

Page: 1 of 5

Infosafe No. 3NU15 Issue Date : December 2003

Product Name : NUGRASS Selective Herbicide

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY

Product Name	NUGRASS Selective Herbicide
Product Code	0639
Product Use	For post-emergent control of annual rye grass, common barb grass and wild oats in wheat, linseed, peas and other crops as listed in the Directions for Use Table.
Company Name	NUFARM AUSTRALIA LIMITED. (ABN 80 004 377 780)
Address	103-105 Pipe Road Laverton North Victoria 3026 Australia
Emergency Tel.	24hr 1800 033 498
Telephone/Telex Number	Tel: (03) 9282-1000 Fax: (03) 9282-1001
Product Type	Group A Herbicide
Other Information	This MSDS describes, to the best of our knowledge, the properties of the concentrated product. The physical properties and some of the assessments do not apply to the properties of the product once it has been diluted for application. Acute health effects of the diluted product are likely to be much less severe.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Characterization Liquid

Characterizat
Ingredients

<u>Name</u>	CAS	Proportion
Liquid Hydrocarbon	64742-94-5	534 g/L
Diclofop-methyl	51338-27-3	375 g/L
Proprietary mix of surfactants		10-20 %
(non-hazardous)		

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Other Information	Poisons	Schedule	6
-------------------	---------	----------	---

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation	Remove affected person to fresh air until recovered.
	If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice.
Ingestion	If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting; seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label or contact the Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Aust). Make every effort to prevent vomit from entering the lungs by careful placement of
	the patient.
	The above first aid instructions are mandated by the Commonwealth Department of Health and Aged Care via the National Drugs and Poisons Schedule. These instructions are suitable for ingestion of spray solution and small amounts of concentrate; however, if SUBSTANTIAL AMOUNTS of the concentrate have been swallowed (more than about 20ml for an adult person) AND if medical assistance is more than 30 minutes away, the induction of vomiting should be CONSIDERED, preferably based on MEDICAL ADVICE if a physician can be contacted by phone. All care must be taken to prevent vomit from being inhaled. Do not give anything by
	mouth to a semi-conscious or unconscious person.
Skin	Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use. Wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and water.
Eye	If in eyes, hold eyelids open and wash with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes.
	Seek medical advice immediately.
First Aid Facilities	If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia).



Page: 2 of 5

ISSUED by NUFARM

Infosafe No. 3NU15 Issue Date : December 2003

Product Name : NUGRASS Selective Herbicide

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC

Advice to Doctor

No specific antidote. Treat symptomatically. Gastric lavage with medicinal charcoal in water is recommended. Induce diuresis and monitor electolyte and fluid balance. Monitor kidney and liver function, red blood cell count, blood lipids and cholesterol for hypolipidaemia and lowered cholesterol (low density lipoproteins).

If vomiting occurs, solvent present may cause pulmonary pneumonitis.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing MediaWater fog, foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical.HazardousIf involved in a fire, it will emit oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen and
Combustion ProductsProtective EquipmentBreathable air apparatus may have to be worn if material is involved in fires
especially in confined spaces.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spills & Disposal Contain spill and absorb with clay, sand, soil or proprietary absorbent (such as vermiculite). Collect spilled material and waste in sealable open-top type containers for disposal.

Personal Protection For appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), refer Section 8.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Keep container tightly sealed and do not store with seed, fertilisers or foodstuffs.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits	No exposure standards have been set for this product or the active ingredients. The manufacturer of the solvent has recommended an occupational exposure limit of 100 mg/m3; 17ppm TWA, as total hydrocarbon.
Personal Protective	When opening the container and preparing the spray wear cotton overalls buttoned
Equipment	to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield
	or goggles.
Eng. Controls	Handle in well ventilated areas, generally natural ventilation is adequate.
Hygiene Measures	After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face
	thoroughly with soap and water.
	After each day's use, wash contaminated clothing and safety equipment.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Clear brown liquid
Odour	Aromatic hydrocarbon odour.
Melting Point	<0°C
Solubility in Water	Forms an emulsion in water.
Boiling Point	>226°C
Specific Gravity	1.090 - 1.098
(H2O=1)	
pH Value	4.5 - 6.5 (1% aqueous emulsion)
Vapour Pressure	0.17kPa @ 38°C (for solvent), 0.034mPa @ 20°C for diclofop-methyl
Vapour Density	>1.00 (for solvent)
(Air=1)	
Volatile Component	40 - 50%



Page: 3 of 5

Infosafe No. 3NU15 Issue Date : December 2003

Product Name : NUGRASS Selective Herbicide

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC

Partition co-efficient, n-octanol/water	Kow Log P is 4.5 for diclofop-methyl
Flash Point	92°C
Flammability	Combustible. C1.
Ignition Temperature	Not known, >226°C
Flammable Limits	0.6%
LEL	
Flammable Limits	7.0%
UEL	
10. STABILITY	AND REACTIVITY

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVIT

Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Hazardous	Hazardous polymerisation is not possible.
Polymerization	
Hazardous Reaction	Keep away from strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to Avoid	Excessive heat and fire.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Informationfollowed.InhalationMay cause irritation to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Breathing in high concentrations can produce central nervous system depression, which can lead to loss of coordination, impaired judgement and if exposure is prolonged, unconsciousness.IngestionIngestion of the concentrate in relatively large amounts can result in headache, nausea, lethargy, motor weakness and incoordination. If aspirated into the lung, e.g. from vomiting, the presence of the solvent may result in chemical pneumonitis or other lung damage.SkinMay irritate the skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin sensitisation. Prolonged contact with the concentrate can cause defatting of the skin and may result in dermatitis.EyeMay irritate the eyes.Reproductive ToxicityData indicates no teratogenic effects.MutagenicityData indicates no mutagenic effects.Acute Toxicity - Oral LD50 (rat) 512 (428 - 636) mg/kg for diclofop-methyl LD50 (rat) 512 (428 - 636) mg/kg for similar productAcute Toxicity -LD50 (rat) 512 (428 - 636) mg/kg for similar productAcute Toxicity -LC50 (rat) (4hr) >3.83 mg/l for diclofop-methyl (1) Inhalation LC50 (rat) (4hr) >3.83 mg/l for diclofop-methyl ester technical (2)Eye IrritationMild exi irritant.Skin IrritationMild skin irritant.		
InhalationMay cause irritation to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Breathing in high concentrations can produce central nervous system depression, which can lead to loss of coordination, impaired judgement and if exposure is prolonged, unconsciousness.IngestionIngestion of the concentrate in relatively large amounts can result in headache, nausea, lethargy, motor weakness and incoordination. If aspirated into the lung, e.g. from vomiting, the presence of the solvent may result in chemical pneumonitis or other lung damage.SkinMay irritate the skin. Prolonged contact with the concentrate can cause defatting of the skin and may result in dematitis.EyeMay irritate the eyes.Reproductive ToxicityData indicates no mutagenic effects.MutagenicityData indicates no mutagenic effects.Aute Toxicity - Oral LD50 (rat) >12 (426 - 636) mg/kg for diclofop-methyl LD50 (rat) >2000 mg/kg for similar productAcute Toxicity - Costo (rat) (4hr) >1.36 mg/l for diclofop-methyl (1) InhalationLD50 (rat) >5000 mg/kg for similar productAcute ToxicityLC50 (rat) (4hr) >1.36 mg/l for diclofop-methyl ester technical (2) Eye IrritatioSkin SmsitisationProduct is not a skin sensitiser.Other InformationMid eye irritant.Skin SumitiationMid exis in cat a skin sensitiser.Other InformationLC50 (rat) (4hr) >3.83 mg/l for diclofop-methyl ester technical (2) ter is not a skin sensitiser.Other InformationMid eye irritant.Stin SensitisationTroduct is not a skin sensitiser.Other InformationMid exis in relative productAcute Toxicity - Eye (rati) (4hr) >3.83 mg/l for d	Toxicology	No harmful effects are expected if the precautions on the label and this MSDS are
Breathing in high concentrations can produce central nervous system depression, which can lead to loss of coordination, impaired judgement and if exposure is prolonged, unconsciousness.IngestionIngestion of the concentrate in relatively large amounts can result in headache, nausea, lethargy, motor weakness and incoordination. If aspirated into the lung, e.g. from vomiting, the presence of the solvent may result in chemical pneumonitis or other lung damage.SkinMay irritate the skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin sensitisation. Prolonged contact with the concentrate can cause defatting of the skin and may result in dermatitis.EyeMay irritate the eyes.Reproductive ToxicityData indicates no tratogenic effects.MutagenicityData indicates no mutagenic effects.MutagenicityData indicates no mutagenic effects.A the mechanism involved is not relevant to humans, and the dose levels were very high, the potential oncogenic risk to humans in considered negligible.Acute Toxicity - OralLD50 (rat) 512 (428 - 636) mg/kg for diclofop-methyl LD50 (rat) >5000 mg/kg for similar productAcute Toxicity -LC50 (rat) (4hr) >1.36 mg/l for diclofop-methyl (1) Inhalation LD50 (rat) (4hr) >3.83 mg/l for diclofop-methyl ester technical (2)Eye InitationMild eskin irritant.Skin SensitisationProduct is not a skin sensitiser.Other InformationThe Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for diclofop-methyl for a human is 0.002 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily. Iffetime exposure. This is based o the NOEL of 0.25 mg/kg/ay, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive s	Information	followed.
 nausea, lethargy, motor weakness and incoordination. If aspirated into the lung, e.g. from vomiting, the presence of the solvent may result in chemical pneumonitis or other lung damage. Skin May irritate the skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin sensitisation. Prolonged contact with the concentrate can cause defatting of the skin and may result in dermatitis. Eye May irritate the eyes. Reproductive Toxicity Data indicates no teratogenic effects. Mutagenicity Data indicates no mutagenic effects. Carcinogenicity An incidence of liver tumours was noted in long-term studies with the solvent in rodents. As the mechanism involved is not relevant to humans, and the dose levels were very high, the potential oncogenic risk to humans in considered negligible. Acute Toxicity- Oral LD50 (rat) 512 (428 - 636) mg/kg for diclofop-methyl LD50 (rat) >2000 mg/kg for similar product Acute Toxicity- LD50 (rat) 557 mg/kg Dermal LD50 (rat) >5000 mg/kg for similar product Acute Toxicity- LC50 (rat) (4hr) >1.36 mg/l for diclofop-methyl (1) Inhalation LC50 (rat) (4hr) >3.83 mg/l for diclofop-methyl ester technical (2) Eye Irritation Mild eye irritant. Skin Sensitisation Product is not a skin sensitiser. Other Information The Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for diclofop-methyl for a human is 0.002 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based o the NOEL of 0.25 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species. 	Inhalation	Breathing in high concentrations can produce central nervous system depression, which can lead to loss of coordination, impaired judgement and if exposure is
Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin sensitisation. Prolonged contact with the concentrate can cause defatting of the skin and may result in dermatitis.EyeMay irritate the eyes.Reproductive ToxicityData indicates no teratogenic effects.MutagenicityData indicates no mutagenic effects.CarcinogenicityData indicates no mutagenic effects.CarcinogenicityAn incidence of liver tumours was noted in long-term studies with the solvent in rodents. As the mechanism involved is not relevant to humans, and the dose levels were very high, the potential oncogenic risk to humans in considered negligible.Acute Toxicity - OralLD50 (rat) 512 (428 - 636) mg/kg for diclofop-methyl LD50 (rat) >2000 mg/kg for similar productAcute Toxicity - DermalLD50 (rat) >5000 mg/kg for similar productAcute Toxicity - LC50 (rat) (4hr) >1.36 mg/l for diclofop-methyl (1) Inhalation LC50 (rat) (4hr) >3.83 mg/l for diclofop-methyl ester technical (2)Eye Irritation Skin IrritationMild exist irritant.Skin Sensitisation Orduct is not a skin sensitiser.Other Information Other InformationOther Information o the NORL of 0.25 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species.	Ingestion	nausea, lethargy, motor weakness and incoordination. If aspirated into the lung, e.g. from vomiting, the presence of the solvent may
Reproductive ToxicityData indicates no teratogenic effects.MutagenicityData indicates no mutagenic effects.CarcinogenicityAn incidence of liver tumours was noted in long-term studies with the solvent in rodents. As the mechanism involved is not relevant to humans, and the dose levels were very high, the potential oncogenic risk to humans in considered negligible.Acute Toxicity - OralLD50 (rat) 512 (428 - 636) mg/kg for diclofop-methyl LD50 (rat) >2000 mg/kg for similar productAcute Toxicity - DermalLD50 (rat) 557 mg/kg S000 mg/kg for similar productAcute Toxicity - 	Skin	Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin sensitisation. Prolonged contact with the concentrate can cause defatting of the skin and may
MutagenicityData indicates no mutagenic effects.CarcinogenicityAn incidence of liver tumours was noted in long-term studies with the solvent in rodents. As the mechanism involved is not relevant to humans, and the dose levels were very high, the potential oncogenic risk to humans in considered negligible.Acute Toxicity - OralLD50 (rat) 512 (428 - 636) mg/kg for diclofop-methyl 	Eye	May irritate the eyes.
CarcinogenicityAn incidence of liver tumours was noted in long-term studies with the solvent in rodents. As the mechanism involved is not relevant to humans, and the dose levels were very high, the potential oncogenic risk to humans in considered negligible.Acute Toxicity - OralLD50 (rat) 512 (428 - 636) mg/kg for diclofop-methyl LD50 (rat) >2000 mg/kg for similar productAcute Toxicity - DermalLD50 (rat) 557 mg/kg LD50 (rat) >5000 mg/kg for similar productAcute Toxicity - LC50 (rat) (4hr) >1.36 mg/l for diclofop-methyl (1) LC50 (rat) (4hr) >3.83 mg/l for diclofop-methyl ester technical (2)Eye Irritation Skin IrritationMild eye irritant.Skin Sensitisation 0 Other InformationThe Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for diclofop-methyl for a human is 0.002 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based o the NOEL of 0.25 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species.	Reproductive Toxicity	Data indicates no teratogenic effects.
rodents. As the mechanism involved is not relevant to humans, and the dose levels were very high, the potential oncogenic risk to humans in considered negligible. Acute Toxicity - Oral LD50 (rat) 512 (428 - 636) mg/kg for diclofop-methyl LD50 (rat) >2000 mg/kg for similar product Acute Toxicity - LD50 (rabbit) 557 mg/kg Dermal LD50 (rat) >5000 mg/kg for similar product Acute Toxicity - LC50 (rat) (4hr) >1.36 mg/l for diclofop-methyl (1) Inhalation LC50 (rat) (4hr) >3.83 mg/l for diclofop-methyl ester technical (2) Eye Irritation Mild eye irritant. Skin Irritation Mild skin irritant. Skin Sensitisation Product is not a skin sensitiser. Other Information The Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for diclofop-methyl for a human is 0.002 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based o the NOEL of 0.25 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species.	Mutagenicity	Data indicates no mutagenic effects.
LD50 (rat) >2000 mg/kg for similar productAcute Toxicity -LD50 (rabbit) 557 mg/kgDermalLD50 (rat) >5000 mg/kg for similar productAcute Toxicity -LC50 (rat) (4hr) >1.36 mg/l for diclofop-methyl (1)InhalationLC50 (rat) (4hr) >3.83 mg/l for diclofop-methyl ester technical (2)Eye IrritationMild eye irritant.Skin IrritationMild skin irritant.Skin SensitisationProduct is not a skin sensitiser.Other InformationThe Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for diclofop-methyl for a human is 0.002 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based o the NOEL of 0.25 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species.	Carcinogenicity	rodents. As the mechanism involved is not relevant to humans, and the dose levels were
DermalLD50 (rat) >5000 mg/kg for similar productAcute Toxicity -LC50 (rat) (4hr) >1.36 mg/l for diclofop-methyl (1)InhalationLC50 (rat) (4hr) >3.83 mg/l for diclofop-methyl ester technical (2)Eye IrritationMild eye irritant.Skin IrritationMild skin irritant.Skin SensitisationProduct is not a skin sensitiser.Other InformationThe Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for diclofop-methyl for a human is 0.002 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based o the NOEL of 0.25 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species.	Acute Toxicity - Oral	
InhalationLC50 (rat) (4hr) >3.83 mg/l for diclofop-methyl ester technical (2)Eye IrritationMild eye irritant.Skin IrritationMild skin irritant.Skin SensitisationProduct is not a skin sensitiser.Other InformationThe Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for diclofop-methyl for a human is 0.002 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based o the NOEL of 0.25 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species.	•	
Skin IrritationMild skin irritant.Skin SensitisationProduct is not a skin sensitiser.Other InformationThe Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for diclofop-methyl for a human is 0.002 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based o the NOEL of 0.25 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species.	•	
Skin SensitisationProduct is not a skin sensitiser.Other InformationThe Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for diclofop-methyl for a human is 0.002 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based o the NOEL of 0.25 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species.	Eye Irritation	Mild eye irritant.
Other InformationThe Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for diclofop-methyl for a human is 0.002 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based o the NOEL of 0.25 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species.	Skin Irritation	Mild skin irritant.
0.002 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based o the NOEL of 0.25 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species.	Skin Sensitisation	Product is not a skin sensitiser.
	Other Information	0.002 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based of the NOEL of 0.25 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species.



Page: 4 of 5

Infosafe No. 3NU15 Issue Date : December 2003

Product Name : NUGRASS Selective Herbicide

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Known Harmful Effects on the	The product is a marine pollutant for sea transport.
Environment	
Other Precautions	Do not contaminate dams, waterways or sewers with this product.
Persistence /	Loss from soil is principally by microbial degradation.
Degradability	Half life in soil is typically 1-57 days. Soil adsorption Koc 14000 - 24400 mg/kg.
Acute Toxicity - Fish	The following is data for the active ingredient, diclofop-methyl. Toxic to fish. LC50 (96hr) for rainbow trout is 0.23 mg/l.
Acute Toxicity -	EC50 (48hr) is 0.23 mg/l.
Daphnia	
Acute Toxicity - Algae	e EC50 (72hr) for scenedesmus subspicatus 1.5 mg/l.
Acute Toxicity - Othe	${f r}$ Birds: Not toxic to birds. LD50 for japanese quail is >10,000 mg/kg
Organisma	

Organisms

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product Disposal	On site disposal of the concentrated product is not acceptable. Ideally, the product should be used for its intended purpose. If there is a need to dispose of the product, approach local authorities who hold periodic collections of unwanted chemicals (ChemCollect).
Container Disposal	Triple rinse containers, add rinsate to the spray tank, then offer the container for recycling/reconditioning, or puncture top, sides and bottom and dispose of in landfill in accordance with local regulations. drumMUSTER is the national program for the collection and recycling of empty, cleaned, non returnable crop production and on-farm animal health chemical containers. If the label on your container carries the drumMuster symbol, triple rinse the container, ring your local Council, and offer the container for collection in the program.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.N. Number	None Allocated
DG Class	None Allocated
Hazchem Code	None Allocated
Packing Group	None Allocated
Storage and Transport	Considered non dangerous for transport by the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
UN Number (Sea	3082
Transport)	
IMO Proper Shipping	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains Diclofop-methyl)
Name	
IMDG Hazard Class	9
IMDG Pack. Group	III

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Risk Phrase	R22 Harmful if swallowed.							
	R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.							
Safety Phrase	S13 Keep away from food,drink and animal feeding stuffs.							
	S2 Keep out of reach of children.							
	S23(2) Do not breathe vapour.							
	S24 Avoid contact with skin.							
	S62 If swallowed, do not induce vomiting; seek medical advice immediately and show							
	this container or label.							



Page: 5 of 5

Infosafe No. 3NU15 Issue Date : December 2003

Product Name : NUGRASS Selective Herbicide

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC

Poisons Schedule	S6
Hazard Category	Harmful
Packaging &	POISON
Labelling	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
	READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Contact Person/Point				(03) 9282 1000 1800 033 498			
References	· ,	Manual 12th Edition, 2000 cide Handbook 7th Edition,					
Revisions Highlighted The MSDS was reviewed. Minor changes were made to the information. The MSDS is now issued in a 16 header format.							
	End Of MSDS						