

POISON
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Ravensdown
PROPICONAZOLE 250
FUNGICIDE



ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 250 g/L PROPICONAZOLE
SOLVENT: 654g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBON

GROUP	3	FUNGICIDE
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For the control of certain fungal diseases of Bananas, Peanuts, Pineapples, Stone Fruit, Sugar Cane, Wheat and other crops in certain states as specified in the Directions for Use Table.

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED BOOKLET BEFORE OPENING OR USING THIS PRODUCT

CONTENTS: * (1L, 5L, 10L, 50L, 90L, 100L, 110L, 200L, 1000L)

RAVENSDOWN FERTILISER CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED
2 BIRKSGATE ROAD ROUS HEAD
Locked Bag 10
NORTH FREMANTLE, W.A. 6159 AUSTRALIA
Phone 08 9430 2222 Fax 1800 683 122
ACN 128 889 814

Batch No:
Date of Manufacture:
APVMA Approval No: 58033 / 54151

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

1L only

Store in the closed, original container in a locked, well-ventilated area, as cool as possible and away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilizers. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. Break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

5, 20 and 200 L only

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Store in a locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilizers. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

10, 50, 90, 100, 110 L only

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Store in a locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilizers. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of storage for refill or storage.

1000 L only

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Store this tightly closed minibulk container in a safe and secure place away from children, animals, food and feedstuffs. Storage must be secure so that contents cannot be tampered with. All locks and/or seals must be in order. If locks or seals are broken prior to initial use then the integrity of this product cannot be assured. If this occurs Ravensdown Fertiliser Cooperative Ltd should be advised immediately. This minibulk container is reusable and remains the property of Ravensdown Fertiliser Cooperative Ltd. DO NOT rinse empty container. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to the point of supply for refill or storage. No other liquid, solid or pesticide product should be put into it. When empty return to Ravensdown Fertiliser Cooperative Ltd for cleaning, relabelling and refilling.

Safety Directions

Harmful if swallowed. Will damage the eyes. Will irritate the nose, throat and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale vapour. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. If product on skin immediately wash area with soap and water. Wash hands after use. When opening the container and preparing the spray wear cotton overalls, buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbow length PVC, nitrile or neoprene gloves, goggles and disposable fume mask. When using the prepare spray wear cotton overalls, buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbow length PVC, nitrile or neoprene gloves and goggles. After each day's use wash gloves, goggles and contaminated clothing.

First Aid

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Telephone Australia 13 11 26). If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water.

NOTICE TO BUYER

The use of Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide being beyond the control of the manufacturer no warranty expressed or implied is given by Ravensdown Fertiliser Cooperative Ltd regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not and Ravensdown Fertiliser Cooperative Ltd accepts no responsibility for any consequence whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.

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ACN 128 889 814

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Restrictions:

Cereals: DO NOT apply more than 2 applications of Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide (or any other Group 3 fungicide) in any one season on the same paddock. Application of Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide should be alternated with a fungicide containing a different mode of action.

CROP	DISEASE	STATE	RATE		WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
			PER HECTARE	HIGH VOLUME		
Apricots	Prune Rust (<i>Tranzschelia discolor</i>)	SA only	-	Dilute Spraying: 32mL/100L Concentrate Spraying: Refer to the Mixing/ Application Section	1 day	<p>This use is subject to a DMI anti-resistance strategy.</p> <p>Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods.</p> <p>Curative control: Apply when the disease first occurs. Further applications should be made when the disease occurs on new growth. DO NOT make more than 5 applications to any individual tree during the season.</p> <p>Protective treatment: Spray mancozeb or zineb mixed with Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide at the full, recommended rates of application.</p>
Bananas (including bananas inter-planted with avocados)	Leaf Spot <i>Mycosphaerella musicola</i> , Leaf Speckle <i>Mycosphaerella musae</i> , Cordana Leaf Spot <i>Cordana johnstonii</i>	Sth Qld, WA, NSW only	Ground Application: 200 to 400mL + 3 to 5L of water miscible oil, in a convenient volume of water. Aerial Application: 400mL + 3 to 5L of a water miscible in a minimum of 30L of water. Aerial Application without water: 400mL + 8 to 10L of spraying oil. (This use does not require further dilution with water).	-		<p>This use is subject to a DMI anti-resistance strategy.</p> <p>Ground Application: Apply by misting machine or airblast sprayer. Use rates towards the higher end of the range where weather conditions favour diseases or where equipment or terrain does not permit thorough spray coverage of all foliage.</p> <p>Sth Qld, NSW: Ground and aerial application: Commence spraying at the start of the summer rainy season. Apply a maximum of 2 consecutive sprays of Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide at 21 to 28 day intervals before applying further treatments of a protectant fungicide from a different activity group. DO NOT apply more than 5 Group 3 sprays in any 12 month period</p> <p>Nth Qld, WA, NT: Ground and aerial application: Commence spraying at the start of the wet season and apply a maximum of 6 sprays per season at 14 to 21 day intervals. For effective control the product must be applied for at least 2 consecutive sprays at 14 to 21 day intervals before further treatments of an alternative protectant fungicide for the remainder of the season. Use the lower rate of oil in Nth Qld. DO NOT apply during June, July, August and September.</p>
		Nth Qld, WA, NT only	Ground Application: 400mL + 3 to 5L of water miscible oil, in a convenient volume of water. Aerial Application: 400mL + 3 to 5L of a water miscible in a minimum of 30L of water. Aerial Application without water: 400mL + 8 to 10L of spraying oil. (This use does not require further dilution with water).			
	Qld, NT, WA only	Ground Application: 400mL + 3 to 5L of water miscible oil, in a convenient volume of water. Aerial Application: 400mL + 3 to 5L of a water miscible in a minimum of 30L of water. Aerial Application without water: 400mL + 8 to 10L of spraying oil. (This use does not require further dilution with water).				
	Black Sigatoka <i>Mycosphaerella fijiensis var difformis</i>					

CROP	DISEASE	STATE	RATE		WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
			PER HECTARE	HIGH VOLUME		
Barley	Powdery Mildew <i>Blumeria graminis</i>	All States	150 to 500 mL	-	4 weeks Grazing 7 days	Spray at the first sign of the disease during the tillering stage. A repeat spray 21 to 28 days later may be required. Ensure thorough coverage of stems and leaves. Powdery Mildew: Higher rates provide longer protection.
	Barley Scald <i>Rhynchosporium secalis</i>					
	Net Blotch: Spot Form <i>Pyrenophora teres f. maculata</i>					
Boronia	Rust <i>Puccinia boroniae</i>	WA, Tas only	500 mL – 1L	-	-	Apply 2 to 5 applications at 10 to 14 day intervals during the main disease period. Use the lower rate when application is made protectively before disease occurs. Use the higher rate when disease is first observed and when the minimum number of applications is applied.
Peanuts	Early Leaf Spot <i>Cercospora arachidicola</i> , Late Leaf Spot <i>Cercosporidium personatum</i>	Sth Qld, NSW, WA only	400 to 600 mL	-	14 days	This use is subject to a DMI anti-resistance strategy. Spray when disease symptoms are first observed. Apply at 14 day intervals while weather conditions favour disease. Use rates towards the higher end of the range when wet conditions prevail. Use a fungicide from a different activity group (non-DMI) after 3 consecutive sprays of Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide alone. Apply a maximum of 5 Group 3 sprays per season. The leaves of peanuts sprayed may become darker green in colour and modified in shape. These effects will not adversely affect yield at recommended rates.
	Rust <i>Puccinia arachidis</i>	Sth Qld, WA only	600 mL			
Peppermint Spearmint grown for oil production only	Mint Rust <i>Puccinia menthae</i>	NSW, Vic, Tas only	500 mL	-	5 weeks	Apply 2 to 5 applications at 10 to 14 day intervals during the main disease period. DO NOT use on mint grown for the fresh market.
Perennial Ryegrass	Stem Rust <i>Puccinia graminis</i> , Blind Seed Disease <i>Gloeotinia granigena</i>	Vic only			4 weeks	Apply at ear emergence and again at anthesis.
Plums for prune production	Prune Rust <i>Tranzschelia discolor</i>	NSW, Vic, SA, WA only	-	Dilute spraying 32 mL/100 L Concentrate Spraying Refer to the Mixing/Application Section	1 day	This use is subject to a DMI anti-resistance strategy. Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods. Curative control: Apply when the disease first occurs. Further application should be made when the disease occurs on new growth. DO NOT make more than 5 applications to any individual tree during the season. Protective Treatment: Spray mancozeb or zineb mixed with Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide at the recommended rates of application.
Pineapples	Base Rot <i>Thielaviopsis paradoxa</i>	Qld, NT, WA only	-	10 to 20 mL/ 100 L	-	Preplant Dip: Ensure thorough coverage by totally immersing the planting material into the dip solution. Allow 50 mL of dip solution per plant. Apply the higher rate under conditions of high disease pressure.

CROP	DISEASE	STATE	RATE		WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
			PER HECTARE	HIGH VOLUME		
Poppies <i>Papaver somniferum</i>	Leaf Smut <i>Entyloma fuscum</i>	Tas only	500 mL	-	28 days	Usage recommended by poppy contract companies. Apply as mid season application in the full flower/petal drop period when disease is present.
Stone fruit	Brown Rot (Blossom Blight) Blossom Phase <i>Monilinia laxa</i>	Vic, Tas, WA only		Dilute spraying 25 mL/100 L Concentrate Spraying Refer to the Mixing/Application Section	1 day	<p>This use is subject to a DMI anti-resistance strategy. Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods. Apply at early (1 to 10%) blossom and again at full bloom. A further application is made at shuck-fall. DO NOT apply more than 2 consecutive sprays of fungicides from the same group before changing to another group.</p> <p>Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods. Apply 3 weeks and 1 week before harvest. Only 2 consecutive applications of DMI fungicides can be made during this period. The last blossom blight spray and the first brown rot (fruit phase) spray should be regarded as consecutive applications. For varieties with extended harvesting periods, a third spray during the picking period may be applied if conditions are favourable for disease development.</p>
	Brown Rot (Blossom Phase) <i>Monilinia fructicola</i>	Qld, NSW, Tas, SA, WA only				
	Brown Rot (Fruit Phase) <i>Monilinia fructicola</i>	Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only				
Sugarcane	Pineapple disease <i>Ceratocystis paradoxa</i>	Qld, NSW, WA only	-	20 mL/100 L	-	Ensure thorough coverage of the cut ends of sugarcane setts.
Wheat	Stripe Rust <i>Puccinia striiformis</i>	Qld, NSW, Vic, SA, WA only	250 or 500 mL	-	Harvest 4 weeks Grazing 7 days	Spray between jointing and end of flowering when 10 to 20% of leaves are infected. A repeat spray 21 to 28 days later may be required. Use higher rate under high infection pressure or where longer residual protection is required.
		Tas only				Spray when 10 to 20% of leaves are infected. A repeat spray 21 to 28 days later may be required. Ensure thorough coverage of stems and leaves. Higher rates provide longer protection.
	Powdery Mildew <i>Blumeria graminis</i>	All States	150 to 500 mL	Spray at first sign of disease during the tillering stage. A repeat spray 21 to 28 days later may be required. Ensure thorough coverage of stems and leaves. Higher rates provide longer protection.		
				Stem Rust <i>Puccinia graminis</i>		500 mL
	Septoria Tritici Blotch <i>Mycosphaerella graminicola</i>		250 to 500 mL	Apply after flag leaves are around 70% emerged if infection averages 10% on the flag – 2 leaf. Higher rates provide longer protection. Use higher rates on high potential crops when conditions favour severe disease development. Lower rates are effective under low disease pressure but have reduced residual effect. Ensure thorough coverage.		
	Wheat Leaf Rust <i>Puccinia recondite f.sp. tritici; Puccinia triticina</i>		150 to 500 mL	Apply after flag leaf is 70% emerged and before disease levels reach 1% of flag leaf area. Consider control if disease is greater than 5 to 10% on any lower leaf layer. Use higher rates under high infection pressure or when longer residual protection is required. Lower rates are effective under low disease pressure but have reduced residual effect. Ensure thorough coverage.		

CROP	DISEASE	STATE	RATE		WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
			PER HECTARE	HIGH VOLUME		
Wheat continued	Septoria Nodorum Blotch <i>Phaeosphaeria nodorum</i>					Apply after flag leaves are around 70% emerged if infection averages 10% on the flag-2 leaf. The high rate of application gives a longer period of protection than the lower rates. Use higher rates on high potential crops when conditions favour severe disease development during flowering. Lower rates are effective under low disease pressure but have reduced residual effect. Ensure thorough coverage.
	Yellow Spot <i>Pyrenophora tritici-repentis</i>		250 to 500 mL			Apply after flag leaves are around 70% emerged if infection averages 10% on the flag – 2 leaf. Higher rates provide longer protection. Use higher rates on high potential crops when conditions favour severe disease development. Lower rates are effective under low disease pressure but have reduced residual effect. Ensure thorough coverage.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS:

PERENNIAL RYEGRASS: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 4 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

PEPPERMINT, SPEARMINT: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 35 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

BARLEY, POPPIES, WHEAT: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 4 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

PEANUTS: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

BANANAS, STONE FRUIT: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 1 DAY AFTER APPLICATION.

PINEAPPLES, SUGAR CANE: WITHHOLDING PERIOD NOT REQUIRED

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

DO NOT apply more than 6 sprays per season.

NOTE: For cereals, the flag – 2 leaf is the 3rd last fully emerged leaf ie, the second leaf below flag.

Wheat – Stripe Rust – susceptible varieties – apply when 10% leaves infected.

Wheat – Stripe Rust – moderately susceptible varieties – apply when 15 to 20% leaves infected.

FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE WARNING

GROUP	3	FUNGICIDE
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Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide is a member of the DMI group of fungicides. For fungicide resistance management this product is a Group 3 fungicide. Some naturally occurring individual fungi resistant to Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide and other Group 3 fungicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any fungal population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the fungal population if these fungicides are used repeatedly. These resistant fungi will not be controlled by Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide or other Group 3 fungicides, thus resulting in a reduction in efficacy and possible yield loss. Since the occurrence of resistant fungi is difficult to detect prior to use, Ravensdown Fertiliser Cooperative Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide to control resistant fungi.

Mixing

When mixing Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide only, add the required amount directly to the spray tank and mix well.

When mixing a number of formulations, prior to loading the sprayer, confirm that all components to be mixed are compatible and that the water quality is satisfactory. Allow time for good mixing and dispersion after adding each product.

Fill tank to half to 2/3 of final volume and start sprayer agitation system. Add components in the following order:

- Water conditioners eg pH buffers, and ammonium sulphate.
- Dispersible granules, flowables, suspension concentrates and powders - ensure that each has dispersed before continuing.
- EC formulations, taking care not to add too fast, Includes crop oils
- Water soluble formulations
- Finally add wetters and then top up to desired volume and apply chemical as soon as possible. Do not stop agitation.

For trouble free spraying, sprayer tanks should be run out and lightly rinsed before mixing the next load.

Pineapples – Pre-plant dip

Add the required amount of Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide directly to the dip and mix well. Avoid excessive contamination of the dip with the organic matter.

APPLICATION

Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide may be applied by ground rig, high or low volume, or by air.

Cereals: May be applied by boom spray or aircraft. Ensure complete coverage of all leaves and stems are obtained. The object of spraying is to keep the upper 2 to 3 leaves green and functioning through grain filling stage.

With aircraft, as a guide, apply 10 to 20 L/ha with the lower rate being used when applications are made with a cross wind of not less than 5 knots. Use the higher rates when applying to dense crops.

Bananas: Apply by misting machine, air blast sprayer or aircraft. Use a minimum of 30 L water if applying by air.

Dilute Spraying

Use a sprayer designed to apply high volumes of water up to the point of run-off and matched to the crop being sprayed. Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy. Apply sufficient water to cover the crop to the point of run-off. Avoid excessive run-off. The required water volume may be determined by applying different test volumes, using different settings on the sprayer, from industry guidelines or expert advice. Add the amount of product specified in the Direction for Use Table for each 100 L of water. Spray to the point of run-off. The required dilute spray volume will change and the sprayer set up and operation may also need to be changed, as the crop grows.

Concentrate Spraying

Use a sprayer designed and set up for concentrate spraying (that is a sprayer which applies water volumes less than those required to reach the point of run-off) and matched to the crop being sprayed. Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy using your chosen water volume. Determine an appropriate dilute spray volume (see Dilute spraying above) for the crop canopy. This is needed to calculate the concentrate-mixing rate. The mixing rate for concentrate spraying can then be calculated in the following way;

Example Only

Dilute spray volume as determined above: for example 1500 L/ha.

Your chosen concentrate spray volume: for example 500 L/ha.

The concentration factor in this example is: $3 \times$ (i.e., $1500 \text{ L} \div 500 \text{ L} = 3$).

If the dilute label rate is 10 mL/100L, then the concentrate rate becomes 3×10 that is 30 mL/100L of concentrate spray.

The chosen spray volume amount of product per 100 L of water and the sprayer set up and operation may need to be changed as the crop grows. For further information on concentrate spraying users are advised to consult relevant industry guidelines, undertake appropriate competency training and follow industry Best Practices.

Compatibility

Ravensdown Propiconazole 250 Fungicide may be mixed with any one of the registered products containing azinphos-methyl, demeton-s-methyl, diazinon, methomyl liquid, metalaxyl, propargite, parathion, copper oxychloride, mancozeb, zineb and chlorothalonil.

Precaution: Re-entry Period

DO NOT enter treated area until spray has dried.

Protection of Wildlife, Fish, Crustaceans and Environment

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers

Protection of Livestock

Low hazard to bees. No special precautions are required.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

10, 50, 90,100, 110 L only - Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Store in a locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilizers. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of storage for refill or storage.

1000 L only - Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Store this tightly closed minibulk container in a safe and secure place away from children, animals, food and feedstuffs. Storage must be secure so that contents cannot be tampered with. All locks and/or seals must be in order. If locks or seals are broken prior to initial use then the integrity of this product cannot be assured. If this occurs Ravensdown Cooperative should be advised immediately. This minibulk container is reusable and remains the property of Ravensdown Cooperative. DO NOT rinse empty container. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to the point of supply for refill or storage. No other liquid, solid or pesticide product should be put into it. When empty return to Ravensdown Cooperative for cleaning, relabelling and refilling.

Safety Directions

Harmful if swallowed. Will damage the eyes. Will irritate the nose, throat and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale vapour. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. If product on skin immediately wash area with soap and water. Wash hands after use. When opening the container and preparing the spray wear cotton overalls, buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbow length PVC, nitrile or neoprene gloves, goggles and disposable fume mask. When using the prepare spray wear cotton overalls, buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbow length PVC, nitrile or neoprene gloves and goggles. After each day's use wash gloves, goggles and contaminated clothing.

First Aid

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Telephone Australia 13 11 26). **If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water.**

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