

### TITAN PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400 HERBICIDE

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name	Titan Picloram + Triclopyr 400 Herbicide
Product Code	-
Other Names	-
Product Use	Agricultural Herbicide
Company Name	Titan Ag Pty Ltd
Address	3/14 Narabang Way
	Belrose NSW 2085
Telephone Number	02 9986 2943
Emergency Telephone	02 9986 2943

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous acc	ording to the criteria of ASCC.
Hazards	Xn - Harmful
Risk Phrases	R36/38 - Irritating to eyes and skin.
	R43 - May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
	R65 - Harmful: May cause lung damage if swallowed.
Safety Phrases	S2 - Keep out of reach of children.
-	S24/25 - Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	S35 - This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe
	way.
	S61 - Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special
	instructions/Material Safety Data Sheets.
	S62 - If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice
	immediately and show this container or label.

#### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.
Ingestion	If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Do not give any liquid. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention.
Skin	Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with soap and water. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist. Launder



Eyes	clothing before reuse. In case of eye contact, check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately irrigate eyes with plenty of running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.
Medical Advice	No specific antidote. Treat symptomatically.
5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES	
	For major fires call the Fire Brigade. Ensure that an escape path is

	available from any fire.
Suitable Extinguishing	Water fog, foam, carbon dioxide and dry chemical.
Media Hazardous Combustion	Oxides of sulphur, carbon and nitrogen. Hydrogen chloride and
Products	cyanide compounds may be formed.
Firefighting Equipment	Wear ASCC approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.
Unusual Fire or	Combustible – C1.
Explosion Hazards	
Hazchem Code	2X

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Spills

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Wear full protective clothing. Stop leak when safe to do so. Dike the area if the spills are large. Otherwise absorb the spill with sand, soil, sawdust or other absorbent material and collect into labelled containers for disposal. Spill residues may be cleaned using water and detergent. Contain and absorb wash water. Launder protective clothing before re-use.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale spray mist. Use of safe work practices is recommended. Observe good personal hygiene.
Storage	Store in the closed, original container in a dry, well ventilated area, as cool as possible. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Keep container tightly sealed and do not store with seed, fertilisers or foodstuffs.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Standards	Picloram:
(ASCC)	TWA: - ppm / 10 mg/m³
	STEL: - ppm / - mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Engineering Controls	Local exhaust ventilation is recommended when vapours and mists can be released in excess of established airborne exposure limits.
Respiratory Protection	Use an ASCC approved full face supplied air respirator if high airborne concentrations of the material are present. See Australian



Eye Protection Skin Protection Hygienic Practices Standards AS/NZS 1715 and 1716 for more information. Protective glasses or goggles and face shield. Elbow-length gloves and protective clothing. Food, beverages and tobacco products should not be stored or consumed where this material is in use. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in close proximity to points of potential exposure.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odour Solubility in Water Boiling Point Freezing Point Vapour Pressure Vapour Density (Air = 1) pH Flash Point (PMCC) Upper Flammability Limit Lower Flammability Limit Brown liquid Ester odour Emulsifiable ~ 200°C No information available 1.15g/mL at 20°C 6.65 – 8.5 (5% v/v water emulsion) 82°C No information available No information available

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Chemical Stability Incompatible Materials	Stable under normal storage conditions. Oxidizing materials and strong acids.	Combustible.
Hazardous Decomposition Products Hazardous Polymerization Conditions to Avoid	Oxides of sulphur, carbon and nitrogen. cyanide compounds may be formed. Will not occur. No information available.	Hydrogen chloride and

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Toxicity	Oral LD <sub>50</sub> (r Dermal LD <sub>5</sub> Inhalation L <b>Triclopyr</b> (	rat) > 5000 - 8200mg/kg nice) = 2000 - 4000mg/kg $r_{50}$ (rabbit) > 4000mg/kg $LC_{50} > 0.35mg/L - 4$ hours <b>butoxyethyl ester):</b> rat) > 2000mg/kg
Routes of Exposure	Inhalation,	ingestion, eye and skin
Health effects from likely	Inhalation:	No adverse effects are anticipated from single
routes of exposure	Ingestion:	exposure. Low toxicity if swallowed. Aspiration into the lungs may
	geenem	occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing chemical pneumonitis and lung damage or even death.
	Eye:	Can cause moderate eye irritation. Corneal injury is
	Skin:	unlikely. May cause skin irritation.
Effects of Overexposure	Prolonged	contact with skin may cause skin irritation, redness and
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Existing Conditions	allergic skin reactions in some individuals. No information available.	
Aggravated by Exposure Carcinogenicity	No (ASCC, NTP, IARC)	

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity	Aquatic organisms: Picloram: $LC_{50}$ (rainbow trout) = 19.3mg/L – 96 hour $LC_{50}$ (bluegill sunfish) = 14.5 mg/L – 96 hour $LC_{50}$ (Daphnia magna) = 50 mg/L – 48 hour Birds: $LD_{50}$ (mallard duck) >2000 - 5000 mg/kg Triclopyr (butoxyethyl ester): $LD_{50}$ (rainbow trout) = 0.74mg/L – 96 hour $LD_{50}$ (bluegill sunfish) = 0.87 mg/L – 96 hour Birds: $LD_{50}$ (mallard duck) = 1698 mg/kg Picloram is slightly to moderately toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and is slightly to practically nontoxic to birds. Triclopyr is slightly to practically nontoxic to the aquatic organisms and birds and nontoxic to bees.
Mobility	Picloram is quickly degraded by light and more slowly in soil with half-lives of 30 to 90 days. Picloram has a high potential for mobility in soil. Picloram has a moderate potential for bioaccumulation. Triclopyr has a half life in soil of approx 46 days. Triclopyr has a moderate potential for bioaccumulation.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal methods and	Instructions concerning the disposal of this product and its containers are given on the product label.
containers	Dispose according to applicable local and state government regulations.
Special precautions for landfill or incineration	Please consult your state Land Waste Management Authority for more information

#### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Not classified as a dangerous good according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous goods by road or rail.

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UN Number	Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name	Not applicable
Dangerous Goods Class	Not applicable
Hazchem Code	Not applicable
Packing Group	Not applicable
Special Precautions	Not applicable



### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Triclopyr butoxyethyl ester and picloram are listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

#### SUSDP Classification: 6

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Last Revision of MSDS	Rev 1.0 (04/03/2008)		
Prepared by	MSDS.COM.AU Pty Ltd	www.msds.com.au	
Abbreviations Used	IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer		
	ASCC: Australian Safety and Compensation Council		
	NTP: National Toxicology Program (U.S.)		
	OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (U.S.)		
	STEL: Short term exposure limit		
	TWA: Time weighted average		
Abbreviations Used	ASCC: Australian Safety and Compensation NTP: National Toxicology Program (U.S.) OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Adm STEL: Short term exposure limit	Council	

**Emergency Contacts** 

Titan Ag Pty Ltd	02 9986 2943
Titan Ag Pty Ltd – Emergency Number	02 9986 2943
Police and Fire Brigade	000
Poisons Information Centre	13 11 26

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Please read instructions / label before using product.