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IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product name Bayer Diuron 500 SC Liquid Herbicide

Other names None

4952994 (20 L), 6349773 (20 L) Product codes and

pack sizes

Chemical group

Recommended use Herbicide for agricultural use Formulation Suspension concentrate (SC)

Bayer CropScience Pty Ltd ABN 87 000 226 022 Supplier

391 - 393 Tooronga Road, East Hawthorn Address

Victoria 3123, Australia

Telephone (03) 9248 6888 Facsimile (03) 9248 6800

Website www.bayercropscience.com.au Contact Development Manager (03) 9248 6888

Emergency Telephone

Number 1800 033 111 - Orica SH&E Shared Services

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE - NON-DANGEROUS GOOD

Dangerous to fish and aquatic organisms

Hazard classification Hazardous (National Occupational Health and Safety Commission - NOHSC)

Risk phrases R40 – Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

R48/22 – Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if

swallowed.

Safety phrases See Sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13

ADG classification Not a "Dangerous good" for transport by road or rail according to the Australian Code for

the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (Class 9 in Europe)

SUSDP classification Exempt (Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons)

COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	CAS Number	Concentration (g/L)
Diuron	[330-54-1]	500
Other ingredients, including water (non hazardous)		690

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4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, immediately contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (telephone 13 11 26), and follow the advice given. Show this Material Safety Data Sheet to the doctor.

Inhalation If inhaled remove to fresh air and keep at rest. Obtain medical advice.

Skin contact Carefully remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected areas with soap and water.

Seek medical aid if at all worried.

Eye contact Rinse eyes immediately with clean water for at least 15 minutes and obtain medical aid.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Keep patient at rest and seek

immediate medical advice as above.

First Aid Facilities Ensure eyewash and shower facilities are available.

Medical attention Symptoms of poisoning:

Absorption of this product into the body may lead to the formation of methaemoglobin, which in sufficient concentration causes cyanosis (blueness of the skin from lack of oxygen in the blood). If a large amount of this product has been ingested other

symptoms include dizziness and headache.

Local Treatment: Treat symptoms.

Systemic Treatment:

If more than a mouthful has been ingested, the following measures should be

considered:

Monitoring of: cardiac and kidney function and red blood cell count

Observe specific parameters: methaemoglobinaemia and serum potassium If ingested, irrigate the stomach, followed by administration of activated charcoal.

If methaemoglobin level is less than 20%, administer 100% oxygen.

If methaemoglobin level is greater than 20%, treat with 100% oxygen and slowly give 1%

Methylene Blue/Toluidine Blue solution intravenously, 1-2 mg/kg body weight.

Contraindications: Alcohol Recovery: Spontaneous Oxygen, if needed

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media Water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide

Hazards from combustion products

In a fire, formation of hydrogen chloride, hydrogen cyanide, carbon monoxide and

nitrogen oxides can be expected.

Precautions for fire fighters

Fire fighters should wear full protective gear, including self-contained breathing apparatus (AS/NZS 1715/1716). Keep unnecessary people away. If it can be done

safely, remove intact containers from the fire. Bund area with sand or earth to prevent contamination of drains or waterways. Dispose of extinguishing agent and spillage safely

later.

Hazchem code Not applicable

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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material or contaminated surfaces. Do not smoke, eat or drink during the clean up process. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment as detailed in Section 8 PERSONAL PROTECTION. Keep people and animals away. Prevent spilled material from entering drains or watercourses. Absorb spill with absorbent material, sweep up and collect and store in properly labelled drums for disposal. Seal drums and label ready for safe disposal. Deal with all spillages immediately. If contamination of drains, streams, watercourses etc. is unavoidable, warn the local water authority.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Keep out of reach of children. Will irritate the eyes. Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

After use and before eating drinking or smoking wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, goggles and contaminated

clothing.

Storage Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for

prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Store apart from fertilisers, insecticides and

fungicides.

Flammability Not flammable.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure standards NOHSC Exposure standard for diuron: TWA: 10 mg/m³.

ACGIH TLV TWA for diuron: 10 mg/m³.

Definitions:

Exposure standard – Time Weighted Average (TWA) means the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eight-hour working

day, for a five-day working week.

TLV = Threshold Limit Value

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Biological limit values None allocated

Engineering controls Control process conditions to avoid contact. Use in a well-ventilated area only.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear chemical resistant goggles.

Clothing: Cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat

Gloves: Elbow-length PVC or nitrile gloves

Respiratory: Wear a respirator if inhalation is possible.

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: White liquid suspension Odour: Slight characteristic

pH: About 7.0

Vapour pressure: 1.1 x 10-3 mPa at 25° C (*diuron*)

Vapour density: Not available **Boiling point:** Not available

Freezing/melting

point:Not availableSolubility:Miscible with water.Specific Gravity:Approximately 1.19

Flash Point: No flash point up to 100° C

Flammability

(explosive) limits: Not available.

Auto-ignition

temperature: Not available

Partition coefficient

(octanol/water): Diuron: Log Pow = 2.85 at 25° C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to avoid Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials Diuron is hydrolysed by acids or alkalis. Avoid oxidising agents.

Hazardous

decomposition

products

In a fire, formation of hydrogen chloride, hydrogen cyanide, carbon monoxide and

nitrogen oxides can be expected.

Hazardous reactions None known

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled.

Skin contact Harmful if absorbed by the skin. May irritate the skin.

Eye contact Will irritate the eyes.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - continued

ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA - SIMILAR PRODUCT

Acute:

Oral toxicity LD₅₀ rat: > 2000 mg/kg

Dermal toxicity LD₅₀ rat: > 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation toxicity LC₅₀ rat (4 hour): > 4.07 mg/L (highest attainable concentration)

Skin irritation Non irritating (rabbit)

Eye irritation Non irritating (rabbit)

Sensitisation Not sensitising (guinea pig)

Chronic:

Diuron was not mutagenic in the Ames test. Long term animal studies with diuron at high doses gave evidence of blood disorders and a possible carcinogenic effect. Diuron is not listed by The National Toxicology Program or the International Agency for Research on Cancer as a carcinogen.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Diuron is moderately toxic to fish and highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Low toxicity to birds and bees. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers, or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

Ecotoxicity <u>Diuron:</u>

Fish toxicity: LC₅₀ (96 h) rainbow trout (Onchorhynchus mykiss) 14.7 mg/L

Daphnia toxicity: EC₅₀ (48 h) water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.4 mg/L

Algal toxicity:

Growth rate: IC₅₀ (96 h) green algae (*Desmodesmus subspicatus*) 0.022 mg/L

Toxicity to bacteria: EC₅₀: 3080 mg/L

Bird toxicity: Dietary LC₅₀ (8 day) bobwhite quail 1730 mg/kg diet

Environmental fate, persistence and degradability, mobility

The duration of activity of diuron in soil is about 4 to 8 months. DT₅₀ is 90 to 180 days.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Triple or preferably pressure rinse container before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt. Dispose of waste product through a reputable waste contractor.

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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN number Not applicable **Proper shipping** Not applicable

name

Class and Subsidiary

Not applicable

Risk

Packing Group
EPG
Not applicable
Hazchem code
Not applicable

Marine Pollutant No – not listed in the IMDG Code as a Marine Pollutant.

In Europe this product is a Class 9 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Registered according to the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Act 1988

Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority approval number: 31685 See also Section 2.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Trademark None

information

Preparation Replaces August 1, 2002 MSDS.

information Reasons for revision: 16 heading format, Hazard classification, Medical attention, Toxicity

data, Ecological information

This MSDS summarises our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product and how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Each user should read this MSDS and consider the information in the context of how the product will be handled and used in the workplace including in conjunction with other products.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate risk assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

Our responsibility for products sold is subject to our standard terms and conditions, a copy of which is sent to our customers and is also available on request.

END OF MSDS