POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



Grazon* DS Herbicide

ACTIVE CONSTITUENTS: 300 g/L TRICLOPYR present as butoxyethyl ester

100 g/L PICLORAM present as hexyloxypropylamine salt



For control of a range of environmental and noxious woody and herbaceous weeds as specified in the Directions For Use Table.

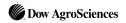
SHAKE WELL BERFORE USE.

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APVMA Approval No: 31558/0106



DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRAINTS:

- DO NOT apply to weeds which may be stressed (not actively growing) due to prolonged periods of extreme cold, moisture stress (water-logged or drought affected), poor nutrition, presence of disease, damage or previous herbicide treatment, as reduced levels of control may result.
- DO NOT spray if rain is likely within one hour or if foliage is wet from rain or dew.
- DO NOT burn off, cut or clear blackberry or other woody weeds for at least six months after spraying.
- **DO NOT** apply by aerial application in wind in excess of 15 km/hr and air temperatures above 35°C.
- In areas prone to flooding treatment should commence after any annual flooding as such areas flooded within 9 months following application may have reduced results.

1. WOODY WEED SITUATIONS

Table A: High Volume Spraying

See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

| AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY. | | | | | |
|--|--|--------------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED | WEED GROWTH CONTROLLED | STATE | RATE /100 L WATER | CRITICAL COMMENTS | |
| African boxthorn | Less than 2 m tall | All States | 500 mL | Apply when bushes have good leaf cover, growth and no leaf fall. | |
| Angophora spp. | 1 to 3 m tall | | 350 mL | | |
| Australian blackthorn | Less than 2 m tall | | 500 mL | Apply from late spring to early autumn. | |
| Banksia spp. | 1 to 3 m tall | | 350 mL | | |
| Biddy bush (Chinese shrub) (Sifton bush) | Autumn when actively growing | ACT and NSW only | 500 mL | Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant (e.g. BS 1000°) at 125 mL/100 L of water for best results. | |
| Blackberry in association with: Docks Ragwort Smartweed Thistles | Late spring to autumn | All States | 350 mL OR 500 mL | Use the higher rate on plants which have been damaged by grazing stock or insects and on known difficult to kill blackberry. Where herbicides other than Group I herbicides have been used, allow two seasons regrowth to occur before respraying with Grazon DS. | |
| Blue heliotrope | Flowering | NSW and Qld only | 500 mL | Apply in a minimum spray volume of 1250 L/ha. | |
| Brooms: Cape English Flax leaf | Spring to mid-summer prior to pod formation | All States | 250 mL | Apply as a thorough foliage spray. | |
| Montpellier | Autumn to winter | | 350 mL | | |
| Camphor laurel | Less than 2 m tall | All States | | | |
| | Above 2 m tall | | 500 mL | | |
| Casuarina spp. | 1 to 3 m tall | | 350 mL | | |
| Chinee apple | Less than 2 m tall | Qld and WA only | | Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant (e.g. BS 1000) at 100 mL/100 L of water for best results. | |
| Cockspur thorn | Spring to autumn | ACT, NSW and Qld only | | Apply as a thorough foliage spray. | |
| Common sensitive plant | Any time when actively growing | NT, Qld and WA only | 200 mL | To avoid leaves closing during application, spray plants while moving forward. Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant (e.g. BS 1000) at 100 mL/100 L of water for best results. | |
| Crofton weed | Spring to autumn | ACT, NSW and Qld only | 350 mL | Apply as a thorough foliage spray. | |



See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY. WEEDS CONTROLLED WEED GROWTH STATE RATE CRITICAL COMMENTS CONTROLLED /100 L WATER Eastern cotton bush NSW and 500 ml Add Uptake Spraving Oil at 500 mL/100 mL of Spring to autumn (Mairean amicrophylla) Qld only water. Some bushes may require a follow-up spray to control regrowth. 350 mL Apply the high rate where difficult to control Seedling and All States Eucalyptus spp. regrowth from ΩR species of Eucalyptus regrowth is present. 500 mL small lignotubers, Addition of an adjuvant may improve results 1 to 3 m tall contact Dow AgroSciences for details. Fresh growth in 500 mL Galenia NSW only Use 2000 L of spray mixture/ha. spring to summer Giant bramble Spring to autumn NT. Old and Penetration of thick clumps may be difficult and WA only respraying may be necessary. Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant (e.g.BS 1000) at 100 mL/100 L of water for hest results Gorse 1 to 1.5 m tall All States 250 mL Spring and Summer treatment only. Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant Over 1.5 m tall or 350 mL (e.g. BS 1000) at 100 mL/100 L of water for autumn treatment best results. 500 mL Brownout may not be complete until summer. Winter treatment Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant (e.g. BS 1000) at 100 mL/100 L of water for best results. Groundsel bush 1 to 1.5 m tall in All States 250 mL Apply as a thorough foliar spray. (Baccharis halimifolia) spring to summer 350 ml Over 1.5 m tall or autumn treatment Green cestrum Late spring to ACT, NSW and 500 mL One application may give satisfactory control. early autumn Qld only Any subsequent regrowth and seedlings must be resprayed at approximately 1 metre high. Hawthorn Less than 2 m tall All States Apply from late spring to early autumn. Horehound Pre-flowering All States 350 ml Apply as a thorough foliar spray. Japanese sunflower NSW and Qld only Lantana Up to 1 m tall in All States Add one of the following adjuvants, when using (Lantana camara) Summer to autumn 350 mL rate: (Lantana montevidensis) Uptake* Spraying Oil @ 0.5% v/v. Pulse® Penetrant @ 0.1% v/v. 500 or 750 ml Thoroughly wet foliage, stems and soil around the 1 to 2 m tall in Summer to autumn base of the plants. Use higher rate on known harder to kill varieties. 200 mL Lion tail Pre-flowering Old only Apply as a thorough foliar spray. (Leonatis nepetifolia) Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant (e.g. BS 1000) at 100 mL/100 L of water for best results. Limebush Any time of year NT and 350 mL Penetration of thick clumps may be difficult and with good leaf Qld only respraying may be required. cover and soil Addition of an adjuvant may improve results moisture contact Dow AgroSciences for details.



See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY. WEEDS CONTROLLED WEED GROWTH STATE DATE CRITICAL COMMENTS CONTROLLED /100 L WATER Manuka For optimum results, add Pulse Penetrant at At flowering Vic only 500 ml 200 mL/100 L of spray. Thoroughly wet foliage, stems and soil around the base of the plants. Seedling, full leaf NSW NT Old 350 ml DO NOT spray plants bearing pods. Mesquite and flowering and WA only Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant (Prosopis spp.) (e.g. BS 1000) at 100 mL/100 L of water for before podding Prosopis velutina Qld only 670 mL hest results Spring to Autumn ACT, NSW and 350 mL Apply as a thorough foliar spray. Mistflower Qld only Mother-of-millions Flowering NSW and 500 mL Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant (e.g. BS 1000) at 100 mL/100 L of water. Qld only Paddy's lucerne Active growth NSW only Plants that have been continually slashed or grazed over many seasons may be difficult to control and regrowth may occur. Parkinsonia Under 2 m tall NT. Qld and 350 ml Add Uptake Spraving Oil @ 500 mL/100 L water. Avoid spraying under dry conditions when plants are WA only stressed or bearing pods. Thoroughly wet foliage. Prickly pear (common) Active phyllode All States 500 mL Apply as a thorough foliage spray. Regrowth may occur, so a follow-up application Smooth tree pear arowth may be necessary. Up to 1.5 m tall NT. Qld and 350 ml Spray all leaves and stems just to the point of Rubber vine (Not infected with rust) at flowering WA only runoff and thoroughly spray the base of the plant. With larger, more dense stands, regrowth may Dense stands 500 mL occur. Subsequent control of any regrowth should greater than 1.5 m be done by basal bark spraying. tall at flowering Active growth Qld and WA only 350 mL Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant Siam weed (e.g. BS 1000) at 100 mL/100 L of water for best results. Sicklepod Up to flowering NT. Qld and 200 mL DO NOT apply to podding plants, Add a 100% WA only concentrate non-ionic surfactant (e.g. BS 1000) at 100 mL/100 L of water for best results. St John's wort From flowering to All States 500 mL Late spring to early summer. early seed set Sweet brian Up to 1.5 m tall All States 350 ml Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant (e.g. BS 1000) at 100 mL/100 L of water for hest results Full leaf to ripe fruit prior to leaf fall. Thorough wetting including the crown is recommended. Tohacco weed Actively growing NT. Old and 300 mL Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant plants WA only (e.g. BS 1000) at 100 mL/100 L of water for hest results Wattle (Acacia spp.) 1 to 3 m tall 350 mL All States (except corkwood wattle) Wild rosemary Active growth, Qld only 350 to 500 mL Use lower rate on seedlings 0.5 m tall. 0.5 to 1.0 m tall (Cassinia laevis) Apply as a thorough foliar spray. Wild tobacco tree Spring to autumn ACT, NSW 350 mL up to 2 m tall and Qld only

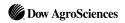


Table B: Aerial Application

See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

| AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY. | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED | WEED GROWTH CONTROLLED | STATE | RATE /ha | CRITICAL COMMENTS | |
| Blackberry | Summer to autumn | NSW, Qld, SA, Vic and WA only | 10 L | Where herbicides other than Group I herbicides have been used, allow two seasons regrowth to occur before respraying with Grazon DS. WARNING: Eucalyptus species up to 4 m may be killed if sprayed during this treatment. Mature trees which are 15 to 20 m tall may be partially defoliated but are likely to recover. | |
| Gorse | | Tas only | | Helicopter application only. | |
| Cockspur thorn Crofton weed Lantana Mistflower | Late autumn | NSW, NT and Qld only (helicopter only) | 1.5 L plus 7.5 L 2,4-D amine (500 g/L formulation) | Spray with calibrated equipment using the half overlap opposite pass technique applying a minimum spray volume of 150 L/ha. Follow-up respraying will be required. | |
| Lantana | | | 10 L | Helicopter application only. | |
| Rubber vine (Not infected with rust) | When flowering | NT and Qld only (helicopter only) | 3 L to 5 L | Use rates will depend upon the density and height of the rubber vine stand. The higher rate should be used on dense stands, however, complete coverage and penetration may be difficult. Follow-up respraying will be required. Any regrowth should be sprayed with a suitable basal bark herbicide. | |
| St John's wort | Flowering to early seed set (Nov-Jan) | NSW only | 4 L | Helicopter application only. Follow-up spraying will be required in the following season. | |
| Parkinsonia | Seedlings 1-2 m tall, or 12 - 24 months old | Qld and NT only (helicopter only) | 3 L | Add Uptake Spraying Oil at 1 L/ha. | |

Table C: Controlled Droplet Application (C.D.A.)

See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

| AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY. | | | | | |
|--|---|------------|-----------------|--|--|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED | WEED GROWTH STATE RATE CRITICAL COMMENTS CONTROLLED /ha | | | | |
| Blackberry in association with: Docks Ragwort St John's wort Thistles | Summer to autumn | All States | Apply undiluted | One application may give satisfactory control but subsequent regrowth and seedlings should be re-sprayed after hardening off. Where herbicides other than Group I herbicides have been used, allow two seasons regrowth to occur before respraying with Grazon DS. | |

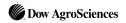


Table D: Low Volume High Concentrate Application Techniques

(Gas Powered Gun, Sprinkler Sprayer)

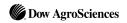
See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY. WEEDS CONTROLLED WEED GROWTH STATE RATE CRITICAL COMMENTS CONTROLLED /10 I WATER ACT, NSW, Qld. Apply to actively growing bushes which are able to Blackberry 335 ml Late spring to autumn SA, Tas and be sprayed on all sides. For larger bushes, the high WA only volume application technique is recommended. Camphor laurel Less than ACT NSW 500 ml Cockspur thorn 1.5 m high and Qld only Crofton weed Eucalvotus species Seedlings up All States 335 mL to 2 m tall 500 mL Mistflower Less than ACT. NSW 1.5 m high and Qld only Sweet briar 1.5 m tall, full leaf NSW only Gas Powered Gun only: Apply to actively growing to ripe fruit bushes not more than 1.5 m tall that have not more than 5 stems from the crown. During flowering Gas Powered Gun only: One application should St John's wort NSW, Tas and to early seed set provide control. Minor regrowth and seedlings may Vic only be retreated the following summer. Apply to actively growing bushes which are able to Wild tobacco tree Less than ACT, NSW and be sprayed on all sides. For larger bushes, the high 1.5 m high Qld only volume application technique is recommended.

Table E: Boom Application

See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

| AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY. | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------------|-------------|--|--|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED | WEED GROWTH CONTROLLED | STATE | RATE /ha | CRITICAL COMMENTS | |
| Galenia | Fresh growth during spring to summer | NSW only | 5 L | Rough mine sites will require adequate spray equipment such as boomless nozzles for effective coverage. | |
| Sicklepod | Up to flowering | NT and Qld only | 3 L | DO NOT apply to podding plants. Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant (e.g. BS 1000) at 100 mL/100 L of water. | |
| St John's wort | Flowering to early seed set (Nov-Jan) | NSW only | 2 to 4 L | Use the higher rate on dense infestations and when longer residual control is required. Follow-up respraying will be required in the following season. | |



2. FALLOW SITUATIONS

Table A: Boom Application

See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

| FALLOW | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|---|--|--|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED | WEED GROWTH CONTROLLED | STATE | RATE /ha | CRITICAL COMMENTS | |
| Blackberry nightshade - Suppression only | 10 to 25 cm tall prior to flowering | NSW and Qld only | 200 to 400 mL + 1.2 L glyphosate | FOR USE BY GROUND EQUIPMENT ONLY. Plants must be actively growing. | |
| Camel melon Prickly paddy melon Cucumber melon | From 2 leaf to 50 cm diameter | | 450 + adjuvant | Use the lower rate on the smaller weeds, as specified in the weed growth stage (or up to 5 cm diameter for <i>Polymeria pusilla</i>). | |
| (Cucumis melo) Common sowthistle | From 8 leaf | | | Refer to glyphosate 450 label for use of adjuvant. | |
| Gommon Sowanisas | to flowering | | | DO NOT plant susceptible crops for up to 9 months after application, as specified in GENERAL | |
| Cow vine | From 2 to 5 leaf up to 15 cm | | | INSTRUCTIONS - MINIMUM RECROPPING PERIODS - Black Cracking Clay Soils, NNSW & QId. | |
| | diameter, prior to flowering | | | Dry conditions after application will increase the recropping interval. | |
| Lucerne (established) | Active growth, 15 to 25 cm high, during spring | 25 cm high, | 300 to 500 mL + 1.2 L glyphosate 450 + adjuvant | (0) | |
| Polymeria pusilla | 2 to 12 leaf up to 20 cm diameter, prior to flowering | | 200 to 400 mL + 1.2 L glyphosate 450 + adjuvant | | |

Table B: Blanket Wiper Application

See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION section for application method details.

| FALLOW | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|
| WEEDS CONTROLLED | WEED GROWTH STAGE | STATE | RATE /ha | CRITICAL COMMENTS | |
| Bitterbark (Alstonia constricta) | From summer to end of autumn | Qld | 1:4 (1 part Grazon DS to 4 parts water) | For use with blanket wipers only. | |
| (vilotoma donotriola) | 4 parts water) 2% solution for spot spray (e.g. 100 mL | | | For best results apply in autumn to tall (> 60 cm) plants using two opposite directional passes (up and back). | |
| | | | | Follow up "missed" plants with a spot spray application. These will be obvious after 6 weeks. | |
| | | Blanket wiper applications can be made in summer when plants are smaller but follow up spot spraying may be necessary. | | | |
| | | Grazon DS in 5 L water) | DO NOT disturb (cultivate) the treated patches for at least 3 months. Best long term control is achieved when patches are left undisturbed for as long as possible after treatment (at least 6 months). | | |
| | | | | Spot spraying "missed" plants: thoroughly wet all stems and leaves without producing any solution run-off. Avoid any spray reaching the soil surface. | |

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

IN TASMANIA FOR BLACKBERRY:

. DO NOT treat bushes carrying mature or near mature fruit.

FOR NATIVE VEGETATION:

Use of Grazon DS on native vegetation must be done in accordance with STATE and/or LOCAL legislation.

WITHHOLDING PERIOD

. NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.



GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

MINIMUM RECROPPING PERIODS - Black Cracking Clay Soils, NNSW & Qld.

A: Boom Application

Plant-back periods for crops following the application of Grazon DS for rates up to 600 mL/ha.

| RATE mL/hA | 200 | 300 | 400 | 600 | |
|------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|--|
| CROP | Months | | | | |
| Wheat | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | |
| Barley | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | |
| Canola | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| Faba bean | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | |
| Chickpea | 4 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| Lucerne | 6 | 9 | 9 | 9 | |

These plantback periods are based on a normal rainfall pattern. During drought conditions (or when the rainfall is less than 100 mm for a period of 4 months or greater) the plantback period may be significantly longer.

Table B: Blanket Wiper Application

Plant-back periods for crops following blanket wiper application.

| CROP | Months | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Broadleaf crops | 18 | | |
| Lucerne | 6 This will allow any potential soil residues to dissipate, if any, and allow effective control. | | |

NOTE:

Before using Grazon DS in tank mixes with other herbicides, check the plant-back information on all product labels. The most residual product, i.e. the product with the longest plant-back period, will determine the time between spraying and planting.

COMPATIBILITY

Follow any regional restrictions, and all directions and restrictions on the label, of any chemical mixed with Grazon DS (e.g. 2,4-D amine). Grazon DS is compatible with the following herbicides: Dow AgroSciences 2, 4-D Amine 625, Abound 300, 2,4-D amine, DP®600, glyphosate, metsulfuron-methyl, Roundup®CT, Starane* 200 Grazon DS is compatible with the following adjuvants, as per DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Uptake* Spraying Oil, BS1000®, Pulse® Penetrant.

MIXING

Mix only with water.

 Half fill the spray unit with water, and add the required amount of Grazon DS. Add the remaining water with the agitator running. If required, then add spray oils or wetters (surfactants). Maintain mechanical or by-pass agitation in the spray tank during spraying. Only mix sufficient solution for immediate daily use and avoid storing.

APPLICATION

1. WOODY WEED SITUATIONS

Weeds need to be actively growing for herbicides to have optimum effect. Delay treatment until all regrowth has had time to grow to approximately 1 metre in situations which have been bulldozed, slashed, burnt, ploughed or areas having a previous chemical treatment.

A. High Volume Spraying

 Thorough coverage of foliage to the point of run-off is essential, however, avoid excess spraying which is wasteful of chemical.

Hand Gun

- Apply the recommended mix to give full coverage of leaves and stems through a No. 6 to 8 tip at 700 to 1500 kPa (400 to 500 kPa for St John's wort).
- A spray volume of 3000 to 4000 L per infested hectare of 1 to 2 metre high blackberry (30 to 40 L/100 m²) should be used.
- Use 2000 L of spray mixture/ha of galenia infestation (i.e. 20 L /100 m² infested area).

Knapsack

- Apply the recommended spray mix to give full coverage of leaves and stems. The final volume of application should be similar to hand gun.
- A spray volume of 3 to 4 L / 10 m² infested area should be used.
- A spray volume of 2 L / 10 m² should be used for an area infested with galenia.

B. Aerial Application

- Apply in 200 L of water/ha using an aircraft to apply 100 L per pass on a double overlap pattern using nozzle configurations to produce droplets of 250 to 350 micron diameter.
- The potential for damage from drift can be greatly reduced by avoiding unsuitable spraying conditions and using spray pressure and nozzles to minimise the production of small droplets.
- DO NOT spray when wind exceeds 15 km/hr and/or air temperature reaches 35°C.

C. Controlled Droplet Application (C.D.A.)

 Results similar to high volume spraying can be obtained using Micron Herbi® or similar equipment.



Select a nozzle to give a flow rate of 2 mL/sec and sweeping action of approximately 1 m/sec to ensure a droplet density of 20/cm. Use a marking agent, as recommended by the equipment manufacturers, to check spray coverage. Also, consult directions provided with C.D.A. unit.

D. Low Volume High Concentrate Application Techniques

- Good control will be achieved, similar to high volume application, where bush size enables good coverage of entire bush. Use a marking agent, as recommended by the equipment manufacturers, to check spray coverage.
- Gas powered gun: Apply 50 mL shots to obtain uniform coverage of 4 to 5 m² of surface area of bush. This relates to 20 droplets/cm² of leaf surface.
- Sprinkler sprayer: This technique involves using a micro sprinkler that is connected to a hollow fibre glass rod attached to a pneumatic knapsack sprayer. Use at low pressures (50 to 200 kPa) and apply with a slow sweeping action over the top of the plants ensuring even coverage on the leaves.

E. Boom Application

 Application in a minimum spray volume of 200 L/ha for galenia and St. John's wort and 600 L of water/ha for sicklepod. Flat fan nozzles are recommended, using pressure in the range of 200-300 kPa. Boom height must be set to ensure double overlap of nozzle patterns.

2. FALLOW SITUATIONS

A. Boom Application

 Application of Grazon DS in a minimum spray volume of 50 L/ha is recommended. Flat fan nozzles are recommended, using pressure in the range of 200-300 kPa. Boom height must be set to ensure double overlap of nozzle patterns.

B. Blanket Wiper Application

- Blanket needs to be made from durable and wettable material with a rigid backing.
- Blanket should be rigidly mounted behind motorised vehicle (eg. tractor, 4-wheel drive vehicle) and set low but never touching the ground. The chemical solution should be fed to the blanket at a flow rate sufficient to keep the blanket wet but not dripping. In thick patches the blanket may require more frequent solution recharge (rewetting).
- Ideally, a scraper bar should be mounted in front of the blanket in order to scrape or damage the bark (but not sever the stems) prior to the blanket wiping the stems.
 This scraper may be mounted at the front of the vehicle.
- Two passes (in opposite direction) with the blanket increases the contact with the plant. Ground speeds of 10 -15 kph are ideal for blanket wiping application.

CLEANING SPRAY EQUIPMENT

Rinsina

 After using Grazon DS, empty the spray unit completely and drain the whole system. Thoroughly wash inside the unit using a pressure hose. Drain the spray unit, and clean any filters in the tank, pump, lines, hoses and nozzles. After cleaning the spray unit as above, quarter fill with clean water and circulate through the pump, lines, hoses and nozzles. Drain and repeat the rinsing procedure twice.

Decontamination

Before spraying cotton and other sensitive crops with equipment that has been used to apply Grazon DS (see PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS section).

Wash the tank and rinse the system as above. Then quarter fill the tank and add a standard alkali based laundry detergent at 500 g (or mL)/100 L water and circulate throughout the system for at least 15 minutes. If using a concentrated laundry detergent use 250 g (or mL)/100 L water. Do not use chlorine based cleaners.

Drain the whole system. Remove filters and nozzles and clean them separately. Finally flush the system with clean water and allow to drain.

Rinse water should be discharged onto a designated disposal area or, if this is unavailable, onto unused land away from desirable plants and watercourses.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING



Grazon DS Herbicide is a member of the pyridines group of herbicides. The product has the disrupters of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management, the product is a Group I herbicide.

Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to the product and other disrupters of plant cell growth herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by the product or other disrupters of plant cell growth herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Dow AgroSciences accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of the product to control resistant weeds.

Strategies to minimise the risk of herbicide resistance are available. Contact your farm chemical supplier, consultant, local Department of Agriculture, or local Dow AgroSciences representative.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

Crops susceptible to Grazon DS include, but are not limited to: peas, lupins, lucerne, navy beans, peanuts, soybeans and other legumes, cotton, flowers, fruit, hops, ornamentals, shade trees and *Pinus* spp., potatoes, safflower, sugar beet, sunflowers, tobacco, tomatoes, vegetables and vines.

Grazon DS is damaging to susceptible crops during both growing and dormant periods. Grasses are normally unaffected and establish quickly after treatment.



Picloram, one of the active constituents in this product can remain active in the soil for extended periods depending on soil type and application rate, rainfall, temperature, humidity, soil moisture and soil organic matter.

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands, pastures, waterways or native vegetation.

DO NOT allow physical spray drift onto waterways, native vegetation and susceptible crops.

DO NOT apply close to, or in areas, containing roots of desirable vegetation, where treated soil may be washed onto areas growing (or areas to be planted with) desirable plants.

DO NOT apply on sites where surface water from heavy rain can be expected to run-off to areas containing, or to be planted with susceptible crops or plants.

DO NOT move soil, which may have been treated to areas where desirable plants are to be grown.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Poisonous plants may become more palatable after spraying and stock should be kept away from these plants until they have died down.

Many plants remain poisonous after death, and stock should not be allowed to access it, as there is a likelihood that they may graze the dead material. Such material should be burnt if possible.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area.

DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

DO NOT store near food, feedstuffs, fertilisers or seed.

The method of disposal of the container depends on the container type. Read the STORAGE AND DISPOSAL instructions on the label that is attached to the container.

SMALL SPILL MANAGEMENT

Wear protective equipment (see SAFETY DIRECTIONS). Apply absorbent material such as earth, sand, clay granules or cat litter to the spill. Sweep up material for disposal when absorption is completed and contain in a refuse vessel for disposal (see STORAGE AND DISPOSAL section). If necessary, wash the spill area with an alkali detergent and water and absorb as above the wash liquid for disposal.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

- Harmful if swallowed
- Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin.
- When preparing the spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrists, a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves and a face shield or goggles.
- If the product is in eyes, wash it out immediately with water
- · Wash hands after use.
- After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

- If poisoning occurs contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone: Australia 13 11 26).
- If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet for Grazon DS Herbicide which is available from Dow AgroSciences on request. Call Customer Service Toll Free on 1-800 700 096 or visit www.dowagrosciences.com.au

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