

File: 46511_48979_1 kg_Base label_main panel_V1
 Dimensions: 110 x 135 mm Scale: 100% (A4, A3)

Logran[®] 750WG



SELECTIVE HERBICIDE



ACTIVE CONSTITUENT:
750 g/kg TRIASULFURON

GROUP B HERBICIDE

*For pre-plant control
of Annual Ryegrass,
Paradoxa Grass and certain
broadleaf weeds in Wheat,*

*and for post-emergent control of Wild Radish in
Wheat, Oats and Barley as per the Directions for Use*

IMPORTANT: Read the attached booklet before use

1 kg NET

*Syngenta Crop Protection Pty Limited
Level 1, 2-4 Lyonpark Road,
Macquarie Park NSW 2113*

*In a transport emergency dial 000,
Police or Fire Brigade
For specialist advice in an emergency
only, call 1800 033 111 (24 hours)*

*APVMA Approval No:
46511/1/1209
SCPEL 1576A 0409
288239*

syngenta[®]

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. Dispose of at a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone 131 126.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

If additional hazard information is required, refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet. For a copy phone 1800 067 108 or visit our website at www.syngenta.com.au

MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY AND EXCLUSION OF LIABILITY

Syngenta Crop Protection Pty Limited has no control over storage, handling and manner of use of this product. Where this material is not stored, handled or used correctly and in accordance with directions, no express or implied representations or warranties concerning this product (other than non-excludable statutory warranties) will apply. Syngenta accepts no liability for any loss or damage arising from incorrect storage, handling or use.

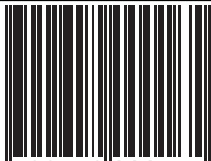
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File: 46511_48979_1 kg_Base label_ancilliary panel_V1
Dimensions: 79 x 130 mm Scale: 100% (A4, A3)



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Batch No.	
Date of Manufacture	

File: 46511_48979_1 kg_Booklet_V1

Dimensions: 84 x 135 mm Scale: 100% (A4, A3)

LIFT
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ACTIVE CONSTITUENT:
750 g/kg TRIASULFURON

GROUP B HERBICIDE

*For pre-plant control
of Annual Ryegrass,
Paradoxa Grass and certain
broadleaf weeds in Wheat,*

*and for post-emergent control of Wild Radish in
Wheat, Oats and Barley as per the Directions for Use*

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WESTERN AUSTRALIA ONLY**DIRECTIONS FOR USE****Pre-emergent Application****Restrains**

DO NOT apply to crops undersown with legumes

DO NOT use if another Group B herbicide (ALS inhibitor) has been used during the current season

Crop	Weeds	Rate/ha
Wheat	Burr Medic, Common Cotula, Corn Gromwell (White Ironweed, Sheepweed), Deadnettle, Denseflower Fumitory, Hedge Mustard, Indian Hedge Mustard, Matricaria, Paterson's Curse, Rough Poppy, Smallflower Fumitory, Ward's Weed, Wild Turnip, Yellow Burrweed (Amsinckia) Suppression of Crassula	30 g
	Annual Ryegrass, Capeweed, Doublegee or Three-cornered Jack (Spiny Emex), Wireweed Suppression of Wild Radish 60 to 80% suppression of Soursob	35 g
	Annual Ryegrass, Corn Gromwell (White Ironweed, Sheepweed), Deadnettle, Hedge Mustard, Indian Hedge Mustard, Prickly Lettuce (Whipthistle), Smallflower Fumitory, Wild Turnip, Wireweed (Hogweed), Ward's Weed	10 to 15 g plus 800 mL trifluralin (480 g/L)

Critical Comments
Apply to bare moist soil prior to sowing or at sowing and incorporate by the sowing operation using low profile 10 cm combine points. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. For best results apply to moist soil when follow up rain is likely to occur within 7 to 10 days. In conservation tillage situations where weeds and grasses have emerged apply as a tank mixture with the recommended rate of knockdown herbicide prior to sowing. When used on Kulin wheat on very acid soils (pH 5.5 in water) or under poor fertility conditions increased stem breakage may occur. Early season crop retardation may occur where the product is used on soils with a pH greater than 8, and which are prone to zinc deficiency.
This mixture to be only used on alkaline soils where pH is greater than 8 (1:5 soil:water suspension method). For best results apply mix to bare moist soil that has a minimum of trash and incorporate to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. Heavy rainfall (greater than 50 mm) within 7 days of application may affect efficacy especially at the 10 g/ha rate. Late germination of some weeds eg Annual Ryegrass will not be controlled in seasons of above average rainfall. Use the higher rate where heavy density of weeds is expected.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

Harvest: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

Grazing: *Pre-emergent Application:* DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

Post-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

WESTERN AUSTRALIA ONLY**DIRECTIONS FOR USE****Post-emergent Application****Restraints**

DO NOT apply to crops undersown with legumes

DO NOT spray when very dry conditions prevail

DO NOT spray under dry frosty conditions

DO NOT use if another Group B herbicide (ALS inhibitor) has been used during the current season

If RAIN FALLS within 6 hours of application, the effect could be diminished

Crop	Weeds	Rate/ha
Barley, Oats, Wheat	Wild Radish	10 to 15 g plus crop oil at 1 L/100 L spray mixture or surfactant at recommended label rates
Barley, Oats, Triticale, Wheat from 3 leaf to early tillering stage	Turnip Weed	6.5 g plus 300 mL Flowable Igran® Liquid Herbicide 500 SC
	Denseflower Fumitory, Hedge Mustard, Smallflower Fumitory	6.5 g plus 300 mL Igran 500 SC to 10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC
	Ball Mustard, Field Peas (Volunteer)	10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC
	Deadnettle	10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC to 13 g plus 600 mL Igran 500 SC
	Australian Crassula, Doublegee or Three-cornered Jack (Spiny Emex), Volunteer Lupins	13 g plus 600 mL Igran 500 SC

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APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION**

Critical Comments

Early post-emergent application: Spray prior to the crop reaching mid-tillering (GS 23) and when Wild Radish is in the 2 to 6 leaf stage. Use rates towards the lower end of the range when weeds are small and growing conditions ideal. Spray only when weeds are actively growing.

Late post-emergent application: Spray during early flowering of the Wild Radish. DO NOT apply to the crop during or after crop anthesis or flowering (GS 60). DO NOT spray on weeds under stress.

Warning: Application to oats may cause some yellowing.

Spray when weeds are in the 2 to 6 leaf stage (up to 6 node/leaflet for Field Peas, 10 leaflet for Vetch), except 2 to 4 leaf for Doublegee. Use rates towards the lower end of the range (where applicable) when weeds are small and soil conditions are very moist.

Spray only when weeds are actively growing.
Spray only after good rain and when top soil is moist. Best results are obtained when good soil moisture has been present since planting.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

Harvest: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

Grazing: Pre-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

Post-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

SOUTH AUSTRALIA ONLY**DIRECTIONS FOR USE****Pre-emergent Application****Restrains**

DO NOT apply to crops undersown with legumes

DO NOT use if another Group B herbicide (ALS inhibitor) has been used during the current season

Crop	Weeds	Rate/ha
Wheat	Ball Mustard, Burr Medic, Corn Gromwell (White Ironweed, Sheepweed), Deadnettle, Denseflower Fumitory, Hedge Mustard, Indian Hedge Mustard, Prickly Lettuce, Rough Poppy, Smallflower Fumitory, Stemless Thistle, Vetch, Ward's Weed, Wild Turnip, Yellow Burrweed (Amsinckia)	30 g
	Annual Ryegrass, Capeweed, Three-cornered Jack or Doublegee (Spiny Emex), Volunteer Chickpeas, Faba Beans, Field Peas, Wireweed 60 to 80% control of Soursob Suppression of Skeleton Weed, Wild Radish and remaining plants	35 g
	Annual Ryegrass, Corn Gromwell (White Ironweed, Sheepweed), Deadnettle, Hedge Mustard, Indian Hedge Mustard, Prickly Lettuce (Whipthistle), Smallflower Fumitory, Wild Turnip, Wireweed (Hogweed), Ward's Weed	10 to 15 g plus 800 mL trifluralin (480 g/L)

Critical Comments
Apply to bare moist soil prior to sowing or at sowing and incorporate by the sowing operation using low profile 10 cm combine points. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. For best results apply to moist soil when follow up rain is likely to occur within 7 to 10 days. In conservation tillage situations where weeds and grasses have emerged apply as a tank mixture with the recommended rate of knockdown herbicide prior to sowing. LOGRAN 750WG will provide good control of volunteer grain legumes, however a small proportion of plants may survive and require an overspray to eliminate the potential for grain contamination. For Skeleton Weed a significant degree of control will be achieved on soil types of a predominantly sandy clay loam mixture with a pH greater than 8. Best control is observed where Skeleton Weed germinates in the very early stages of the crop. Surviving plants will be stunted.
This mixture to be only used on alkaline soils where pH is greater than 8 (1:5 soil:water suspension method). For best results apply mix to bare moist soil that has a minimum of trash and incorporate to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. Heavy rainfall (greater than 50 mm) within 7 days of application may affect efficacy especially at the 10 g/ha rate. Late germination of some weeds eg Annual Ryegrass will not be controlled in seasons of above average rainfall. Use the higher rate where heavy density of weeds is expected.

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WITHHOLDING PERIODS

Harvest: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

Grazing: Pre-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

Post-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

SOUTH AUSTRALIA ONLY**DIRECTIONS FOR USE****Post-emergent Application****Restrains**

DO NOT apply to crops undersown with legumes

DO NOT spray when very dry conditions prevail

DO NOT spray under dry frosty conditions

DO NOT use if another Group B herbicide (ALS inhibitor) has been used during the current season

If RAIN FALLS within 6 hours of application, the effect could be diminished

Crop	Weeds	Rate/ha
Barley, Oats, Wheat late post-emergent application	Wild Radish	15 g plus crop oil at 1 L/100 L spray mixture or surfactant at recommended label rates
Barley, Oats, Triticale, Wheat from 3 leaf to early tillering stage	Faba Beans (Volunteer), Long Fruited Turnip, Long Headed Poppy, Paterson's Curse, Turnip Weed	6.5 g plus 300 mL Igran 500 SC
	Hedge Mustard, Indian Hedge Mustard, Wild Turnip	6.5 g plus 300 mL Igran 500 SC to 10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC
	Ball Mustard, Crassula, Medic, Prickly Lettuce (Whipthistle)	10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC
	Field Peas (Volunteer), Wild Radish	10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC to 13 g plus 600 mL Igran 500 SC
	Lupins (Volunteer), Three-cornered Jack or Doublegee (Spiny Emex), Vetch, Wireweed (less than 3 leaves) suppression	13 g plus 600 mL Igran 500 SC

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Critical Comments

Late post-emergent application: Spray during early flowering of the Wild Radish. DO NOT apply to the crop during or after crop anthesis or flowering (GS 60). DO NOT spray on weeds under stress.
Warning: Application to oats may cause some yellowing.

Spray when weeds are in the 2 to 6 leaf stage (up to 6 node/leaflet for Field Peas, 10 leaflet for Vetch), except 2 to 4 leaf for Doublegee. Use rates towards the lower end of the range (where applicable) when weeds are small and soil conditions are very moist.
Spray only when weeds are actively growing.
Spray only after good rain and when top soil is moist. Best results are obtained when good soil moisture has been present since planting.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

Harvest: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

Grazing: Pre-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

Post-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

NEW SOUTH WALES ONLY**DIRECTIONS FOR USE****Pre-emergent Application****Restrains**

DO NOT apply to crops undersown with legumes

DO NOT use if another Group B herbicide (ALS inhibitor) has been used during the current season

Crop	Weeds	Rate/ha
Wheat	Black Bindweed (Climbing Buckwheat), Burr Medic, Common Cotula, Corn Gromwell (White Ironweed, Sheepweed), Deadnettle, Denseflower Fumitory, Hedge Mustard, Indian Hedge Mustard, Lesser Swinecress, Paterson's Curse, Prickly Lettuce, Rough Poppy, Shepherd's Purse, Smallflower Fumitory, Sowthistle, Stagger Weed, Turnip Weed, Wild Turnip, Yellow Burrweed (Amsinckia) Suppression of Variegated Thistle	30 g
	Annual Ryegrass, Capeweed, Doublegee or Three-cornered Jack (Spiny Emex), Paradoxa Grass (Annual Phalaris), Wireweed Suppression of Wild Radish, Mexican Poppy	35 g
	Annual Ryegrass, Corn Gromwell (White Ironweed, Sheepweed), Deadnettle, Hedge Mustard, Indian Hedge Mustard, Prickly Lettuce (Whipthistle), Smallflower Fumitory, Wild Turnip, Wireweed (Hogweed), Ward's Weed	Southern NSW only 10 to 15 g plus 800 mL trifluralin (480 g/L)

Critical Comments
Apply to bare moist soil prior to sowing and incorporate by the sowing operation using low profile 10 cm combine points. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. For best results apply to moist soil when follow up rain is likely to occur within 7 to 10 days. In conservation tillage situations where weeds and grasses have emerged apply as a tank mixture with the recommended rate of knockdown herbicide prior to sowing. For best results for Paradoxa Grass control, apply to dry soil before the sowing rain.
This mixture to be only used on alkaline soils where pH is greater than 8 (1:5 soil:water suspension method). For best results apply mix to bare moist soil that has a minimum of trash and incorporate to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. Heavy rainfall (greater than 50 mm) within 7 days of application may affect efficacy especially at the 10 g/ha rate. Late germination of some weeds eg Annual Ryegrass will not be controlled in seasons of above average rainfall. Use the higher rate where heavy density of weeds is expected.

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WITHHOLDING PERIODS

Harvest: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

Grazing: Pre-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

Post-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

NEW SOUTH WALES ONLY**DIRECTIONS FOR USE****Post-emergent Application****Restrains**

DO NOT apply to crops undersown with legumes

DO NOT spray when very dry conditions prevail

DO NOT spray under dry frosty conditions

DO NOT use if another Group B herbicide (ALS inhibitor) has been used during the current season

If RAIN FALLS within 6 hours of application, the effect could be diminished

Crop	Weeds	Rate/ha
Barley, Oats, Wheat late post-emergent application	Wild Radish	15 g plus crop oil at 1 L/100 L spray mixture or surfactant at recommended label rates
Barley, Oats, Triticale, Wheat from 3 leaf to early tillering stage	Turnip Weed	6.5 g plus 300 mL Igran 500 SC
	Hedge Mustard, Indian Hedge Mustard, London Rocket, Wild Turnip	6.5 g plus 300 mL Igran 500 SC to 10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC
	Black Bindweed (Climbing Buckwheat), Faba Beans (Volunteer), Field Peas (Volunteer), Medic, Shepherd's Purse	10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC
	Deadnettle, Mexican Poppy, Wild Radish	10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC to 13 g plus 600 mL Igran 500 SC
	Coreopsis, Sunflower (Volunteer), Vetch	13 g plus 600 mL Igran 500 SC

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Critical Comments

Late post-emergent application: Spray during early flowering of the Wild Radish. DO NOT apply to the crop during or after crop anthesis or flowering (GS 60). DO NOT spray on weeds under stress.
Warning: Application to oats may cause some yellowing.

Spray when weeds are in the 2 to 6 leaf stage (up to 6 node/ leaflet for Field Peas, 10 leaflet for Vetch), except 2 to 4 leaf for Doublegee. Use rates towards the lower end of the range (where applicable) when weeds are small and soil conditions are very moist.
Spray only when weeds are actively growing.
Spray only after good rain and when top soil is moist.
Best results are obtained when good soil moisture has been present since planting.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

Harvest: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

Grazing: Pre-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

Post-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

QUEENSLAND ONLY**DIRECTIONS FOR USE****Pre-emergent Application****Restrains**

DO NOT apply to crops undersown with legumes

DO NOT use if another Group B herbicide (ALS inhibitor) has been used during the current season

Crop	Weeds	Rate/ha
Wheat	African Turnip Weed, Black Bindweed (Climbing Buckwheat), Corn Gromwell (White Ironweed, Sheepweed), Deadnettle, Hedge Mustard, Indian Hedge Mustard, New Zealand Spinach, Prickly Lettuce, Slender Celery, Smallflower Fumitory, Turnip Weed, Yellow Burrweed (Amsinckia)	30 g
	Annual Ryegrass, Common Peppergrass, Doublegee or Three-cornered Jack (Spiny Emex), London Rocket, Paradoxa Grass, Stagger Weed Suppression of Wild Radish, Wireweed	35 g

Critical Comments
<p>Apply to weed free soil prior to sowing or at sowing and incorporate by the sowing operation using low profile 10 cm combine points.</p> <p>Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. For best results apply when follow up rain is likely to occur within 7 to 10 days.</p> <p>In conservation tillage situations where weeds and grasses have emerged, apply as a tank mixture with the recommended rate of knockdown herbicide prior to sowing.</p> <p>For Paradoxa Grass control, apply to dry soil before the sowing rain.</p> <p>TO AVOID UNACCEPTABLE RESIDUES DO NOT graze or cut for stock food for 7 weeks after application.</p>

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WITHHOLDING PERIODS

Harvest: **NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED**

Grazing: **Pre-emergent Application:** DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

Post-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

QUEENSLAND ONLY**DIRECTIONS FOR USE****Post-emergent Application****Restrictions**

DO NOT apply to crops undersown with legumes

DO NOT spray when very dry conditions prevail

DO NOT spray under dry frosty conditions

DO NOT use if another Group B herbicide (ALS inhibitor) has been used during the current season

If RAIN FALLS within 6 hours of application, the effect could be diminished

Crop	Weeds	Rate/ha
Barley, Wheat from 3 leaf to early tillering stage	Turnip Weed	6.5 g plus 300 mL Igran 500 SC
	Denseflower Fumitory, Indian Hedge Mustard, Smallflower Fumitory, Wild Turnip	6.5 g plus 300 mL Igran 500 SC to 10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC
	Black Bindweed (Climbing Buckwheat), London Rocket	10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC
	Wild Radish	10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC to 13 g plus 600 mL Igran 500 SC
	Coreopsis, Corn Gromwell (Sheepweed or White Ironweed)	13 g plus 600 mL Igran 500 SC

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Critical Comments

Spray when weeds are in the 2 to 6 leaf stage, except 2 to 4 leaf for Doublegee. Use rates towards the lower end of the range (where applicable) when weeds are small and soil conditions are very moist.

Spray only when weeds are actively growing. Best results are obtained when good soil moisture has been present since planting. **TO AVOID UNACCEPTABLE RESIDUES DO NOT graze or cut for stock food for 14 days after application.**

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

Harvest: **NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED**

Grazing: *Pre-emergent Application:* **DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION**

Post-emergent Application: **DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION**

VICTORIA AND TASMANIA ONLY**DIRECTIONS FOR USE****Pre-emergent Application****Restrictions**

DO NOT apply to crops undersown with legumes

DO NOT use if another Group B herbicide (ALS inhibitor) has been used during the current season

Crop	Weeds	Rate/ha
Wheat	Annual Ryegrass, Burr Medic, Capeweed, Corn Gromwell (White Ironweed, Sheepweed), Deadnettle, Hedge Mustard, Indian Hedge Mustard, Prickly Lettuce (Whipthistle), Smallflower Fumitory, Volunteer Chickpeas, Faba Beans, Field Peas, Wild Turnip, Wireweed (Hogweed), Yellow Burrweed (Amsinckia) Suppression of Wild Radish, Skeleton Weed	30 to 35 g
	Annual Ryegrass, Corn Gromwell (White Ironweed, Sheepweed), Deadnettle, Hedge Mustard, Indian Hedge Mustard, Prickly Lettuce (Whipthistle), Smallflower Fumitory, Wild Turnip, Wireweed (Hogweed), Ward's Weed	10 to 15 g plus 800 mL trifluralin (480 g/L)

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Critical Comments

Apply to bare moist soil prior to sowing or at sowing and incorporate by the sowing operation using low profile 10 cm combine points.

Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. Use rates towards the lower end of the range where broadleaf weeds are the major problem.

Use the higher rate where Capeweed, Volunteer Chickpeas, Faba Beans and Field Peas, Wild Radish and Wireweed are the problem. LOGRAN 750WG will provide good control of volunteer grain legumes, however a small proportion of plants may survive and require an overspray to eliminate the potential for grain contamination. For best results apply to moist soil when follow up rain is likely to occur within 7 to 10 days.

Use the lower rate (30 g/ha) on sandy clay loams with a pH greater than 8.5.

For Skeleton Weed a significant degree of control will be achieved on soil types of a predominantly sandy clay loam mixture with a pH greater than 8. Best control is observed where Skeleton Weed germinates in the very early stages of the crop. Surviving plants will be stunted.

This mixture to be only used on alkaline soils where pH is greater than 8 (1:5 soil:water suspension method). For best results apply mix to bare moist soil that has a minimum of trash and incorporate to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. Heavy rainfall (greater than 50 mm) within 7 days of application may affect efficacy especially at the 10 g/ha rate. Late germination of some weeds eg Annual Ryegrass will not be controlled in seasons of above average rainfall. Use the higher rate where heavy density of weeds is expected.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

Harvest: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

Grazing: Pre-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

Post-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

VICTORIA ONLY**DIRECTIONS FOR USE****Post-emergent Application****Restrains**

DO NOT apply to crops undersown with legumes

DO NOT spray when very dry conditions prevail

DO NOT spray under dry frosty conditions

DO NOT use if another Group B herbicide (ALS inhibitor) has been used during the current season

If RAIN FALLS within 6 hours of application, the effect could be diminished

Crop	Weeds	Rate/ha
Barley, Oats, Wheat late post-emergent application	Wild Radish	15 g plus crop oil at 1 L/100 L spray mixture or surfactant at recommended label rates
Barley, Oats, Triticale, Wheat from 3 leaf to early tillering stage	Paterson's Curse, Turnip Weed	6.5 g plus 300 mL Igran 500 SC
	Hedge Mustard, Indian Hedge Mustard, Wild Turnip	6.5 g plus 300 mL Igran 500 SC to 10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC
	Crassula, Faba Beans (Volunteer), Hyssop Loosestrife, Medic, Prickly Lettuce (Whipthistle)	10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC
	Deadnettle, Field Peas (Volunteer), Wild Radish	10 g plus 440 mL Igran 500 SC to 13 g plus 600 mL Igran 500 SC
	Lupins (Volunteer), Vetch, Wireweed (less than 3 leaves) suppression	13 g plus 600 mL Igran 500 SC

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Critical Comments

Late post-emergent application: Spray during early flowering of the Wild Radish. DO NOT apply to the crop during or after crop anthesis or flowering (GS 60). DO NOT spray on weeds under stress.
Warning: Application to oats may cause some yellowing.

Spray when weeds are in the 2 to 6 leaf stage (up to 6 node/leaflet for Field Peas, 10 leaflet for Vetch), except 2 to 4 leaf for Doublegee. Use rates towards the lower end of the range (where applicable) when weeds are small and soil conditions are very moist.
Spray only when weeds are actively growing.
Spray only after good rain and when top soil is moist.
Best results are obtained when good soil moisture has been present since planting.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

Harvest: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

Grazing: Pre-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

Post-emergent Application: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

LOGRAN 750WG is a water dispersible granular herbicide for the pre-plant, incorporated by sowing, control of Annual Ryegrass, Paradoxa Grass and certain broadleaf weeds in wheat and for post-emergent control of Wild Radish in barley, oats and wheat.

Crops other than barley, cereal rye, oats, triticale and wheat can be very sensitive to low soil concentrations of LOGRAN 750WG thus prior to using the product, careful consideration should be given to crop rotation plans.

Herbicide Resistance Warning**GROUP B HERBICIDE**

LOGRAN 750WG is a member of the sulfonylurea group of herbicides and has the ALS inhibitor mode of action. For weed resistance management this is a Group B herbicide.

Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to LOGRAN 750WG and other Group B herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by LOGRAN 750WG or other Group B herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Syngenta Crop Protection Pty Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of LOGRAN 750WG to control the resistant weeds.

Advice as to strategies and alternative treatments that can be used should be obtained from your local supplier, consultant, local Department of Agriculture, Primary Industries Department or a Syngenta representative.

Mixing

LOGRAN 750WG is a water dispersible granular herbicide which mixes readily with water and is applied as a spray.

- Partly fill the spray tank with water
- Start the agitation
- Add the correct amount of product to the spray tank with the agitation system running
- Continue agitation while topping up the tank with water and while spraying
- Use the spray mix within 24 hours of preparation

Application

Ground Application: Apply by boom spray, applying 30 to 100 L water/ha. Avoid overlapping of boom runs.

Aerial Application: Always spray in a cross wind of less than 5 knots. Ensure good spray coverage is obtained. Apply 20 to 40 L/ha.

Sprayer Cleanup

Where the sprayer is being used to spray cereal crops, rinse the sprayer thoroughly with water. Where the sprayer is being used to spray crops other than cereals:

1. Drain tank and rinse tank and spray boom with clean water for at least 10 minutes.
2. Fill the tank with clean water and add to it 300 mL of household chlorine bleach (containing 4% chlorine) per 100 L of water. Rinse hoses and boom and leave in tank for 15 minutes whilst agitating. Drain through nozzle.
3. Repeat step 2 and then rinse thoroughly with clean water to remove all traces of chlorine bleach.
4. Nozzles and filters should be cleaned separately.
5. Dispose of all water used for cleaning.

Compatibility

When using a tank mix of LOGRAN 750WG and Spray.Seed® 250 Herbicide, add LOGRAN 750WG with constant agitation to approximately half the total volume of water to be used. Ensure that the LOGRAN 750WG is fully dispersed. Add the Spray.Seed, fill the spray tank to full volume with water and mix thoroughly. Apply tank mix immediately, under constant agitation.

LOGRAN 750 WG is compatible with Ally* Herbicide, Ambush® Emulsifiable Concentrate Insecticide, bromoxynil, copper sulphate, Dual® Gold Herbicide, Innova® 2,4-D , Innova Glyphosate 450 Herbicide, Lorsban* 500 EC and 750 WG Insecticide, manganese sulphate, Nufarm Avadex* Xtra Selective Herbicide, sodium molybdate, Spray.Seed, trifluralin, zinc sulphate.

Crop Rotation Guidelines (Pre-emergent Application)**Where the product is applied at the rate of 30 to 35 g/ha**

Unless otherwise specified (see table below), barley, cereal rye, oats, triticale and wheat can be planted the following season without restriction.

Soil pH (1:5 soil:water suspension method)	State	Replanting Interval	Minimum rainfall requirements between application and sowing the following crop
6.5 or less	Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	12 months	300 mm
		15 months	700 mm
	Qld, NSW only	18 months	900 mm
6.6 to 7.5	Qld, NSW only	12 months	500 mm
		15 months	700 mm
		18 months	900 mm
	Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	22 months	500 mm
		24 months	700 mm
7.6 to 8.5	Vic, Tas, SA only	12 months	250 mm
			300 mm
			500 mm
	Qld, NSW only	18 months	700 mm
			24 months
	8.6 and above	Vic, Tas, SA only	12 months
300 mm			
Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only		24 months	700 mm

Δ Includes natural regeneration of Subterranean Clover and Medics. For all other crops seek advice from a Syngenta representative

For other specified crops the LOGRAN 750WG treated area may be replanted after the interval indicated in the table below. These recommendations are made on the assumption that LOGRAN 750WG is applied to a wheat crop that reaches maturity in the season of application.

Crop
Canola, Chickpeas, Faba Beans, Field Peas, Linseed, Lucerne, Lupins, Medics ^Δ , Subterranean Clover ^Δ
Cotton, Cowpea, Maize, Mung Bean, Sorghum, Soybean
Sunflowers
Canola, Chickpeas
Cotton, Cowpea, Maize, Mung Bean, Sorghum, Soybean
Sunflowers
Canola, Chickpeas, Cotton, Faba Beans, Field Peas, Linseed, Lucerne, Lupins, Maize, Medics ^Δ , Sorghum, Soybean, Subterranean Clover ^Δ
Barley, Cereal Rye for grain crops, Oats
Barley, Cereal Rye for hay crops, Oats
Canola, Chickpeas
Cotton, Cowpea, Maize, Mung Bean, Sorghum, Soybean
Canola, Chickpeas, Cotton, Faba Beans, Field Peas, Linseed, Lucerne, Lupins, Maize, Medics ^Δ , Sorghum, Soybean, Subterranean Clover ^Δ
Barley, Cereal Rye for grain crops, Oats
Barley, Cereal Rye for hay crops, Oats
Canola, Chickpeas, Cotton Faba Beans, Field Peas, Linseed, Lucerne, Lupins, Maize, Medics ^Δ , Sorghum, Soybean, Subterranean Clover ^Δ

Where the product is applied at 10 to 15 g/ha plus 800 mL of 480 g/L trifluralin

Where the pH is less than 7.5 the following crops can be replanted from 9 months after application LOGRAN 750WG providing 300 mm of rainfall has been recorded: barley, canola, cereal rye, chickpeas, clover, field peas, lucerne, lupins, medics, oats, safflower, triticale, wheat. Where rainfall is less than 300 mm for this period further advice should be sought from Syngenta.

Where the pH is above 7.5 the following crops can be replanted 9 months after application of LOGRAN 750WG: barley, cereal rye, oats, triticale and wheat.

Where the pH is above 7.5 the following crops can be replanted 12 months after application providing 350 mm of rainfall has been recorded: canola, chickpeas, clover, field peas, lucerne, lupins, medics, safflower. Where less than 350 mm of rain has fallen between application and sowing the crop, further advice should be sought from Syngenta.

Crop Rotation Guidelines (Post-emergent Application)

Soil pH (1:5 soil:water suspension method)	State	Replanting Interval	Crop
6.5 or less	NSW, Vic, SA, WA only	7 months	Canola, Chickpeas, Faba Beans, Field Peas, Linseed, Lucerne, Lupins, Medics ^a , Subterranean Clover ^a
		14 months	Cotton, Maize, Sorghum, Soybean
6.6 to 8.0	NSW, Vic, SA, WA only	20 months	Canola, Chickpeas, Cotton, Faba Beans, Field Peas, Maize, Linseed, Lucerne, Medics ^a , Sorghum, Soybean, Subterranean Clover ^a

^a Includes natural regeneration of Subterranean Clover and Medics. For all other crops seek advice from a Syngenta representative

These recommendations are made on the assumption that LOGRAN 750WG is applied to a wheat crop that reaches maturity in the season of application. Where LOGRAN 750WG is used on soil types with pH greater than 8 (1:5 soil:water suspension test), further advice should be sought from Syngenta regarding crop rotation guidelines, except for barley, cereal rye, oats, triticale and wheat.

Crop Rotation Guidelines (tank mixture of LOGRAN 750WG and Igran)

The following crops can be planted after an application of LOGRAN750WG and Igran:

In areas where pH is less than 7.5

9 months after an application: barley, canola, cereal rye, chickpeas, faba beans, field peas, lupins, medics, oats, safflower, subterranean clover, triticale, wheat.

In areas where pH is greater than 7.5

9 months after an application: barley, cereal rye, oats, triticale, wheat.
14 months after an application: cotton, maize, sorghum, soybeans, sunflowers. Where residual herbicides are applied following an application, the crop rotational guidelines for these products must be followed.

22 months after an application: canola, chickpeas, faba beans, field peas, lupins, medics, safflower, subterranean clover.

For all other crops advice should be sought from Syngenta.

PRECAUTIONS

Some crop yellowing or crop retardation may occur where stress factors such as water logging, drought, excessive soil acidity or alkalinity, nutrient or trace element deficiency, disease (Rhizoctonia, Take-All, cereal cyst nematodes) or soil insects are present or occur following application.

Special care should be taken with regard to the application of LOGRAN 750WG to Durum wheats as these may be more sensitive where the above stresses are present. In these situations crop recovery will be rapid provided the stress factors do not continue exerting a negative effect on the crop's growth.

Crop retardation may also occur in some instances where considerable late summer/early autumn weed growth occurs. Weeds such as Goosefoot, *Chenopodium* spp can release herbicidally active compounds into the soil.

Re-entry Period

DO NOT enter treated areas until spray has dried.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply on or near shrubs, trees, lawns or crops other than barley, oats and wheat.

DO NOT drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants, where their roots may extend or in situations where by movement of soil, or seepage, absorption of the herbicide may occur. DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift over nearby susceptible plants or crops, cropping lands or pastures.

DO NOT allow spray to drift onto adjacent crops and non-target desirable plants.

DO NOT allow spray to drift onto adjacent fallow land.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original containers in a dry, cool, well ventilated area out of direct sunlight.

Rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. Dispose of at a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

FIRST AID


If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone 131 126

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

If additional hazard information is required, refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet. For a copy phone 1800 067 108 or visit our website at www.syngenta.com.au

MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY AND EXCLUSION OF LIABILITY

Syngenta Crop Protection Pty Limited has no control over storage, handling and manner of use of this product. Where this material is not stored, handled or used correctly and in accordance with directions, no express or implied representations or warranties concerning this product (other than non-excludable statutory warranties) will apply. Syngenta accepts no liability for any loss or damage arising from incorrect storage, handling or use.

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