

Agriculture Division of DowDuPont

**Product name: Kerb™ 500SC - Product manufactured during or after December 2016**

**Issue Date: 16.06.2017**  
**Print Date: 16.06.2017**

DOW AGROSCIENCES AUSTRALIA LIMITED encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

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## **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION: PRODUCT IDENTIFIER AND CHEMICAL IDENTITY**

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**Product name:** Kerb™ 500SC Selective Herbicide – Product manufactured during or after December 2016

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

**Identified uses:** End use herbicide product

### **COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

DOW AGROSCIENCES AUSTRALIA LIMITED  
LEVEL 9, 67 ALBERT AVENUE  
CHATSWOOD NSW 2067  
AUSTRALIA

**Customer Information Number:**

1800-700-096  
auscustomerservice@dow.com

### **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** +61 2 9474 7350

**Local Emergency Contact:** 1800-370-754

**For advice, contact a doctor (at once) or the Australian Poisons Information Centre: 131 126**  
**Transport Emergency Only Dial 000**

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## **SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION**

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### **GHS Classification**

Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 1

### **GHS label elements**

#### **Hazard pictograms**



Signal word: **WARNING!**

**Hazard statements**

Suspected of causing cancer.  
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use.  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
Avoid release to the environment.  
Use personal protective equipment as required.

**Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
Collect spillage.

**Storage**

Store locked up.

**Disposal**

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**

No data available

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**SECTION 3: COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH SCHEDULE 8**

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This product is a mixture.

<b>Component</b>	<b>CASRN</b>	<b>Concentration</b>
Propyzamide	23950-58-5	43.86%
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	< 10.0 %
Balance	Not available	<= 50.54 %

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**SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

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**Description of first aid measures**

**General advice:** If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** No emergency medical treatment necessary.

**Skin contact:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

**Eye contact:** Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Ingestion:** No emergency medical treatment necessary.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:** Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Notes to physician:** No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

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## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

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**Hazchem Code:** 2X

**Suitable extinguishing media:** To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** No data available

**Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

**Hazardous combustion products:** Under fire conditions some components of this product may decompose. The smoke may contain unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn.

**Advice for firefighters**

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

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## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information. Spills or discharge to natural waterways is likely to kill aquatic organisms.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

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## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE, INCLUDING HOW THE CHEMICAL MAY BE SAFELY USED

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**Precautions for safe handling:** Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Spills of these organic materials on hot fibrous insulations may lead to lowering of the autoignition temperatures possibly resulting in spontaneous combustion. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

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### Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
Propylene glycol	US WEEL	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	AU OEL	TWA particulate	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	AU OEL	TWA Total (vapour and particles)	474 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 150 ppm

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

### Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

### Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use safety glasses (with side shields).

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection:** Use chemical resistant gloves classified under standard AS/NZS 2161.10: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Viton. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 4 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 120 minutes according to AS/NZS 2161.10) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 1 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 10 minutes according to AS/NZS 2161.10) is recommended. **NOTICE:** The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

**Other Information:** Selection and use of personal protective equipment should be in accordance with the recommendations in one or more of the relevant Australian/New Zealand Standards, including:  
AS/NZS 1336: Eye and face protection – Guidelines.  
AS/NZS 1337: Personal eye protection - Eye and face protectors for occupational applications.  
AS/NZS 1715: Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment.  
AS/NZS 2161: Occupational protective gloves.  
AS/NZS 2210: Occupational protective footwear.  
AS/NZS 4501: Occupational protective clothing Set

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## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

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### **Appearance**

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Colour</b>	Light brown
<b>Odour</b>	Mild
<b>Odour Threshold</b>	No data available
<b>pH</b>	6.79 1%
<b>Melting point/range</b>	Not applicable
<b>Freezing point</b>	No test data available
<b>Boiling point (760 mmHg)</b>	No test data available
<b>Flash point</b>	<b>closed cup</b> > 100 °C <i>PMCC</i>
<b>Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)</b>	No data available
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not Applicable

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<b>Lower explosion limit</b>	No test data available
<b>Upper explosion limit</b>	No test data available
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	No test data available
<b>Relative Vapour Density (air = 1)</b>	No test data available
<b>Relative Density (water = 1)</b>	No test data available
<b>Water solubility</b>	Disperses as a suspension
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	No data available
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	None below 400 degC
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	No test data available
<b>Kinematic Viscosity</b>	No data available
<b>Explosive properties</b>	No data available
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	No data available
<b>Liquid Density</b>	1.15 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C <i>Digital density meter</i>
<b>Molecular weight</b>	No data available
<b>Surface tension</b>	43 mN/m

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

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## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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**Reactivity:** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

**Chemical stability:** Thermally stable at typical use temperatures.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid:** Some components of this product can decompose at elevated temperatures.

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with: Strong oxidizers.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Hydrogen chloride. Nitrogen oxides.

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## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

### **Acute toxicity**

#### **Acute oral toxicity**

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

For similar material(s): LD50, Rat, female, > 5,000 mg/kg OECD 425 or equivalent

#### **Acute dermal toxicity**

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined. For similar material(s):

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402

#### **Acute inhalation toxicity**

No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to mist.

Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not observed.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

For similar material(s): LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, Aerosol, > 5.5 mg/l

### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Essentially non-irritating to eyes.

### **Sensitization**

For similar material(s): Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

### **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

### **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

For the active ingredient(s): In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Adrenal gland. Kidney. Liver. Ovaries. Pancreas. Thyroid.

In rare cases, repeated excessive exposure to propylene glycol may cause central nervous system effects.

### **Carcinogenicity**

For the active ingredient(s): Has caused cancer in laboratory animals.

### **Teratogenicity**

For the active ingredient(s): Has been toxic to the foetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

### Reproductive toxicity

For the active ingredient(s): In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

### Mutagenicity

For the active ingredient(s): Based on a majority of negative data and some equivocal or marginally positive results, active ingredient is considered to have minimal genetic toxicity potential. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

### Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

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## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

### Ecotoxicity

#### Acute toxicity to fish

For similar material(s): Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

For similar material(s): LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, > 30.4 mg/l

#### Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

For similar material(s): EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 34.5 mg/l

#### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

For similar material(s): ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, 6.4 mg/l

For similar material(s): ErC50, Lemna gibba, 7 d, 5.5 mg/l

For similar material(s): ErC50, Myriophyllum spicatum, 14 d, 0.244 mg/l

For similar material(s): NOEC, Myriophyllum spicatum, 14 d, 0.0191 mg/l

### Persistence and degradability

#### Propyzamide

**Biodegradability:** Biodegradation may occur under aerobic conditions (in the presence of oxygen).

No data available

**Stability in Water (1/2-life):** Hydrolysis, pH 5 - 9, Stable

#### Photodegradation

**Test Type:** Half-life (indirect photolysis)

**Sensitizer:** OH radicals

**Atmospheric half-life:** 4.2 Hour

**Method:** Estimated.

#### Propylene glycol

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Biodegradation may occur under anaerobic conditions (in the absence of oxygen).

10-day Window: Pass

**Biodegradation:** 81 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent



10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 96 %

**Exposure time:** 64 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 306 or Equivalent

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 1.68 mg/mg

**Chemical Oxygen Demand:** 1.53 mg/mg

**Biological oxygen demand (BOD)**

Incubation Time	BOD
5 d	69.000 %
10 d	70.000 %
20 d	86.000 %

**Photodegradation**

**Atmospheric half-life:** 10 Hour

**Method:** Estimated.

**Balance**

**Biodegradability:** No relevant data found.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Propyzamide**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log Pow):** 3

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 49 Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

**Propylene glycol**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log Pow):** -1.07 Measured

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 0.09 Estimated.

**Balance**

**Bioaccumulation:** No relevant data found.

**Mobility in Soil**

**Propyzamide**

Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 and 2000).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** 840 Measured

**Propylene glycol**

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient (Koc):** < 1 Estimated.

**Balance**

No relevant data found.

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

##### Propyzamide

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

##### Propylene glycol

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

##### Balance

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

#### Other adverse effects

##### Propyzamide

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

##### Propylene glycol

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

##### Balance

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

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## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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**Disposal methods:** If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

This product when disposed of in its unused and uncontaminated state should be treated as a hazardous waste.

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## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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### ADG

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(Propyzamide)
<b>UN number</b>	UN 3082
<b>Class</b>	9
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Propyzamide

### Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(Propyzamide)
<b>UN number</b>	UN 3082
<b>Class</b>	9
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Propyzamide
<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code</b>	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

### Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(Propyzamide)
<b>UN number</b>	UN 3082
<b>Class</b>	9
<b>Packing group</b>	III

**Hazchem code:** 2X

### Further information:

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods (ADG). This applies when transported by road or rail in packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L) or IBCs per ADG Special Provision AU01.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

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## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

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**Poison Schedule:** S5

**APVMA Approval Number:** 54521

### **Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)**

The product is used in a biocide/pesticide application and is subject to the applicable regulation. It contains a component exempt from inventory listing requirements. Because an intentional component of the product is not on the inventory, the product may only be used in the exempt application.

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## SECTION 16: ANY OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

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### **Revision**

Identification Number: 101207915 / A143 / Issue Date: 16.06.2017 / Version: 1.0

DAS Code: GF-2781

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

### **Legend**

AU OEL	Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.
TWA	8hr time weighted average
US WEEL	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

DOW AGROSCIENCES AUSTRALIA LIMITED urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.