

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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MSDS No. FMC/TAL100/1

## SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

**Product Name: TALSTAR<sup>®</sup> 100 EC INSECTICIDE/MITICIDE**

**Other Names:** Bifenthrin.  
**Use:** Agricultural Insecticide for the control of insects and mites in a range of crops.  
**Company:** FMC Australasia Pty Ltd.  
**Address:** Unit 26, 8 Metroplex Avenue, Murarrie, Qld 4172  
**Telephone Number:** 07 3908 9222 **Fax Number:** 07 3908 9221  
**Emergency Telephone Number:** 1800 033 111 (All hours - Australia wide).

## SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.  
Not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the ADG Code.**

**Risk phrases:**  
R20/22 Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed  
R36/37 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system.  
R65 Harmful: May cause lung damage if swallowed.

**Safety Phrases:**  
S2 Keep out of reach of children.  
S13 Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.  
S23 Do not breathe vapour or spray.  
S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.  
S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.  
S39 Wear eye/face protection

## SECTION 3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### Ingredients:

<b>CHEMICAL</b>	<b>CAS NUMBER</b>	<b>PROPORTION</b>
Bifenthrin	82657-04-3	100 g/L
Liquid Hydrocarbons	64742-94-5	30 - 60% w/w
Other ingredients determined not to be hazardous	mixture	1-10% w/w

## SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

### FIRST AID

**Swallowed:** If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. If any discomfort persists seek medical advice.

**Eye:** If in eyes, hold eyes open and flush with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Skin:** If on skin wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. If irritation occurs and persists see a doctor.

**Inhaled:** Remove patient to fresh air. If breathing discomfort occurs, obtain medical attention.

**SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES (Continued)**

**Advice to Doctors:** Bifenthrin the active ingredient in this product is a pyrethroid insecticide. The formulation also contains petroleum distillates that can cause severe pneumonitis or fatal pulmonary oedema if aspirated. Consideration should be given to gastric lavage with an endotracheal tube in place. Treatment is otherwise symptomatic and supportive.

**SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Specific Hazard:** Product is a combustible liquid (C1). Flash point 68°C.

**Extinguishing media:** Foam, CO<sub>2</sub> or dry chemical. Soft stream water fog if no alternatives. Contain all runoff.

**Hazards from combustion products:** On burning will emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride, chlorine, fluorine and hydrogen fluoride etc.

**Precautions for fire-fighters and special protective equipment:** Isolate fire area. Evacuate downwind. Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not breathe or contact smoke, gases or vapours generated.

**SECTION 6 ACCIDENTIAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Emergency procedures:** In the case of spillage, contain and absorb spilled material with absorbent material such as sand, clay or cat litter and dispose of waste as indicated below or according to the Australian Standard 2507 - Storage and Handling of Pesticides. Isolate and post spill area. Keep out unprotected persons and animals. Wear prescribed protective clothing and equipment. Keep material out of streams and sewers. Vacuum, shovel or pump waste into an approved drum and dispose of as listed in section 13.

**Material and methods for containment and cleanup procedures:** To clean spill area, tools and equipment, wash with a solution of soap, water and acetic acid/vinegar. Follow this with a neutralisation step of washing the area with a bleach or caustic soda ash solution. Finally, wash with a strong soap and water solution. Absorb, as above, any excess liquid and add both solutions to the drums of waste already collected.

Do NOT allow spilled product or wash solution to enter sewers, drains, dams, creeks or any other waterways.

**SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Ensure containers are kept closed until using product. Avoid skin and eye contact and breathing vapour. When opening the container and preparing spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing), elbow length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. When using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and elbow length PVC gloves.

**Conditions for Safe Storage:** DO NOT store near (or allow to contact) fertilizers, fungicides or pesticides. Store in the closed original container, in a cool well ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Store in a room or place away from children, animals, food, feed stuffs, seed and fertilizers. Do not store near sources of ignition or naked flames.

This product is classified as a C1 (Combustible Liquid) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to state regulations for storage and transport requirements.

**SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**National Exposure Standards:**

No exposure standard for bifenthrin has been established by Safe Work Australia.

**Biological Limit Values:**

No biological limit allocated to any of the ingredients in this product by Safe Work Australia.

**SECTION 8 | EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION (Continued)**

**Engineering controls:**

Use in well ventilated area only. Use local exhaust at all process locations where spray may be emitted. Ventilate all transport vehicles prior to unloading. Keep containers close when not in use.

**Biological Limit Values:**

No biological limit allocated to any of the ingredients in this product by Safe Work Australia.

**Engineering controls:**

Use in well ventilated area only. Use local exhaust at all process locations where spray may be emitted. Ventilate all transport vehicles prior to unloading. Keep containers close when not in use.

**Personal Protective equipment (PPE):**

Work Clothing: Wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles.

Eye Protection: When using product, wear chemical protective goggles or face shield.

Respiratory Protection: If inhalation risk exists, wear a properly fitted half-face or full-face air-purifying respirator which is approved for pesticides (Australian Standards).

Gloves: Wear chemical protective gloves made of materials such as nitrile, Viton<sup>®</sup> brand or PVC when handling this product. Inspect regularly for leaks. Wash the outside of gloves with soap and water prior to removal.

Personal Hygiene: Clean water should be available for washing in case of eye or skin contamination. Wash skin before eating, drinking or smoking. Shower at the end of the workday.

**SECTION 9 | PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

<b>Appearance:</b>	Light brown coloured liquid
<b>Odour:</b>	Liquid hydrocarbon odour.
<b>Boiling point:</b>	Not available.
<b>Freezing point:</b>	Not available.
<b>Specific Gravity:</b>	0.93 g/mL.
<b>pH:</b>	Not available.
<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	Product emulsifies in water.
<b>Flammability:</b>	Combustible liquid (C1).
<b>Corrosive hazard:</b>	Non corrosive; compatible with stainless steel containers & polyethylene used in spray tanks and parts.
<b>Flashpoint (°C):</b>	68°C.
<b>Flammability Limits (%):</b>	Not established.
<b>Poisons Schedule:</b>	Product is a schedule 6 poison.

**SECTION 10 | STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Chemical Stability:** Product is considered stable in ambient conditions for a period of at least 2 years after manufacture.

**Conditions to avoid:** Avoid sources of ignition or naked flames.

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid strong acids or alkalis.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** When the product is heated to high temperatures, the active constituent will decompose and emit toxic fumes.

**Hazardous reactions:** No particular reactions to avoid.

**SECTION 11 | TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Potential Health Effects:**

Studies with laboratory animals have shown this product to be harmful if swallowed. Ingestion of large doses of bifenthrin by laboratory animals produced signs of toxicity which included clonic convulsions, tremors and bloody nasal discharge. Irritating to eyes and respiratory system.

**SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (Continued)**

This formulation also contains liquid hydrocarbons which is classified as harmful, and may cause lung damage if swallowed. Inhalation of liquid hydrocarbon vapours may cause central nervous system depression, dizziness, disturbances in vision and respiratory irritation. Moderately irritating to the eyes. Contact with the skin may be irritating. Dermal sensitisation may occur.

**Acute**

**Swallowed:** This product is harmful if swallowed; the acute oral LD<sub>50</sub> (rat) = 531 mg/kg.

**Eye:** Moderately irritating to the washed eye and severely irritating to the unwashed eye. Product can be absorbed through the eyes.

**Skin:** This product has a low dermal toxicity. The dermal LD<sub>50</sub> (rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg. Skin sensitising may occur in sensitive individuals. Skin contact may result in irritation with a degreasing action on the skin. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to irritant contact dermatitis.

**Inhaled:** This product is harmful if inhaled. Inhalation of liquid hydrocarbon vapours may cause dizziness, disturbances in vision and irritation to the eyes, skin and mucous membrane of the respiratory and gastrointestinal tracts. Acute inhalation LC<sub>50</sub> = 4.9 mg/L/4 hour

**Chronic:** No data available on this formulation. In studies with laboratory animals, Bifenthrin Technical did not cause teratogenicity or reproductive toxicity. Tremors were associated with repeated exposure of dogs, rats, rabbits and mice to Bifenthrin. The overall results from a battery of genotoxicity studies indicate that Bifenthrin is not considered to be genotoxic. Ames test results were negative. Kidney and liver damage is possible from over-exposure to liquid hydrocarbons over long periods. Additionally, some reversible haematopoietic depression has been observed in animals with extended exposure to liquid hydrocarbons.

**SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Environmental Toxicology:** The active ingredient, Bifenthrin, is highly toxic to fish and aquatic arthropods with LC<sub>50</sub> values ranging from 0.0038 µg/L to 17.8 µg/L. In general, the aquatic arthropods are the most sensitive species. Care should be taken to avoid contamination of the aquatic environment. Bifenthrin had no effect on molluscs at its limit of water solubility. Bifenthrin is only slightly toxic to both waterfowl and upland game birds (LC<sub>50</sub> values range from 1800 mg/kg to > 2,150 mg/kg). Do not contaminate sewers, drains, dams, creeks or any other waterways with product or the used container.

**Environmental Properties:** The active ingredient, Bifenthrin, degrades at a moderate rate in agricultural soils (t<sub>1/2</sub> = 50 to 205 days), and more rapidly on the surface of bare soils (t<sub>1/2</sub> = 7 to 62 days). Bifenthrin is tightly bound in most soils and has extremely low water solubility.

**SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal:** Dispose of wastes, including decontamination solution, in accordance with the requirements of Local or State Waste Management Authorities.

**Do not cut or weld metal containers.** Vapours that form inside may create an explosion hazard.

*Dangerous to Fish:* Do NOT allow spilled product or wash solution to enter sewers, drains, dams, creeks or any other waterways.

**Disposal of empty, non-returnable containers:** Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

**Returnable and refillable containers:** Empty containers fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage. Do not burn empty containers or product.

## **SECTION 14 | TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**Road & Rail Transport:** Talstar 100 EC is not classified as a Dangerous Goods under the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported in containers not exceeding 500 L. In containers larger than 500 L the classification is the same as for Air and Marine transport. Product is a C1 combustible liquid for storage purposes.

**Marine and Air Transport:** Product is a Marine Pollutant according to International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code and the International Air Transport Association (IATA). If transporting by sea or air the following Dangerous Goods Classification applies:-  
UN 3082, Class 9 (Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods), Packing Group III, Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains 10% Bifenthrin).

## **SECTION 15 | REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Classified as a hazardous substance according to criteria of Safe Work Australia. (Xi, Xn).  
Under the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP No. 23), this product is a schedule 6 poison.  
This product is registered under the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Act 1994. Product Registration No. 45704.  
Product is not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the ADG Code (7<sup>th</sup> Ed).  
Product is classified as a Dangerous Good according to International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code and the International Air Transport Association (IATA).

## **SECTION 16 | OTHER INFORMATION**

Issue Date: 3 July 2009 (revised issue). 5 year revision plus update of address details.

Key to abbreviations and acronyms used in this MSDS:

ADG Code Australian Dangerous Goods Code (for the transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail).  
Carcinogen An agent which is responsible for the formation of a cancer.  
Genotoxic Capable of causing damage to genetic material, such as DNA.  
NOHSC National Occupational Health and Safety Commission.  
PPE Personal protective equipment.  
Teratogen An agent capable of causing abnormalities in a developing foetus.  
TWA The Time Weighted Average airborne concentration over an eight-hour working day, for a five day working week over an entire working life.  
Safe Work Australia: Formally known as Australian Safety & Compensation Council (ASCC) which was formally known as the National Occupational Health & Safety Commission (NOHSC).

References

1. "Search Hazardous Substances". HSIS Safe Work Australia website. (2009).
2. "Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances" 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed. NOHSC Australia. [NOHSC:1008 (2004)]. October 2004.

This MSDS summarises our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product and how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Each user should read this MSDS and consider the information in the context of how the product will be handled and used in the workplace including in conjunction with other products.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate risk assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

End of MSDS