTS |
|----------|--|-----------------|---|-------------------|---|
| Canola | Sclerotinia (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>) | ALL STATES | 2.0L/ha | 6 weeks (H, G) | Apply at 20 to 50% flowering. Apply as a preventative spray before disease infection is anticipated. Good coverage is essential. Aerial application: Apply using a minimum water volume of 45L/ha. Ground application: Apply using a minimum water volume of 100L/ha. |
| Lucerne | Lucerne Leaf Spot (<i>Stemphylium botryosum</i>) | QLD, WA only | 500mL to 1L/ha where spray volume is less than 1000L/ha OR 50 to 100mL per 100L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000L/ha | 7 days (G) | Spray every 10 to 14 days when cool, damp weather favours the disease. Use the higher rate under conditions of high disease pressure. |
| | Leptosphaerulina Leaf Spot (<i>Leptosphaerulina trifolii</i>) | | | | Apply in at least 300L water/ha every 10 to 14 days when cold, damp weather favours the disease. Use the higher rate under conditions of high disease pressure. |
| Peanuts | Sclerotinia Rot (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i> , <i>Sclerotinia minor</i>) | | 2.0L/ha OR 440mL/100L water (spot application) | 12 days (H) | Apply when disease first appears. Repeat if necessary. Use a high water volume to ensure good coverage of foliage and stem at ground level. DO NOT mix TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide with a foliar fungicide due to the different target positions on the plant. |
| Soybeans | Black Leaf Blight (<i>Arkoala nigra</i>) | NSW, WA only | 2.0L/200 to 400L water/ha | 7 weeks (H) | If disease is present on leaves apply an initial spray at early pod set (pods approximately 5mm long). An additional spray 14 days later may be required if wet seasonal conditions prevail. |

ORNAMENTALS AND RECREATIONAL TURF

| CROP | DISEASE | RATE | CRITICAL COMMENTS |
|----------------------|---|---|---|
| Ornamentals | Botrytis Blight (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) | 200mL/ 100L water | Spray at 14 day intervals commencing when the disease first becomes apparent and continuing until conditions no longer favour the disease. Spraying Saintpaulia, Pointsettia and Cyclamen flowers may result in some petal scorch. Tepid water should be used to wet plants protected from direct sunlight. This use is subject to an AFRAC anti-resistance strategy. DO NOT apply more than 3 consecutive TITAN TITAN 250 Fungicide or related dicarboxamide fungicides. |
| Recreational Turf | Brown Patch (<i>Rhizoctania solani</i>) | 120 to 180mL/ 10 to 150L water/ 100m ² | Curative program: Repeat treatment after 14 days. Use the higher rate under conditions of severe disease pressure. For preventative treatment: Apply as a monthly spray program. This use is subject to an AFRAC anti-resistance strategy. DO NOT apply more than 2 consecutive TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide or related dicarboximide fungicides unless tank mixed with a fungicide from a different chemical activity group. |
| | Dollar Spot (<i>Sclerotinia homoeocarpa</i>) | 120mL/ 10 to 150L water/ 100m ² | Curative program: Repeat treatment in 14 days. For preventative treatment: Apply monthly. This use is subject to an AFRAC anti-resistance strategy. DO NOT apply more than 2 consecutive TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide or related dicarboxamide fungicides unless tank mixed with a fungicide from a different chemical activity group. |
| | Fusarium Patch (<i>Fusarium nivale</i>) NOT Qld | 180mL/ 10 to 150L water/ 100 m ² | |
| | Spring Dead Leaf Spot (<i>Leptosphaeria</i> spp.) | 90mL/ 10 to 150L water/ 100 m ² | For preventative treatment only: Apply as a monthly soil drench throughout the year. Water in thoroughly after application. This use is subject to an AFRAC anti-resistance strategy. DO NOT apply more than 2 consecutive TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide or related dicarboxamide fungicides unless tank mixed with a fungicide from a different chemical activity group. |

ORNAMENTALS AND RECREATIONAL TURF – continued

| CROP | DISEASE | RATE | CRITICAL COMMENTS |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Recreational Turf – continued | Helminthosporium disease affecting leaf, crown and roots: (Black and White Helminthosporium Spot – <i>Bipolaris</i> spp., <i>Drechslera</i> spp., <i>Exserohilum</i> spp.) | 90mL/10 to 150L water/100 m ² | For Curative treatment: Apply as a foliar spray and repeat application after 7 to 14 days. For white spot symptoms on couch grass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>) only, used higher water volumes of 100 to 150L water per 100m ² . For preventative treatment: Apply as a high volume foliar spray. Repeat applications at monthly intervals from February to May. This use is subject to an AFRAC anti-resistance strategy. DO NOT apply more than 2 consecutive TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide or related dicarboxamide fungicides unless tank mixed with a fungicide from a different chemical activity group. |

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE OR IN ANY MANNER CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS (WHP):

(H = HARVEST, G = GRAZING)

**ALMONDS, MACADAMIAS, MANDARINS, POTATOES, STONE FRUIT:
BOYSENBERRIES, CELERY, RASPBERRIES, STRAWBERRIES, YOUNGBERRIES:
GRAPES, KIWIFRUIT, LETTUCE, TOMATOES AND PASSIONFRUIT:**

PEANUTS:

CANOLA:

SOYBEANS:

LUCERNE:

NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

DO NOT HARVEST FOR 1 DAY AFTER APPLICATION.

DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

DO NOT HARVEST FOR 12 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

DO NOT HARVEST FOR 6 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 6 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD WITHIN 7 DAYS OF TREATMENT.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE WARNING

TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide is a member of the dicarboximide group of fungicides. For fungicide resistance management the product is a Group 2 fungicide. Some naturally occurring individual fungi resistant to the product and other Group 2 fungicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any fungal population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the fungal population if these fungicides are used repeatedly. These resistant fungi will not be controlled by this product or other Group 2 fungicides, thus resulting in a reduction in efficacy and possible yield loss. Since the occurrence of resistant fungi is difficult to detect prior to use, TITAN AG Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control resistant fungi.

GROUP 2 FUNGICIDE

Resistance Management

Resistant strains of fungi can develop to this and other fungicides. To reduce the possibility of this occurrence, and where alternatives are available, rotate to use products with as many different modes of action as possible. Where specific resistance management strategies are established these are detailed in the CRITICAL COMMENTS.

EXPORT OF TREATED PRODUCE

Growers should note that MRLs or import tolerances may not exist in all markets for produce treated with TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide. If you are growing produce for export, please check with TITAN AG Pty Ltd for the latest information on MRLs and import tolerances BEFORE using TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide.

PRECAUTION

DO NOT graze treated turf areas or feed turf clippings from areas to animals including poultry.

MIXING

Note: TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide may be unstable in conditions where the pH is 7 or higher. It is therefore essential to check the pH of the spray solution before adding TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide. A suitable registered buffering agent may have to be added to bring the pH down below 7. Shake well before use. Add half the required water volume to the spray tank or vat with the agitation mechanism operating. Add the required volume of this product and then add additional water to the volume required.

APPLICATION

Good disease control requires even, thorough coverage of the target area. Application should be made using appropriate spray equipment and sufficient water to provide adequate penetration and coverage. Equipment settings and water volume may need to vary, depending on the growth stage of the crop. High pressure, prolonged and vigorous agitation particularly in conjunction with a high concentration of Iprodione Liquid in the spray tank may reduce the suspension properties of Iprodione Liquid, resulting in a scum forming on the surface or sediment forming on the filters. If the agitation system cannot be adjusted, or concentration reduced to overcome this problem it is recommended that Iprodione Liquid be used, where registered.

TURF NUTRITION

This product acts very rapidly and where turf is of low nutritional status, a slight yellowing may be seen. This will be corrected by the application of a nitrogenous fertiliser. Where possible, it is recommended that the fertiliser program should precede fungicide application.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR TREE CROPS/VINES

Dilute Spraying:

Use a sprayer designed to apply high spray volumes, up to the point of run-off and matched to the crop being sprayed. Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy. Apply sufficient spray solution to cover the crop to the point of run-off. Avoid excessive run-off. The required spray volume to achieve point of run off may be determined by applying different test volumes, using different settings on the sprayer, or from industry guidelines or other expert advice. Add the amount of product specified in the Directions for Use table for each 100L of water. Spray to the point of run-off. The required dilute spray volume to achieve point of run off will change and the sprayer set up and operation may also need to be changed, as the crop grows.

Concentrate Spraying:

Use a sprayer designed and set up for concentrate spraying (that is a sprayer which applies spray volumes less than those required to reach the point of run-off) and matched to the crop being sprayed. Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy using your chosen spray volume. Determine an appropriate dilute spray volume (See Dilute Spraying above) for the crop canopy. This is needed to calculate the concentrate mixing rate. The mixing rate for concentrate spraying can then be calculated in the following way.

EXAMPLE ONLY

1. Dilute spray volume as determined above: For example 1500L/ha
2. Your chosen concentrate spray volume: For example 500L/ha
3. The concentration factor in this example is: 3 X (i.e. 1500L ÷ 500L = 3)
4. If the dilute label rate is 10mL/100L, then the concentrate rate becomes 3x10, that is 30mL of product per 100L water for concentrate spraying.

The chosen spray volume, amount of product per 100L of water, and the sprayer set up and operation may need to be changed as the crop grows. For further information on concentrate spraying, users are advised to consult relevant industry guidelines, undertake appropriate competency training and follow industry Best Practices.

COMPATIBILITY

This product may be combined with: Fosetyl* 800 WG (see NOTE below), azinphos-methyl, Carbaryl 500 Flowable, chlorfenvinphos, chlorpyrifos 500g/L EC, demeton-S-methyl, Mancozeb 750 WDG, endosulfan, fenarimol, Dicofof 480 EC, Kocide (Warning: DO NOT mix Iprodione Liquid with kocide for use on potatoes), thiodicarb 375, maldison 500, metalaxyl, methomyl methamidophos, methyl parathion, pirimicarb, propargite, triadimenol.

When tank mixing products the order of mixing is determined by formulation type. As a guide the following mixing sequence is recommended:

1. Wettable powders
2. Suspension concentrates (e.g. Iprodione 250)
3. Water Dispersible Granules
4. Suspo-emulsions
5. Soluble powders
6. Solutions
7. Emulsifiable concentrates
8. Soluble concentrates
9. Wetting agents and oils

With any mixture, thoroughly agitate immediately before applying. It is not recommended to mix this product with more than one of the above chemicals in the tank. DO NOT tank mix this product with fertilisers.

Note: *Mixing TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide with Fosetyl 800 WG may result in some settling out.

Ornamentals and Turf: The use of this product with surfactant or spray oils is not recommended as it may result in damage to sensitive plants. DO NOT mix with fertilizers. Mixtures with some fertilizers eg urea may cause foliar damage. Mixtures Fosetyl 800 WG with may result in some settling out. As formulations of other manufacturers' products are beyond the control of TITANAG Pty Ltd, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, which could be expected to cause spray drift onto adjacent crops, croplands, pastures, livestock, natural or impounded lakes, dams or other waterways.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Toxic to aquatic organisms. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Protect from frost.

For Non-Refillable Containers: Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or a designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

For Refillable Containers: Storage must be secure so that contents cannot be tampered with. All locks and/or seals must be in order. If locks or seals are broken prior to initial use then the integrity of this product cannot be assured. If this occurs TITAN AG Pty Ltd should be advised immediately. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin and avoid inhalation of vapour. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and goggles. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the material safety data sheet (MSDS). A material safety data sheet for TITAN Iprodione 250 Fungicide is available from TITAN AG Pty Ltd on request. Call Customer Service on (02) 9986 2943 or visit www.titanag.com.au

CONDITIONS OF SALE

TITAN AG Pty Ltd shall not be liable for any loss injury damage or death whether consequential or otherwise whatsoever or howsoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise in connection with the sale supply use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on TITAN AG's skill or judgment in purchasing or using the same and every person dealing with this product does so at his own risk absolutely. No representative of TITAN AG Pty Ltd has any authority to add to or alter these conditions.

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